

This Public Input is submitted on behalf of a Correlating Committee Task Group consisting of Robert Osborne (Chair), Paul Barnhart, Lou Grahor, Donny Cook, Scott Higgins, Mike Querry, Roger McDaniel, Dave Burns, Rod Belisle, Kevin Rogers, Tony Ricciuti, Paul Knapp, Paul Sullivan, George Smith, Eric Simmon, Kevin Arnold, Larry Wildermuth, and Kyle Krueger.

Changes related to the voltage demarcation have been grouped to assist the CMP with review and resolution, with each change, and it's corresponding substantiation, noted in the table below:

Reference	Suggested Revision	Substantiation
625.4	Voltages.	Requirements are revised to include the same voltage demarcation
	Unless other voltages are specified, the nominal ac	used in many places throughout the Code. This is also consistent
	system voltages of 120, 120/240, 208Y/120, 240,	with the product standards associated with EV charging.
	480Y/277, 480, 600Y/347, 600, or 1000 volts or dc	
	system input voltages of up to 1000 <u>1500</u> volts	
	shall	
646.20(B)	Note: this IN seems unnecessary – delete rather	The informational note is unnecessary and should be deleted.
	than modify.	
	Other Circuits.	
	Any areas of ITE that require servicing of parts that	
	are greater	
	Informational Note No. 2:	
	It is assumed that ITE operates at voltages not	
	exceeding 1000 volts.	
660.4(C)	Over 1000 Volts ac, 1500 Volts dc, Nominal.	Requirements are revised to include the same voltage demarcation
	Circuits and equipment operated at more than	used in many places throughout the Code. In addition, reference to
	1000 volts ac, 1500 volts dc, nominal, shall comply	Article 490 is corrected to reflect "495".
	with Article <u>495</u> 4 90 .	

Electric	Vehicle (EV).
An auton vans, ne motor tha <u>mains-cc</u> electric v <u>hybrid el</u> <u>are not c</u> <u>mains. R</u> electric n	notive-type vehicle for on-road use, such as passenger automobiles, buses, trucks, ighborhood electric vehicles, and electric motorcycles, primarily powered by an electric at draws current from a rechargeable storage battery , fuel recharged from the mains onnected fuel cell, photovoltaic array, or other source of electric current. Plug-in hybric vehicles (PHEV) are electric vehicles having a second source of motive power. <u>Regula</u> <u>ectric vehicles</u> (HEV) and fuel cell electric vehicles (FCEV) without a plug to the mains considered electric vehicles for this <u>Code</u> because they cannot be recharged from the <u>Regular HEVs are powered exclusively by an internal combustion engine, using the motor just to reuse the energy captured during regenerative braking. (CMP-12)</u>
Info true	ormational Note: Off-road, self-propelled electric mobile machines, such as industrial cks, hoists, lifts, transports, golf carts, airline ground support equipment, tractors, and ats are not considered electric vehicles.
DO	
tement of	² Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
clarified tha Code becau	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input It non-plug-in HEVs and non-plug-in FCEVs are not considered EVs for the purpose of use they cannot connect to the electrical utility grid.
Clarified tha Code becau	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input It non-plug-in HEVs and non-plug-in FCEVs are not considered EVs for the purpose of use they cannot connect to the electrical utility grid.
Clarified tha Code becau Dimitter Inf	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input It non-plug-in HEVs and non-plug-in FCEVs are not considered EVs for the purpose of use they cannot connect to the electrical utility grid. Formation Verification Full Name: Conrad Ko
tement of Clarified tha Code becau omitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addr City: State: Zip:	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input It non-plug-in HEVs and non-plug-in FCEVs are not considered EVs for the purpose of use they cannot connect to the electrical utility grid. Formation Verification Full Name: Conrad Ko Ini: [Not Specified] ress:
tement of Clarified tha Code becau omitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addr City: State: Zip: Submittal D	 Froblem and Substantiation for Public Input at non-plug-in HEVs and non-plug-in FCEVs are not considered EVs for the purpose of use they cannot connect to the electrical utility grid. formation Verification Full Name: Conrad Ko on: [Not Specified] ress:
tement of Clarified tha Code becau omitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addr City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee:	 ^a Problem and Substantiation for Public Input ^a the non-plug-in HEVs and non-plug-in FCEVs are not considered EVs for the purpose of use they cannot connect to the electrical utility grid. formation Verification full Name: Conrad Koon: [Not Specified] pate: Tue Apr 25 23:49:55 EDT 2023 a NEC-P12

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Electric	/ehicle Power Export Equipment (EVPE).
The equip power at vehicle, u	ment, including the outlet on the <u>electric</u> vehicle, that is used to provide electrical oltages greater than or equal to 30 Vac or 60 Vdc to loads external to the <u>electric</u> sing the <u>electric</u> vehicle as the source of supply. (625) (CMP-12)
Info equ of e (EV	mational Note: Electric vehicle power export equipment and electric vehicle supply pment or wireless power transfer equipment are sometimes contained in one piece quipment, sometimes referred to as a bidirectional electric vehicle supply equipment SE) or bidirectional wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE).
tement of This public ir pertains to o different type mitter Infe	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input out seeks to add clarity to the definition to ensure that it is clear that this definition ly an electric vehicle and not any vehicle. the term "vehicle" alone applies to many s of outside of an electric vehicle which is a defined term.
tement of This public ir pertains to o different type omitter Infe Submitter F	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input out seeks to add clarity to the definition to ensure that it is clear that this definition ly an electric vehicle and not any vehicle. the term "vehicle" alone applies to many s of outside of an electric vehicle which is a defined term. rmation Verification II Name: Thomas Domitrovich
tement of This public ir pertains to o different type omitter Info Submitter Fi Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip:	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input out seeks to add clarity to the definition to ensure that it is clear that this definition ly an electric vehicle and not any vehicle. the term "vehicle" alone applies to many a of outside of an electric vehicle which is a defined term. rmation Verification II Name: Thomas Domitrovich : Eaton Corporation ss:

Public In	Public Input No. 2460-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Fastened-in-Place.]		
NFPĂ			
Fastened	l-in-Place.		
Mounting removal w	means of equipment in which the fastening means are specifically designed to permit ithout the use of a tool. (625) (CMP- 12 <u>1</u>)		
Statement of I	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input		
The term 'fas should apply the purview o	tened in place' is used 70 times in the Code. This definition is a very common word that in general and not just to Article 625 requirements. This definition should also fall under f CMP-1. The proposed revisions will enhance usability throughout the NEC.		
Submitter Info	ormation Verification		
Submitter Fu	III Name: Mike Holt		
Organization	: Mike Holt Enterprises Inc		
Street Addre	ss:		
City:			
State:			
Zip:			
Submittal Da	te: Thu Aug 17 13:22:04 EDT 2023		
Committee:	NEC-P12		
Committee Sta	atement		
Resolution:	The proposed revision would require that the entirety of the NEC be subject to the definition of fastened-in-place. The term 'fastened-in-place' is specific to Article 625 and is a distinct definition. 2023 NEC Style Manual 2.1.2.6.2 and 2.1.2.6.3 allow CMPs to have specific definitions. The Article number listed in the definition points the user to the article to which the definition applies. This is described in Article 100 under Scope.		

Fastened-In-Pla	ace.	
Mounting means removal without	s of equipment in which the fastening means are specifically the use of a tool. (625) (CMP-12)	designed to permit
atement of Probl	em and Substantiation for Public Input	
Delete the reference in-Place" that can be used throughout the	e to Article (625) from the definition. Code readers need a de e used in more than just Article 625 applications. The term "f e code, not just in Article 625.	finition of "Fastened- ⁻ astened-in-Place" is
I am also submitting "Stationary".	similar public inputs for the definitions of "Fixed", "Fixed-in-	Place, and
elated Public Inpu	uts for This Document	
	Related Input	<u>Relationsh</u>
Public Input No. 42	28-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Stationary (as applied to	
Public Input No. 42 equipment).]	29-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Fixed (as applied to	
Public Input No. 42	31-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Fixed-in-Place.]	
Public Input No. 42	28-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Stationary (as applied to	
equipment).]	20 NEDA 70 2022 [Definition: Fixed (as applied to	
equipment).]	29-NEPA 70-2023 [Definition: Fixed (as applied to	
Public Input No. 42	31-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Fixed-in-Place.]	
ubmitter Informat	ion Verification	
Submitter Full Nan	ne: Jeffrey Simpson	
Organization:	ElectricalLicenseRenewal.com	
Street Address:		
City:		
Zin [.]		
Submittal Date:	Thu Sep 07 02:13:09 EDT 2023	
Committee:	NEC-P12	

article to which the definition applies. This is described in Article 100 under Scope.

	ace.
Mounting means removal without	s of equipment in which the fastening means are specifically designed to permit the use of a tool <u>a tool specific to particular industries</u> . (625) (CMP-12)
tatement of Probl	em and Substantiation for Public Input
Most wall-mounted screws. Removing s job. Under the previ they are considered wired (i.e., hardwire considered fastened	EVSEs that are cord-and-plug connected are mounted directly to the wall via screws obviously requires the use of a tool, though regular household tools do th ious wording, those EVSEs (standard practice) are not NEC compliant because I fixed-in-place, and 625.44(c) requires all fixed-in-place EVSE to be permanently ed). That was clearly not the intent of the NEC because they were intended to be d-in-place.
New wording makes not require specializ from the wall. Only which in turn screwe	s it clear that those fall under the definition of fastened-in-place because they do zed tools (only requiring tools standard among the general public) to be unmount the wall-mounted EVSEs (very few) that latched or slid onto a mounting frame ed onto the wall met the former definition of fastened-in-place.
ubmitter Informat	ion Verification
Submitter Full Nan	ne: Conrad Ko
Organization:	[Not Specified]
Street Address:	
City:	
Otatas	
State:	
State: Zip:	
State: Zip: Submittal Date:	Tue May 02 00:41:36 EDT 2023
Zip:	

Public In	put No. 4231-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Fixed-in-Place.]
Fixed-in-F	Place.
Mounting r	neans of equipment using fasteners that require a tool for removal (625) (CMP-12)
Statement of F	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Delete the refe Place" that ca throughout the I am also subi "Fixed".	erence to Article (625) from the definition. Code readers need a definition of "Fixed-in- n be used in more than just Article 625 applications. The term "Fixed-in-Place" is used e code, not just in Article 625. mitting similar public inputs for the definitions of "Fastened-in-Place, "Stationary", and
Related Public	Inputs for This Document
Public Input N	Related Input Relationship No. 4228-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Stationary (as applied to Relationship
<u>equipment).</u> Public Input Mequipment).	No. 4229-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Fixed (as applied to
Public Input N	No. 4230-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Fastened-in-Place.]
Public Input Neguipment).]	<u>Io. 4228-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Stationary (as applied to</u>
Public Input N equipment).]	lo. 4229-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Fixed (as applied to
Public Input N	lo. 4230-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Fastened-in-Place.]
ubmitter Info	rmation Verification
Submitter Fu	Il Name: Jeffrev Simpson
Organization Street Addres	ElectricalLicenseRenewal.com
City:	
State: Zin:	
ביים. Submittal Dat	te: Thu Sep 07 02:18:23 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Sta	itement
Resolution:	The proposed revision would require that the entirety of the NEC be subject to the definition of fastened-in-place. The term 'fixed-in-place' is specific to Article 625 and is a distinct definition. 2023 NEC Style Manual 2.1.2.6.2 and 2.1.2.6.3 allow CMPs to have specific definitions. The Article number listed in the definition points the user to the article to which the definition applies. This is described in Article 100 under Scope.

quipment (i	/- 4
Informat	tion Technology Equipment (ITE).
Equipme establish creation a communi	nt and systems rated 1000 volts or less, normally found in offices or other business ments and similar environments classified as ordinary locations, that are used for and manipulation of data, voice, video, and similar signals- that are not cations equipment and do not process communications circuits . (CMP-12)
Info Par Cor listi equ	ormational Note: See UL 60950-1, <i>Information Technology Equipment</i> — Safety — <i>t 1: General Requirements</i> , or UL 62368-1, <i>Audio/Video Information and</i> <i>mmunication Technology Equipment Part 1: Safety Requirements</i> , for information on ng requirements for both information technology equipment and communications ipment.
tatement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This PI clarif	ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a
This PI clarif differing requ	ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application
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This PI clarif differing requ ubmitter Inf Submitter F Organization	 ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Jeff Silveira n: Bicsi
This PI clarif differing requ ubmitter Info Submitter F Organization Street Addre	 ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Jeff Silveira n: Bicsi
This PI clarif differing requ ubmitter Info Submitter F Organization Street Addre City:	 ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Jeff Silveira n: Bicsi Biss:
This PI clarif differing requ ubmitter Info Submitter F Organization Street Addro City: State:	ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Jeff Silveira n: Bicsi ess:
This PI clarif differing requ ubmitter Info Submitter F Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip:	ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Jeff Silveira n: Bicsi ess:
This PI clarif differing requ ubmitter Info Submitter F Organization Street Addro City: State: Zip: Submittal D	 ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Jeff Silveira n: Bicsi ess: ate: Wed Sep 06 14:55:36 EDT 2023
This PI clarif differing requ ubmitter Info Submitter F Organization Street Addro City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee:	 ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Jeff Silveira n: Bicsi ess: ate: Wed Sep 06 14:55:36 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
This PI clarif differing requ ubmitter Info Submitter F Organization Street Addro City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee St	ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Jeff Silveira n: Bicsi ess: ate: Wed Sep 06 14:55:36 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tatement
This PI clarif differing requ ubmitter Info Submitter F Organization Street Addro City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee St Resolution:	<pre>ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Jeff Silveira n: Bicsi ess: ate: Wed Sep 06 14:55:36 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tatement FR-8588-NFPA 70-2024</pre>
This PI clarif differing requ ubmitter Info Submitter F Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee St Resolution: Statement:	<pre>ies that ITE to be ITE and removes the potential for inference by the reader that there a uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Jeff Silveira n: Bicsi ess: ate: Wed Sep 06 14:55:36 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tatement <u>FR-8588-NFPA 70-2024</u> This revision clarifies that communications equipment is information technology</pre>

Informat	ion Technology Equipment (ITE).
Equipmen establish creation a communi	nt and systems rated 1000 volts or less, normally found in offices or other business ments and similar environments classified as ordinary locations, that are used for and manipulation of data, voice, video, and similar signals- that are not cations equipment and do not process communications circuits . (CMP-12)
Infc <i>Par</i> <i>Cor</i> listi equ	ormational Note: See UL 60950-1, <i>Information Technology Equipment</i> — <i>Safety</i> — <i>t 1: General Requirements</i> , or UL 62368-1, <i>Audio/Video Information and mmunication Technology Equipment Part 1: Safety Requirements</i> , for information on ng requirements for both information technology equipment and communications lipment.
This PI clarif differing requ	ies that ITE to be ITE and remove the potential inference by the reader that there are
U	irements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application
bmitter Infe	uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application
bmitter Info	uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman
bmitter Info Submitter F Organization	uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS
bmitter Info Submitter F Organization Affiliation:	uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
bmitter Info Submitter F Organization Affiliation: Street Addre	uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
bmitter Info Submitter F Organization Affiliation: Street Addre City:	uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
bmitter Info Submitter F Organization Affiliation: Street Addre City: State:	uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) ess:
bmitter Info Submitter F Organization Affiliation: Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal D	uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) ess:
bmitter Info Submitter F Organization Affiliation: Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal Da Committee:	uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) ess: ate: Thu Sep 07 09:34:02 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
bmitter Info Submitter F Organization Affiliation: Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee: mmittee St Resolution: Statement:	uirements based specific usage (e.g., communications/non-communications application ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) ess: ate: Thu Sep 07 09:34:02 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tatement <u>FR-8588-NFPA 70-2024</u> This revision clarifies that communications equipment is information technology

Public Input No. 3886-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Information Technology NFPA Equipment Room.]

Information Technology Equipment Room.

A room within the information technology equipment area that contains the information technology equipment. [**75:**3.3.15] (CMP-12)

Ingress Illumination. A lighting system that automatically illuminates pathways to the areas around electrical service equipment greater than 200 amperes for a duration of not less than 90 minutes for the purpose of rescue.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This definition will pair with a proposal submitted to the committee writing Article 700. When a power failure is the result of an accident at the service, a pathway for the rescue team is necessary to support the purpose of the NEC We should not assume that the pathway OUT of a building for occupants is the same pathway INTO a building that a rescue team needs to get to the electric service equipment.

Responses to this proposal in past revision cycles refer to building codes and NFPA 101. Sections 1008 (Means of Egress Illumination) and Section 1009 (Accessible Means of Egress) of the ICC's International Building Code do not contemplate the condition in which a power failure caused the outage to begin with and that there would be no illumination for worker rescue.

NFPA 101 refers to the IBC which effectively creates a do-nothing loop which should be remedied in an NEC section that sets general rules for electrical safety.

Electrical professionals should not rely upon the International Building Code to assure adequate illumination to rescue a fallen electrician.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	: Michael Anthony
Organization:	Standards Michigan LLC
Affiliation:	IEEE Education & Healthcare Facilities Committee
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Sep 06 09:09:42 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: This proposed revision adds a definition for a term that is not used in the code or found in any public inputs to CMP-12 or CMP-13. Additionally, 2023 NEC Style Manual 2.1.2.5 prohibits requirements in the definition. If this term is to be used, as part of a requirement, it should be referenced to CMP-13. The concerns of the submitter may be better addressed by the building code or NFPA 101.

Public I	nput No. 4262-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Load Management.]
Load Ma	anagement.
The proc electrical (CMP- 12	ess within an energy management system that limits the total electrical load on an supply system to a set value by adjusting or controlling the individual loads. (625750) 13)
Info (DS	ormational Note: Load management is sometimes called <i>demand-side management</i> SM).
Statement of Article 625.4 Requiremen appropriate Submitter Inf Submitter F	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input 2(A) refers to the use of Load Management in accordance with Article 750.30(C). ts related to Load Management are outlined in 750.30, not 625.42. Therefore, it is more for the definition of this term to be under the purview of CMP-13. Formation Verification ull Name: Curtis Flint
Organizatio Street Addr City: State: Zip:	n: Generac Power Systems, Inc. ess:
Submittal D Committee:	ate: Thu Sep 07 08:42:36 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement
Resolution:	The proposed revision would reassign the definition to CMP-13 which would then be responsible for the definition. The definition of 'load management' currently applies only to Article 625, which is under the purview of CMP-12, and should remain applicable to Article 625.

Public Ir	າput No. 4295-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Load Management.]
Load Ma	nagement.
The proce electrical (CMP- 12	ess within an energy management system that limits the total electrical load on an supply system to a set value by adjusting or controlling the individual loads. ($\frac{625}{13}$)
Info (DS	rmational Note: - Load management is sometimes called - <i>demand-side management</i> iM).
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This public in NEC Correla management members of t Matthew Gro Stevens, Tim	iput is part of a series of changes submitted on behalf of a task group appointed by the ting Committee. This task group was appointed to clarify the requirements for energy t systems that include controls to prevent the overload of conductors and equipment. The the task group are Derrick Atkins, Greg Ball, Doug Burket, Mark Cook, Jason Fisher, over, Rebekah Hren, Pete Jackson, Robert Jordan, Robert Osborne, Charles Picard, Laura Windey, Timothy Zgonena.
The definition term is used management assignment o systems.	n of load management is revised to remove the specific application to Article 625 since the in multiple articles. The informational note is removed since the application of load t is broader than demand side management and inclusion may cause confusion. The of the definition to CMP 13 aligns with the other requirements for energy management
Submitter Info	ormation Verification
Submitter Fi	ull Name: Chad Kennedy
Organization Street Addre	1: Schneider Electric
City: State: Zip:	
Submittal Da Committee:	ate: Thu Sep 07 10:07:39 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8441-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision removes the informational note since the application of load management is broader than demand side management and inclusion may cause confusion.

Public II	nput No. 1844-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Maximum Output Power.]								
Maximu <u>reprodu</u>	n Output Power. <u>(as applied to audio signal processing, amplification, and</u> ction equipment)								
The maxi test cond	The maximum power delivered by an amplifier into its rated load as determined under specified test conditions. (640) (CMP-12)								
Infc out	rmational Note: The maximum output power can exceed the manufacturer's rated out power for the same amplifier.								
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input								
Duplicate de clarification i	inition. A definition that is duplicated and applied to only one article should add the term to aid the user in selecting the appropriate definition.								
Submitter Info	ormation Verification								
Submitter F	III Name: IEC National								
Organizatio	n: IEC								
Affiliation:	Ed Brown IEC								
Street Addre	SS:								
City:									
State:									
Zip:									
Submittal Da	ate: Sun Aug 06 14:05:49 EDT 2023								
Committee:	NEC-P12								
Committee St	atement								
Resolution:	The reference to Article 640 differentiates this definition from other definitions for the same term. 2023 NEC Style Manual 2.1.2.6.2 and 2.1.2.6.3 allow CMPs to have specific definitions. The Article number listed in the definition points the user to the article to which the definition applies. This is described in Article 100 under Scope.								



under Scope.

Public In	Public Input No. 1846-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Portable.]							
NFPA								
Portable.	(<u>as applied to electric vehicle power transfer systems)</u>							
A device in location, or	A device intended for indoor or outdoor use that is designed to be hand-carried from location to location, or easily transported without the use of other devices or equipment. (625) (CMP-12)							
Statement of P	roblem and Substantiation for Public Input							
Duplicate defin	nition. A definition that is duplicated and applied to only one article should add the term to aid the user in selecting the appropriate definition.							
Submitter Info	rmation Verification							
Submitter Ful	I Name: IEC National							
Organization:	IEC							
Affiliation:	Ed Brown IEC							
Street Addres	S:							
City:								
State:								
Zip:								
Submittal Dat	e: Sun Aug 06 14:18:28 EDT 2023							
Committee:	NEC-P12							
Committee Sta	Committee Statement							
Resolution:	The reference to Article 625 differentiates this definition from other definitions for the same term. 2023 NEC Style Manual 2.1.2.6.2 and 2.1.2.6.3 allow CMPs to have specific definitions. The Article number listed in the definition points the user to the article to which the definition applies. This is described in Article 100 under Scope.							

Portable. <u>(as a</u>	applied to x-ray equipment)
X-ray equipmer	nt designed to be hand-carried. (660) (CMP-12)
atement of Prob	lem and Substantiation for Public Input
Duplicate definition	A definition that is duplicated and applied to only one article should add
clarification in the t	erm to aid the user in selecting the appropriate definition.
ıbmitter Informa	tion Verification
Ibmitter Informa Submitter Full Nar	tion Verification me: IEC National
Ibmitter Informa Submitter Full Nai Organization:	tion Verification me: IEC National IEC
Ibmitter Informa Submitter Full Nar Organization: Affiliation:	tion Verification me: IEC National IEC Ed Brown IEC
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Ibmitter Informa Submitter Full Nar Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	tion Verification me: IEC National IEC Ed Brown IEC Sun Aug 06 14:20:49 EDT 2023

Public Inpu	t No. 335-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Portable.]
Portable. <u>Ha</u>	ndheld
X-ray equipme <u>equipment</u> (6	ent designed to be hand-carried. <u>moved without the use of additional</u> 660) (CMP-12)
Statement of Pro	blem and Substantiation for Public Input
To many uses of	the term "portable". Minimize the use of the term "portable"
Submitter Inform	ation Verification
Submitter Full N	ame: Dennis Querry
Organization:	Trinity River Authority
Street Address:	
City:	
Zin [.]	
Submittal Date:	Tue Feb 14 21:24:07 EST 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee State	ment
Resolution: The the Styl	re is insufficient substantiation to justify the change in term to 'handheld'. In addition, term must be used in the article to in order to justify a definition per the 2023 NEC e Manual.

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Public Ir	uput No. 3992-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Portable.]
Portable	
A device i location, o	ntended for indoor or outdoor use that is designed to be hand-carried from location to or easily transported without the use of other devices or equipment. (625) (CMP- 12 <u>1</u>)
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
The definition purview of C removing add	n of portable applies to multiple types of equipment. This PI puts the definition under the MP 1 for application throughout the code. This relates to several other PI's proposing ditional definitions of portable.
Related Publi	c Inputs for This Document
	Related Input Relationship
Public Input	No. 3993-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Portable.]
Public Input	<u>No. 3994-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Portable (as applied to</u>
equipment).	
Public Input	No. 3993-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Portable.]
equipment).]	No. 3994-NFPA 70-2023 [Delinition: Portable (as applied to
Submitter Info	ormation Verification
Submitter Fi	III Name: Matthew Grover
Organization	I: Kings Electric Services
Street Addre	SS:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Da	ate: Wed Sep 06 12:50:34 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	The proposed revision would reassign the definition to CMP-1 which would then be responsible for the definition. The definition of 'portable' currently applies only to Article 625, which is under the purview of CMP-12, and should remain applicable to Article 625.

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Public Input I	No. 3993-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Portable.]					
Portable. X-ray equipmen	t designed to be hand-carried. (660) (CMP-12)					
Statement of Prob	lem and Substantiation for Public Input					
The definition of po definition streamline	rtable is sufficiently broad to cover portable x-ray equipment. Eliminating this es definitions for the code user.					
Related Public Inp	uts for This Document					
Public Input No. 39 Public Input No. 39	Related InputRelationship092-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Portable.]092-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Portable.]					
Submitter Information	tion Verification					
Submitter Full Nar	ne: Matthew Grover					
Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	Kings Electric Services					
Submittal Date: Committee:	Wed Sep 06 12:53:14 EDT 2023 NEC-P12					
Committee Statem	ent					
Resolution: A specific definition for portable as it relates to X-ray equipment has long existed and insufficient substantiation has been provided to remove this definition.						

Public li	າput No. 992-NFPA 70-2023 [Definition: Truck Flanged Surface Inlet.]						
Truck Fl	anged Surface Inlet.						
The devic other ser truck flan truck park	e(s) on the truck into which the connector(s) is inserted to provide electric energy and vices. This device is part of the truck coupler. For the purposes of this article, the <u>The</u> ged surface inlet is considered to be part of the truck and not part of the electrified sing space supply equipment. (626) (CMP-12)						
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input						
With the revi As such, this definition her parentheses	sion of the Style Manual last cycle, all definitions were moved to article 100 of the Code. introductory clause no longer makes any sense and it is proposed to be deleted. The e is clearly tied to apply to Article 626 only, as indicated by the article number in at the end of the Definition, so this should be clear to the user.						
Submitter F	JII Name: Richard Holub						
Street Addre							
City:							
State:							
Zip:							
Submittal D	ate: Thu Jun 08 12:55:59 EDT 2023						
Committee:	NEC-P12						
Committee St	Committee Statement						
Resolution:	FR-8456-NFPA 70-2024						
Statement:	This revision removes the introductory clause "For the purposes of this article" because it is not necessary. The reference to the article after the definition means that this definition only applies to article 626 in accordance with 2023 NEC Style Manual 2.1.2.6.2.						

Public Input No. 3887-NFPA 70-2023 [New Definition after Definition: Electric NFPA NFPA Power Production ...]

Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Supply Equipment (ESVSE)

Equipment for plug-in charging, including the ungrounded, grounded, and equipment grounding conductors, and the electric self-propelled vehicle connectors, attachment plugs, personnel protection system, and all other fittings, devices, power outlets, or apparatus installed specifically for the purpose of transferring energy between the premises wiring and the electric vehicle. (625) (CMP-12)

Informational Note: Electric self-propelled vehicle power export equipment and electric selfpropelled vehicle supply equipment or wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE) are sometimes contained in one piece of equipment, sometimes referred to as a bidirectional ESVSE or bidirectional WPTE.

Additional Proposed Changes

File Name

100_ESVSE.docx

Article_627_Electric_Self-Propelled_Vehicle_Power_Transfer_System_Rev1.docx

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This public input is a companion to the public input that creates the defined term "Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle." This public input recognizes that the existing definition of "electric vehicle" and all associated terms such as electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE) and electric vehicle power export equipment (EVPE) and the use of these terms in the NEC is limited only to automotive-type vehicles that are used on-road and does not recognize the many other electric vehicles that the NEC should be addressing. These other electric vehicles include but are not limited to electric forklifts, electric ground support equipment found at airports, electric tractor and other similar construction equipment, golf carts, and electric boats and electric ferries. This definition uses the term "Self-Propelled Vehicle" as that term is already used in the informational note to the defined terms "electric vehicle" and "garage" and provides a more generic approach to categorize the many other types of electric vehicles.

Related Public Inputs for This Document

Related Input

Public Input No. 3899-NFPA 70-2023 [New Article after 625]

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Thomas Domitrovich Organization: Eaton Corporation

Description Approved one of the terms Related new article

Relationship

21/337

City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Sep 06 09:12:29 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8480-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision provides a definition to differentiate vehicle supply equipment in the new article on Electric Self-Propelled Vehicles from the existing definition of Electric Vehicles Supply Equipment.

Article 100:

Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Supply Equipment (ESVSE)

Equipment for plug-in charging, including the ungrounded, grounded, and equipment grounding conductors, and the electric self-propelled vehicle connectors, attachment plugs, personnel protection system, and all other fittings, devices, power outlets, or apparatus installed specifically for the purpose of transferring energy between the premises wiring and the electric vehicle. (625) (CMP-12)

Informational Note: Electric self-propelled vehicle power export equipment and electric self-propelled vehicle supply equipment or wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE) are sometimes contained in one piece of equipment, sometimes referred to as a bidirectional ESVSE or bidirectional WPTE.

Substantiation:

This public input is a companion to the public input that creates the defined term "Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle." This public input recognizes that the existing definition of "electric vehicle" and all associated terms such as electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE) and electric vehicle power export equipment (EVPE) and the use of these terms in the NEC is limited only to automotive-type vehicles that are used on-road and does not recognize the many other electric vehicles that the NEC should be addressing. These other electric vehicles include but are not limited to electric forklifts, electric ground support equipment found at airports, electric tractor and other similar construction equipment, golf carts, and electric boats and electric ferries. This definition uses the term "Self-Propelled Vehicle" as that term is already used in the informational note to the defined terms "electric vehicle" and "garage" and provides a more generic approach to categorize the many other types of electric vehicles.

Article 627 Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Power Transfer System

Part I. General

627.1 Scope.

This article covers the electrical conductors and equipment connecting an electric selfpropelled vehicle (ESV) to premises wiring for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow.

627.4 Voltages.

Unless other voltages are specified, the nominal ac system voltages of 120, 120/240, 208Y/120, 240, 480Y/277, 480, 600Y/347, 600, or 1000 volts or dc system input voltages of up to 1000 volts shall be used to supply equipment covered by this article. Output voltages to the ESV are not specified.

627.6 Listed.

Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Supply Equipment (ESVSE) including power supply cords for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow shall be listed.

Part II. Equipment Construction

627.17 Cords and Cables.

(A) Power-Supply Cord.

The cable for cord-connected ESVSE shall comply with all of the following:

(1) Be any of the types specified in 627.17(B)(1) or hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types in accordance with Table 400.4. Hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types shall be listed, as applicable, for exposure to oil and damp and wet locations.

(2) Have an ampacity as specified in Table 400.5(A)(1) or, for 8 AWG and larger, in the 60° C (140°F) columns of Table 400.5(A)(2).

(3) Have an overall length as specified in either of the following:

a. When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 627.22 is located within the enclosure of the supply equipment or charging system, the power-supply cord shall be not more than the length indicated in (i) or (ii):

(i) For portable equipment in accordance with 627.44(A), the power-supply cord shall be not more than 300 mm (12 in.) long.

(ii) For fastened-in-place equipment in accordance with 627.44(B), the powersupply cord shall be not more than 1.8 m (6 ft) long and the equipment shall be installed at a height that prevents the power-supply cord from contacting the floor when it is connected to the proper receptacle.

b. When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 627.22 is located at the attachment plug, or within the first 300 mm (12 in.) of the power-supply cord, the overall cord length shall be not greater than 4.6 m (15 ft).

(B) Output Cable to ESV.

The output cable to an ESV shall be one of the following:

(1) Listed Type EV, EVJ, EVE, EVJE, EVT, or EVJT flexible cable as specified in Table 400.4

(2) An integral part of listed ESVSE.

(C) Overall Cord and Cable Length.

The overall usable length shall not exceed 7.5 m (25 ft) unless equipped with a cable management system that is part of the listed ESVSE.

(1) Portable Equipment.

For portable ESVSE, the cord-exposed usable length shall be measured from the face of the attachment plug to the face of the ESV connector.

(2) Fastened-in-Place.

Where the ESVSE is fastened-in-place, the usable length of the output cable to the ESV shall be measured from the cable exit of the ESVSE to the face of the ESV connector.

Where wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE) is fastened-in-place, the output cable to the primary pad shall be measured from the cable exit of the control box to the cable inlet at the primary pad.

(D) Interconnecting Cabling Systems.

Other cabling systems that are integral parts of listed supply equipment and are intended to interconnect pieces of equipment within an ESVSE system using approved installation methods shall be permitted.

627.22 Personnel Protection System.

ESVSE shall have a listed system of protection against electric shock of personnel. Where cord-and-plug-connected equipment is used, the interrupting device of a listed personnel protection system shall be provided according to 627.17(A). A personnel protection system shall not be required for power transfer equipment that supplies less than 60 volts dc.

Part III. Installation

627.40 ESVSE Branch Circuit.

Each outlet installed for the purpose of supplying ESVSE supply equipment greater than 16 amperes, or 120 volts shall be supplied by an individual branch circuit.

Exception: Branch circuits shall be permitted to feed multiple ESVSE as permitted by 627.42(A) or (B).

627.41 Overcurrent Protection.

Overcurrent protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying ESVSE and WPTE, including bidirectional equipment, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have

a current rating of not less than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a current rating of not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the continuous loads.

627.42 Rating.

The ESVSE shall have sufficient rating to supply the load served. Charging loads shall be considered to be continuous loads for the purposes of this article. Service and feeder shall be sized in accordance with the product ratings, unless the overall rating of the installation can be limited through controls as permitted by 627.42(A) or (B).

(A) Energy Management System (EMS).

Where an EMS in accordance with 750.30 provides load management of ESVSE, the maximum equipment load on a service and feeder shall be the maximum load permitted by the EMS. The EMS shall be permitted to be integral to one piece of equipment or integral to a listed system consisting of more than one piece of equipment. When one or more pieces of equipment are provided with an integral load management control, the system shall be marked to indicate this control is provided.

(B) Supply Equipment with Adjustable Settings.

Supply equipment with restricted access to an ampere adjusting means complying with 750.30(C) shall be permitted. If adjustments have an impact on the rating label, those changes shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and the adjusted rating shall appear on the rating label with sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. Supply equipment as referenced shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are equal to the adjusted current setting.

627.43 Disconnecting Means.

For supply equipment rated more than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

627.44 Equipment Connection.

ESVSE and WPTE shall be connected to the premises wiring system in accordance with one of the methods in 627.44(A) through (C).

(A) Portable Equipment.

Portable equipment shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one or more of the following methods:

(1) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes

(2) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes

(3) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire or 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 30 or 50 amperes, or 125/250 volts, single-phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes

(4) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes

(B) Fastened-in-Place Equipment.

Equipment that is fastened-in-place shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one of the following methods:

(1) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125 volts or 250 volts, single phase, up to 50 amperes

(2) A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 250 volts, three phase, up to 50 amperes

(3) A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125/250 volts, single phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes

(4) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes

(C) Fixed-in-Place Equipment.

All other ESVSE and WPTE shall be permanently wired and fixed-in-place to the supporting surface.

627.46 Loss of Primary Source.

Means shall be provided such that, upon loss of voltage from the utility or other electrical system(s), energy cannot be back fed through the ESV and the supply equipment to the premises wiring system unless permitted by 627.48.

627.47 Multiple Feeder or Branch Circuits.

Where equipment is identified for the application, more than one feeder or branch circuit shall be permitted to supply equipment.

627.48 Interactive Equipment.

ESVSE or WPTE that incorporates a power export function and that is part of an interactive system that serves as an optional standby system, an electric power production source, or a bidirectional power feed shall be listed and marked as suitable for that purpose. When used as an optional standby system, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 702 shall apply; when used as an electric power production source, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 705 shall apply. EVPE that provides a receptacle outlet as its point of power export shall be in accordance with 627.60.

627.49 Island Mode.

ESVPE and bidirectional ESVSE that incorporate a power export function shall be permitted to be a part of an interconnected power system operating in island mode.

627.50 Location.

The ESVSE shall be located for direct electrical coupling of the ESV connector (conductive or inductive) to the ESV. Unless specifically listed and marked for the location, the coupling means of the ESV shall be stored or located at a height of not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above the floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above the grade level for outdoor locations. This requirement does not apply to portable ESVSE constructed in accordance with 627.44(A).

627.52 Ventilation.

The ventilation requirement for charging an ESV in an indoor enclosed space shall be determined by 627.52(A) or (B).

(A) Ventilation Not Required.

Where electric vehicle storage batteries are used or where the equipment is listed for charging electric vehicles indoors without ventilation, mechanical ventilation shall not be required.

(B) Ventilation Required.

Where the equipment is listed for charging electric vehicles that require ventilation for indoor charging, mechanical ventilation, such as a fan, shall be provided. The ventilation shall include both supply and exhaust equipment and shall be permanently installed and located to intake from, and vent directly to, the outdoors. Positive-pressure ventilation systems shall be permitted only in vehicle charging buildings or areas that have been specifically designed and approved for that application. Mechanical ventilation requirements shall be determined by one of the methods specified in 627.52(B)(1) through (B)(4).

(1) Table Values.

For supply voltages and currents specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2), the minimum ventilation requirements shall be as specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2) for each of the total number of electric vehicles that can be charged at one time.

Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Meters per Minute (m3/min) for Each of the Total Number of ESVs That Can Be Charged at One Time

		Branch-Circuit Voltage							
Branch-	Single Phase				3 Phase				
Circuit Ampere	DC			240 V or	208 V or		480 V or	600 V or	
Rating	≥ 50 V	120 V	208 V	120/240 V	208Y/120 V	240 V	480Y/277 V	600Y/347 V	
15	0.5	1.1	1.8	2.1	_	_	_	_	
20	0.6	1.4	2.4	2.8	4.2	4.8	9.7	12	
30	0.9	2.1	3.6	4.2	6.3	7.2	15	18	
40	1.2	2.8	4.8	5.6	8.4	9.7	19	24	
50	1.5	3.5	6.1	7.0	10	12	24	30	
60	1.8	4.2	7.3	8.4	13	15	29	36	
100	2.9	7.0	12	14	21	24	48	60	
150	—	_	_	—	31	36	73	91	
200	_	_	_	_	42	48	97	120	

Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Meters per Minute (m3/min) for Each of the Total Number of ESVs That Can Be Charged at One Time

	Branch-Circuit Voltage									
Branch-		Single Phase 3 Phase								
Circuit Ampere	DC			240 V or	208 V or		480 V or	600 V or		
Rating	≥ 50 V	120 V	208 V	120/240 V	208Y/120 V	240 V	480Y/277 V	600Y/347 V		
250	_	_	_	_	52	60	120	150		
300		_	_	_	63	73	145	180		
350	—	_	_	—	73	85	170	210		
400	_		_	_	84	97	195	240		

Table 627.52(B)(1)(2) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Feet per Minute (cfm) for Each of the Total Number of Electric Vehicles That Can Be Charged at One Time

		Dianon-Oncole Voltage							
Branch-		Single F	hase		3 Phase				
Circuit Ampere	DC			240 V or	208 V or		480 V or	600 V or	
Rating	≥ 50V	120 V	208 V	120/240 V	208Y/120 V	240 V	480Y/277 V	600Y/347 V	
15	15.4	37	64	74	_	_	_	_	
20	20.4	49	85	99	148	171	342	427	
30	30.8	74	128	148	222	256	512	641	
40	41.3	99	171	197	296	342	683	854	
50	51.3	123	214	246	370	427	854	1066	
60	61.7	148	256	296	444	512	1025	1281	
100	102.5	246	427	493	740	854	1708	2135	
150		_	_	_	1110	1281	2562	3203	
200		_	_	_	1480	1708	3416	4270	
250		_	_	_	1850	2135	4270	5338	
300		_	_	_	2221	2562	5125	6406	
350	_	_	_	_	2591	2989	5979	7473	
400	_	_	_	_	2961	3416	6832	8541	

Branch-Circuit Voltage

(2) Other Values.

For supply voltages and currents other than specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2), the minimum ventilation requirements shall be calculated by means of the following general formulas, as applicable:

(1) Single-phase ac or dc:

Ventilation single - phase ac or dc in cubic meters per minute $\left(\frac{m^3}{min}\right) = \frac{(volts)(amperes)}{1718}$ [627.52(B)(2)a]Ventilation single - phase ac or dc in cubic feet per minute $(cfm) = \frac{(volts)(amperes)}{48.7}$ [627.52(B)(2)b]

(2) Three-phase ac:

 $Ventilation 3 - phase ac or dc in cubic meters per minute \left(\frac{m^3}{min}\right) = \frac{(1.732)(volts)(amperes)}{1718} \quad [627.52(B)(2)c]$ $Ventilation 3 - phase ac or dc in cubic feet per minute (cfm) = \frac{(1.732)(volts)(amperes)}{48.7} \quad [627.52(B)(2)d]$

(3) Engineered Systems.

For an equipment ventilation system designed by a person qualified to perform such calculations as an integral part of a building's total ventilation system, the minimum ventilation requirements shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with calculations specified in the engineering study.

(4) Supply Circuits.

The supply circuit to the mechanical ventilation equipment shall be electrically interlocked with the equipment and shall remain energized during the entire electric vehicle charging cycle. Equipment receptacles rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 and 20 amperes shall be switched, and the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the receptacle. Equipment supplied from less than 50 volts dc shall be switched and the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the receptacle ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the equipment.

627.54 Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.

All receptacles installed for the connection of ESVSE shall have ground-fault circuitinterrupter protection for personnel.

627.56 Receptacle Enclosures.

All receptacles installed in a wet location for electric vehicle charging shall have an enclosure that is weatherproof with the attachment plug cap inserted or removed. An outlet box hood installed for this purpose shall be listed and shall be identified as extra duty. Other listed products, enclosures, or assemblies providing weatherproof protection that do not utilize an outlet box hood shall not be required to be marked extra duty.

Part IV. Wireless Power Transfer Equipment

627.101 Grounding.

The primary pad base plate shall be of a nonferrous metal and shall be connected to the circuit equipment grounding conductor unless the listed WPTE employs a double-insulation system. The base plate shall be sized to match the size of the primary pad enclosure.

627.102 Installation.

(A) General.

The control pad, if included in the WPTE configuration, shall comply with 627.102(B). The primary pad shall comply with 627.102(C).

(B) Control Box.

The control box enclosure shall be suitable for the environment and shall be mounted at a height not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above the floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above grade level for outdoor locations. The control box shall be mounted in one of the following forms:

- (1) Pedestal
- (2) Wall or pole
- (3) Building or structure
- (4) Raised concrete pad

(C) Primary Pad.

The primary pad shall be installed secured to the surface or embedded in the surface of the floor with its top flush with the surface or below the surface, all per manufacturer's instructions and the following:

(1) If the primary pad is located in an area requiring snow removal, it shall not be located on or above the surface.

Exception: Where installed on private property where snow removal is done manually, the primary pad shall be permitted to be installed on or above the surface.

(2) The primary pad enclosure shall be suitable for the environment. If the primary pad is located in an area subject to severe climatic conditions (e.g., flooding), the enclosure shall be suitably rated for those conditions.

(D) Protection of Cords and Cables to the Primary Pad.

The output cable to the primary pad shall be secured in place over its entire length for the purpose of restricting its movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. If installed in conditions where drive-over could occur, the cable shall be provided with supplemental protection.

Where there is no control box, the cord or cable supplying power to the primary pad shall be secured in place in order to restrict movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. Where subject to vehicular traffic, supplemental protection shall be provided.

(E) Other Wiring Systems.

Other wiring systems and fittings specifically listed for use on the WPTE shall be permitted.

Public Input No. 3893-NFPA 70-2023 [New Definition after Definition: Electric NFPA NFPA Power Production ...]

Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Power Export Equipment (ESVPE)

<u>The equipment, including the outlet on the electric self-propelled vehicle (ESV), that is used to</u> provide electrical power at voltages greater than or equal to 30 Vac or 60 Vdc to loads external to the ESV, using the vehicle as the source of supply. (625) (CMP-12)

Informational Note: Electric self-propelled vehicle power export equipment and electric selfpropelled vehicle supply equipment or wireless power transfer equipment are sometimes contained in one piece of equipment, sometimes referred to as a bidirectional electric selfpropelled vehicle supply equipment (ESVSE) or bidirectional wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE).

Additional Proposed Changes

File Name

100_ESVPE.docx

Article_627_Electric_Self-Propelled_Vehicle_Power_Transfer_System_Rev1.docx Description Definition in word format new Article related to this public input

Relationship

Approved

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This public input is a companion to the public input that creates the defined term "Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle." This public input recognizes that the existing definition of "electric vehicle" and all associated terms such as electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE) and electric vehicle power export equipment (EVPE) and the use of these terms in the NEC is limited only to automotive-type vehicles that are used on-road and does not recognize the many other electric vehicles that the NEC should be addressing. These other electric vehicles include but are not limited to electric forklifts, electric ground support equipment found at airports, electric tractor and other similar construction equipment, golf carts, and electric boats and electric ferries. This definition uses the term "Self-Propelled Vehicle" as that term is already used in the informational note to the defined terms "electric vehicle" and "garage" and provides a more generic approach to categorize the many other types of electric vehicles.

Related Public Inputs for This Document

Related Input

Public Input No. 3899-NFPA 70-2023 [New Article after 625]

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name:Thomas DomitrovichOrganization:Eaton Corporation
Street Addre City: State: Zip:	255:
Submittal Da Committee:	ate: Wed Sep 06 09:16:12 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8479-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision provides a definition to differentiate vehicle power export equipment in the new article on Electric Self-Propelled Vehicles from the existing definition of Electric Vehicles Power Export Equipment.

Article 100:

Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Power Export Equipment (ESVPE)

The equipment, including the outlet on the electric self-propelled vehicle (ESV), that is used to provide electrical power at voltages greater than or equal to 30 Vac or 60 Vdc to loads external to the ESV, using the vehicle as the source of supply. (625) (CMP-12)

Informational Note: Electric self-propelled vehicle power export equipment and electric self-propelled vehicle supply equipment or wireless power transfer equipment are sometimes contained in one piece of equipment, sometimes referred to as a bidirectional electric self-propelled vehicle supply equipment (ESVSE) or bidirectional wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE).

Substantiation:

This public input is a companion to the public input that creates the defined term "Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle." This public input recognizes that the existing definition of "electric vehicle" and all associated terms such as electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE) and electric vehicle power export equipment (EVPE) and the use of these terms in the NEC is limited only to automotive-type vehicles that are used on-road and does not recognize the many other electric vehicles that the NEC should be addressing. These other electric vehicles include but are not limited to electric forklifts, electric ground support equipment found at airports, electric tractor and other similar construction equipment, golf carts, and electric boats and electric ferries. This definition uses the term "Self-Propelled Vehicle" as that term is already used in the informational note to the defined terms "electric vehicle" and "garage" and provides a more generic approach to categorize the many other types of electric vehicles.

Article 627 Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Power Transfer System

Part I. General

627.1 Scope.

This article covers the electrical conductors and equipment connecting an electric selfpropelled vehicle (ESV) to premises wiring for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow.

627.4 Voltages.

Unless other voltages are specified, the nominal ac system voltages of 120, 120/240, 208Y/120, 240, 480Y/277, 480, 600Y/347, 600, or 1000 volts or dc system input voltages of up to 1000 volts shall be used to supply equipment covered by this article. Output voltages to the ESV are not specified.

627.6 Listed.

Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Supply Equipment (ESVSE) including power supply cords for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow shall be listed.

Part II. Equipment Construction

627.17 Cords and Cables.

(A) Power-Supply Cord.

The cable for cord-connected ESVSE shall comply with all of the following:

(1) Be any of the types specified in 627.17(B)(1) or hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types in accordance with Table 400.4. Hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types shall be listed, as applicable, for exposure to oil and damp and wet locations.

(2) Have an ampacity as specified in Table 400.5(A)(1) or, for 8 AWG and larger, in the 60° C (140°F) columns of Table 400.5(A)(2).

(3) Have an overall length as specified in either of the following:

a. When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 627.22 is located within the enclosure of the supply equipment or charging system, the power-supply cord shall be not more than the length indicated in (i) or (ii):

(i) For portable equipment in accordance with 627.44(A), the power-supply cord shall be not more than 300 mm (12 in.) long.

(ii) For fastened-in-place equipment in accordance with 627.44(B), the powersupply cord shall be not more than 1.8 m (6 ft) long and the equipment shall be installed at a height that prevents the power-supply cord from contacting the floor when it is connected to the proper receptacle.

b. When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 627.22 is located at the attachment plug, or within the first 300 mm (12 in.) of the power-supply cord, the overall cord length shall be not greater than 4.6 m (15 ft).

(B) Output Cable to ESV.

The output cable to an ESV shall be one of the following:

(1) Listed Type EV, EVJ, EVE, EVJE, EVT, or EVJT flexible cable as specified in Table 400.4

(2) An integral part of listed ESVSE.

(C) Overall Cord and Cable Length.

The overall usable length shall not exceed 7.5 m (25 ft) unless equipped with a cable management system that is part of the listed ESVSE.

(1) Portable Equipment.

For portable ESVSE, the cord-exposed usable length shall be measured from the face of the attachment plug to the face of the ESV connector.

(2) Fastened-in-Place.

Where the ESVSE is fastened-in-place, the usable length of the output cable to the ESV shall be measured from the cable exit of the ESVSE to the face of the ESV connector.

Where wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE) is fastened-in-place, the output cable to the primary pad shall be measured from the cable exit of the control box to the cable inlet at the primary pad.

(D) Interconnecting Cabling Systems.

Other cabling systems that are integral parts of listed supply equipment and are intended to interconnect pieces of equipment within an ESVSE system using approved installation methods shall be permitted.

627.22 Personnel Protection System.

ESVSE shall have a listed system of protection against electric shock of personnel. Where cord-and-plug-connected equipment is used, the interrupting device of a listed personnel protection system shall be provided according to 627.17(A). A personnel protection system shall not be required for power transfer equipment that supplies less than 60 volts dc.

Part III. Installation

627.40 ESVSE Branch Circuit.

Each outlet installed for the purpose of supplying ESVSE supply equipment greater than 16 amperes, or 120 volts shall be supplied by an individual branch circuit.

Exception: Branch circuits shall be permitted to feed multiple ESVSE as permitted by 627.42(A) or (B).

627.41 Overcurrent Protection.

Overcurrent protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying ESVSE and WPTE, including bidirectional equipment, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have

a current rating of not less than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a current rating of not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the continuous loads.

627.42 Rating.

The ESVSE shall have sufficient rating to supply the load served. Charging loads shall be considered to be continuous loads for the purposes of this article. Service and feeder shall be sized in accordance with the product ratings, unless the overall rating of the installation can be limited through controls as permitted by 627.42(A) or (B).

(A) Energy Management System (EMS).

Where an EMS in accordance with 750.30 provides load management of ESVSE, the maximum equipment load on a service and feeder shall be the maximum load permitted by the EMS. The EMS shall be permitted to be integral to one piece of equipment or integral to a listed system consisting of more than one piece of equipment. When one or more pieces of equipment are provided with an integral load management control, the system shall be marked to indicate this control is provided.

(B) Supply Equipment with Adjustable Settings.

Supply equipment with restricted access to an ampere adjusting means complying with 750.30(C) shall be permitted. If adjustments have an impact on the rating label, those changes shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and the adjusted rating shall appear on the rating label with sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. Supply equipment as referenced shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are equal to the adjusted current setting.

627.43 Disconnecting Means.

For supply equipment rated more than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

627.44 Equipment Connection.

ESVSE and WPTE shall be connected to the premises wiring system in accordance with one of the methods in 627.44(A) through (C).

(A) Portable Equipment.

Portable equipment shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one or more of the following methods:

(1) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes

(2) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes

(3) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire or 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 30 or 50 amperes, or 125/250 volts, single-phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes

(4) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes

(B) Fastened-in-Place Equipment.

Equipment that is fastened-in-place shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one of the following methods:

(1) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125 volts or 250 volts, single phase, up to 50 amperes

(2) A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 250 volts, three phase, up to 50 amperes

(3) A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125/250 volts, single phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes

(4) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes

(C) Fixed-in-Place Equipment.

All other ESVSE and WPTE shall be permanently wired and fixed-in-place to the supporting surface.

627.46 Loss of Primary Source.

Means shall be provided such that, upon loss of voltage from the utility or other electrical system(s), energy cannot be back fed through the ESV and the supply equipment to the premises wiring system unless permitted by 627.48.

627.47 Multiple Feeder or Branch Circuits.

Where equipment is identified for the application, more than one feeder or branch circuit shall be permitted to supply equipment.

627.48 Interactive Equipment.

ESVSE or WPTE that incorporates a power export function and that is part of an interactive system that serves as an optional standby system, an electric power production source, or a bidirectional power feed shall be listed and marked as suitable for that purpose. When used as an optional standby system, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 702 shall apply; when used as an electric power production source, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 705 shall apply. EVPE that provides a receptacle outlet as its point of power export shall be in accordance with 627.60.

627.49 Island Mode.

ESVPE and bidirectional ESVSE that incorporate a power export function shall be permitted to be a part of an interconnected power system operating in island mode.

627.50 Location.

The ESVSE shall be located for direct electrical coupling of the ESV connector (conductive or inductive) to the ESV. Unless specifically listed and marked for the location, the coupling means of the ESV shall be stored or located at a height of not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above the floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above the grade level for outdoor locations. This requirement does not apply to portable ESVSE constructed in accordance with 627.44(A).

627.52 Ventilation.

The ventilation requirement for charging an ESV in an indoor enclosed space shall be determined by 627.52(A) or (B).

(A) Ventilation Not Required.

Where electric vehicle storage batteries are used or where the equipment is listed for charging electric vehicles indoors without ventilation, mechanical ventilation shall not be required.

(B) Ventilation Required.

Where the equipment is listed for charging electric vehicles that require ventilation for indoor charging, mechanical ventilation, such as a fan, shall be provided. The ventilation shall include both supply and exhaust equipment and shall be permanently installed and located to intake from, and vent directly to, the outdoors. Positive-pressure ventilation systems shall be permitted only in vehicle charging buildings or areas that have been specifically designed and approved for that application. Mechanical ventilation requirements shall be determined by one of the methods specified in 627.52(B)(1) through (B)(4).

(1) Table Values.

For supply voltages and currents specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2), the minimum ventilation requirements shall be as specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2) for each of the total number of electric vehicles that can be charged at one time.

Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Meters per Minute (m3/min) for Each of the Total Number of ESVs That Can Be Charged at One Time

			Branch-(Circuit Voltage	9			
Branch-		Single I	Phase		3 Phase			
Circuit Ampere	DC			240 V or	208 V or		480 V or	600 V or
Rating	≥ 50 V	120 V	208 V	120/240 V	208Y/120 V	240 V	480Y/277 V	600Y/347 V
15	0.5	1.1	1.8	2.1	_	_	_	_
20	0.6	1.4	2.4	2.8	4.2	4.8	9.7	12
30	0.9	2.1	3.6	4.2	6.3	7.2	15	18
40	1.2	2.8	4.8	5.6	8.4	9.7	19	24
50	1.5	3.5	6.1	7.0	10	12	24	30
60	1.8	4.2	7.3	8.4	13	15	29	36
100	2.9	7.0	12	14	21	24	48	60
150	_	_	_	_	31	36	73	91
200	_	_	_	_	42	48	97	120

Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Meters per Minute (m3/min) for Each of the Total Number of ESVs That Can Be Charged at One Time

			Branch-C	Circuit Voltage	9			
Branch-		Single F	Phase		3 Phase			
Circuit Ampere	DC			240 V or	208 V or		480 V or	600 V or
Rating	≥ 50 V	120 V	208 V	120/240 V	208Y/120 V	240 V	480Y/277 V	600Y/347 V
250	_	_	_	_	52	60	120	150
300		_	_	_	63	73	145	180
350	—	_	_	—	73	85	170	210
400	_		_	_	84	97	195	240

Table 627.52(B)(1)(2) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Feet per Minute (cfm) for Each of the Total Number of Electric Vehicles That Can Be Charged at One Time

		Dianon onour voltage						
Branch-		Single F	hase		3 Phase			
Circuit Ampere	DC			240 V or	208 V or		480 V or	600 V or
Rating	≥ 50V	120 V	208 V	120/240 V	208Y/120 V	240 V	480Y/277 V	600Y/347 V
15	15.4	37	64	74	_	_	_	_
20	20.4	49	85	99	148	171	342	427
30	30.8	74	128	148	222	256	512	641
40	41.3	99	171	197	296	342	683	854
50	51.3	123	214	246	370	427	854	1066
60	61.7	148	256	296	444	512	1025	1281
100	102.5	246	427	493	740	854	1708	2135
150		_	_	_	1110	1281	2562	3203
200		_	_	_	1480	1708	3416	4270
250		_	_	_	1850	2135	4270	5338
300		_	_	_	2221	2562	5125	6406
350	_	_	_	_	2591	2989	5979	7473
400	_	_	_	_	2961	3416	6832	8541

Branch-Circuit Voltage

(2) Other Values.

For supply voltages and currents other than specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2), the minimum ventilation requirements shall be calculated by means of the following general formulas, as applicable:

(1) Single-phase ac or dc:

Ventilation single - phase ac or dc in cubic meters per minute $\left(\frac{m^3}{min}\right) = \frac{(volts)(amperes)}{1718}$ [627.52(B)(2)a]Ventilation single - phase ac or dc in cubic feet per minute $(cfm) = \frac{(volts)(amperes)}{48.7}$ [627.52(B)(2)b]

(2) Three-phase ac:

 $Ventilation 3 - phase ac or dc in cubic meters per minute \left(\frac{m^3}{min}\right) = \frac{(1.732)(volts)(amperes)}{1718} \quad [627.52(B)(2)c]$ $Ventilation 3 - phase ac or dc in cubic feet per minute (cfm) = \frac{(1.732)(volts)(amperes)}{48.7} \quad [627.52(B)(2)d]$

(3) Engineered Systems.

For an equipment ventilation system designed by a person qualified to perform such calculations as an integral part of a building's total ventilation system, the minimum ventilation requirements shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with calculations specified in the engineering study.

(4) Supply Circuits.

The supply circuit to the mechanical ventilation equipment shall be electrically interlocked with the equipment and shall remain energized during the entire electric vehicle charging cycle. Equipment receptacles rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 and 20 amperes shall be switched, and the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the receptacle. Equipment supplied from less than 50 volts dc shall be switched and the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the receptacle ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the equipment.

627.54 Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.

All receptacles installed for the connection of ESVSE shall have ground-fault circuitinterrupter protection for personnel.

627.56 Receptacle Enclosures.

All receptacles installed in a wet location for electric vehicle charging shall have an enclosure that is weatherproof with the attachment plug cap inserted or removed. An outlet box hood installed for this purpose shall be listed and shall be identified as extra duty. Other listed products, enclosures, or assemblies providing weatherproof protection that do not utilize an outlet box hood shall not be required to be marked extra duty.

Part IV. Wireless Power Transfer Equipment

627.101 Grounding.

The primary pad base plate shall be of a nonferrous metal and shall be connected to the circuit equipment grounding conductor unless the listed WPTE employs a double-insulation system. The base plate shall be sized to match the size of the primary pad enclosure.

627.102 Installation.

(A) General.

The control pad, if included in the WPTE configuration, shall comply with 627.102(B). The primary pad shall comply with 627.102(C).

(B) Control Box.

The control box enclosure shall be suitable for the environment and shall be mounted at a height not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above the floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above grade level for outdoor locations. The control box shall be mounted in one of the following forms:

- (1) Pedestal
- (2) Wall or pole
- (3) Building or structure
- (4) Raised concrete pad

(C) Primary Pad.

The primary pad shall be installed secured to the surface or embedded in the surface of the floor with its top flush with the surface or below the surface, all per manufacturer's instructions and the following:

(1) If the primary pad is located in an area requiring snow removal, it shall not be located on or above the surface.

Exception: Where installed on private property where snow removal is done manually, the primary pad shall be permitted to be installed on or above the surface.

(2) The primary pad enclosure shall be suitable for the environment. If the primary pad is located in an area subject to severe climatic conditions (e.g., flooding), the enclosure shall be suitably rated for those conditions.

(D) Protection of Cords and Cables to the Primary Pad.

The output cable to the primary pad shall be secured in place over its entire length for the purpose of restricting its movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. If installed in conditions where drive-over could occur, the cable shall be provided with supplemental protection.

Where there is no control box, the cord or cable supplying power to the primary pad shall be secured in place in order to restrict movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. Where subject to vehicular traffic, supplemental protection shall be provided.

(E) Other Wiring Systems.

Other wiring systems and fittings specifically listed for use on the WPTE shall be permitted.

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Electric Self-P	Propelled Vehicle (ESV)
A vehicle or mar	ine vessel other than an electric vehicle such as farm equipment, boats and golf carts,
primarily power	ed by an electric motor that draws current from a rechargeable storage battery, fuel cell,
photovoltaic arra	ay, or other source of electric current. (CMP-12)
tement of Prob	lem and Substantiation for Public Input
definition uses the	onsituction equipment, ooli cans, and electric poals and electric terries – this
to the defined term	term "Self-Propelled Vehicle" as that term is already used in the informational note s "electric vehicle" and "garage."
ated Public Input No. 3	term "Self-Propelled Vehicle" as that term is already used in the informational note s "electric vehicle" and "garage." Nuts for This Document <u>Related Input</u> <u>Relationship</u> 899-NFPA 70-2023 [New Article after 625]
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ated Public Input No. 3 Public Input No. 3 bmitter Informa Submitter Full Nat Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	Wed Sep 06 09:18:00 EDT 2023 Wed Sep 06 09:18:00 EDT 2023

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Public Input N	o. 2988-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 610.3]
NFPA	
610.3 Special R	equirements for Particular Locations.
(A) Hazardous (Classified) Locations.
All equipment the	at operates in a hazardous (classified) location shall conform to Article- 500 .
(1) Class I Loca	itions.
Equipment used or vapors shall co	in locations that are hazardous because of the presence of flammable gases onform to Article 501 .
(2) - Class II Loc a	ations.
Equipment used Article- 502 :	in locations that are hazardous because of combustible dust shall conform to
(3) - Class III Loc	pations.
Equipment used fibers or flyings s	in locations that are hazardous because of the presence of easily ignitible hall conform to Article 503 .
t	
the applicable ha	azardous location article requirements.
(B) Combustible	e Materials.
Where a crane, h shall be located a	noist, or monorail hoist operates over readily combustible material, the resistors as permitted in the following:
(1) A well ventil not emit flam	ated cabinet composed of noncombustible material constructed so that it does nes or molten metal
(2) A cage or ca or cab from t	ab constructed of noncombustible material that encloses the sides of the cage the floor to a point at least 150 mm (6 in.) above the top of the resistors
(C) Electrolytic (Cell Lines.
See 668.32.	
Statement of Proble	em and Substantiation for Public Input
Section 4.1.4 of the or where required fo more generic and po reference to Article 5 modified by this lang	NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing the entire article except for Article 100 r context. It is recommended that the charging sentence of (A) be revised to be point to the applicable hazardous location article as the current language makes no 505 or 506 for Zone classified locations. The hazardous locations articles are not puage, so 90.3 would apply as well in this case.
Submitter Informati	on Verification
Submitter Full Nam	e: Richard Holub
Organization:	The DuPont Company, Inc.
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Mon Aug 28 14:33:58 EDT 2023

Committee:	NEC-P12				
Committee Statement					
Resolution: Statement:	<u>FR-8727-NFPA 70-2024</u> Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual prohibits referencing the entire article. All hazardous locations have to comply with Chapter 5. In addition, existing section 610.3 was renumbered to 610.4 in accordance with 2.2 of the NEC Style Manual. This is in reference to the Global Public Input 3086.				

(G) Nameplate	3.
Each crane, mo manufacturer's calculated in 61	onorail, or hoist shall be provided with a visible nameplate marked with the name, rating in volts, frequency, number of phases, and circuit amperes as I0.14(E) and (F). <u>Cranes shall be listed.</u>
tement of Prob	lem and Substantiation for Public Input
Mould ease the AF	J in inspection the installation.
Would ease tile Al	
bmitter Informa	tion Verification
bmitter Informa	me: Adam Pluer
bmitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization:	me: Adam Pluer City of Wauwatosa
Submitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address:	me: Adam Pluer City of Wauwatosa
Submitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City:	me: Adam Pluer City of Wauwatosa
Submitter Informa Organization: Street Address: City: State:	me: Adam Pluer City of Wauwatosa
Submitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	me: Adam Pluer City of Wauwatosa

Public Inp	out No. 1520-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 610.42(A)]				
(A) Fuse c	or Circuit Breaker Rating.				
Crane, hois time circuit more motor considered	t, and monorail hoist motor branch circuits shall be protected by fuses or inverse- breakers that have a rating in accordance with Table- 430.52 (C)(1) . Where two or is operate a single motion, the sum of their nameplate current ratings shall be as that of a single motor.				
Statement of P	roblem and Substantiation for Public Input				
By directly refe use of this tabl modification pe creates a dispa	By directly referring to the table, the user is directed to bypass the text of 430.52 which governs the use of this table. Furthermore, because of Note 2 in Table 430.52(C)(1), which does allow the modification per 430.52 for inverse time circuit breakers and not the other OCPDs in the table, this creates a disparity between the OCPDs and how they are calculated.				
Submitter Infor	mation Verification				
Submitter Full	Name: John McCamish				
Organization:	NECA IBEW Electrical Training				
Affiliation:	Self				
Street Addres	S:				
City:					
State:					
Zip:					
Submittal Date	e: Sun Jul 23 18:58:02 EDT 2023				
Committee:	NEC-P12				
Committee Sta	tement				
Resolution: F	R-8730-NFPA 70-2024				
Statement: T 4 a	his revision changes the reference to 430.52 instead of the reference to Table 30.52(C)(1) to allow the user the full application of the applicable exceptions and llowance of that section.				

Public Input	No. 2994-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 620.3(B)]			
(B) Lighting Ci	rcuits.			
Lighting circuits	shall comply with the requirements of Article 410 <u>, Part I through Part VI</u>			
Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input				
Section 4.1.4 of the where required for appropriately cover adjusted according	Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article except Article 100 or where required for context. It appears the installation requirements of Parts I through Part VI appropriately cover the installations of lighting circuits for hoistways so the reference has been adjusted accordingly.			
Submitter Informa	tion Verification			
Submitter Full Na	me: Richard Holub			
Organization:	The DuPont Company, Inc.			
Street Address:				
City:				
State:				
Zip:				
Submittal Date:	Mon Aug 28 14:59:35 EDT 2023			
Committee:	NEC-P12			
Committee Statem	lent			
Resolution: This p	proposed revision is not needed because action on 620.3(B) deleted the lighting ts requirements.			

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Continue (1			
Sections 6	20.3(B), 620.3(C)		
(C)			
<u>(D)</u>	ouito.		
Lighting circ	wite shall comply with the requirements of Article, 410 -		
Heating on	dis shall comply with the requirements of Africie 410.		
Branch circu not have a d	Heating and Air-Conditioning Circuits. Branch circuits for heating and air-conditioning equipment located on the elevator car shall not have a circuit voltage in excess of 1000 volts.		
which states: General require	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ments contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of the		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B)		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to ubmitter Inform	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B) mation Verification		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to ubmitter Inforu	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B) mation Verification Name: Todd Konieczny		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to ubmitter Inforu Submitter Full Organization:	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B) mation Verification Name: Todd Konieczny Intertek Testing Services		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to ubmitter Inform Submitter Full Organization: Street Address	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B) mation Verification Name: Todd Konieczny Intertek Testing Services		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to ubmitter Inform Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City:	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B) mation Verification Name: Todd Konieczny Intertek Testing Services		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to ubmitter Inforu Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State: Zip:	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B) mation Verification Name: Todd Konieczny Intertek Testing Services		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to ubmitter Inforn Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State: Zip: Submittal Date	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B) mation Verification Name: Todd Konieczny Intertek Testing Services		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to ubmitter Inforn Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State: Zip: Submittal Date Committee:	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B) mation Verification Name: Todd Konieczny Intertek Testing Services :: Tue Aug 15 12:41:01 EDT 2023 NEC-P12		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to ubmitter Inform Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State: Zip: Submittal Date Committee Stat	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B) mation Verification Name: Todd Konieczny Intertek Testing Services :: Tue Aug 15 12:41:01 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 ement		
which states: General require document. Changed (C) to ubmitter Inforn Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State: Zip: Submittal Date Committee Stat Resolution: <u>F</u>	undant. It should be deleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual ments contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of th (B) mation Verification Name: Todd Konieczny Intertek Testing Services : : : : : : : : : : : : :		



evaluation." This Public Input simply requires that an elevator, dumbwaiter, escalator, moving walk, lift, or chairlift either not be connected to the internet, or if it is connected to the internet, that it be identified for cybersecurity and that an assessment is provided.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	: Vincent Saporita
Organization:	Saporita Consulting
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Fri Jun 30 11:42:01 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The question of cybersecurity protection is beyond the scope of CMP 12, but should be addressed by the Correlating Committee.



Resolution: The proposed revision would remove the requirement for GFCI protection for permanently wired sump pumps. The requirement for GFCI protection of sump pumps in 422.5(A) applies to all sump pumps.

	nput No. 670-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 620.6(C)]
(C) - Sur	np Pumps.
A permar	nently installed sump pump shall be permanently wired or shall be supplied by a
receptac	e that is protected by a listed Class A ground-fault circuit-interrupter.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
As currently options for w removes the	written, this rule does not modify the requirement of 422.5(A)(6). All it does is give two /iring it cord-and-plug connection and direct connection. Neither option, as written, GFCI protection. Due to this, there is no reason for this section to even exist.
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Ryan Jackson
Organizatio	n: Self-employed
Street Addr	ess:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal D	ate: Thu Apr 20 13:29:38 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement
Resolution:	FR-8629-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	The revision deletes the requirement for sump pump wiring which is redundant to the GFCI requirements in 422.5(A) which apply to all sump pumps.



TITLE OF NEW CONTENT

(C) Available Fault Current Field Marking.

The elevator control panel shall be legibly marked in the field with the available fault current at its line terminals. The field marking(s) shall include the date the available fault current calculation was performed and shall meet the requirements of 110.21(B). The calculation shall be documented and made available to those authorized to design, install, inspect, maintain, or operate the system.

When modifications to the electrical system occur that affect the available fault current at the elevator control panel, the available fault current shall be verified or recalculated as necessary to ensure the elevator control panel's short-circuit current rating is sufficient for the available fault current at the line terminals of the equipment. The required field marking(s) shall be adjusted to reflect the new level of available fault current.

Type your content here ...

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

It is critical that an elevator control panel can handle the available fault current at its point of installation. Given the design complexity of the elevator control panel, it can often have a low short circuit current rating. This change provides much needed information to aid the electrical inspector when enforcing 620.16(B). It will help the inspector ensure that the elevator control panel is installed within its short-circuit current rating. Without this information, it is very difficult for an electrical inspector to verify the conditions of 620.16(B) are met.

This requirement was in the 2020 NEC under 620.51(D). It was modified in the 2023 NEC to apply to the elevator disconnecting means instead of the elevator control panel, because Section 620.51 covers the disconnecting means and not the elevator control panel (per the CMP statement). The marking of the elevator control panel should still be a requirement in the Code; however, it should be located in Section 620.16, as this section already addresses elevator control panel SCCR, and is consistent with the language for industrial machinery in 670.5(2).

This proposal is also consistent with requirements found for the elevator disconnecting means in 620.51(D), along with other equipment such as service entrances in sections 110.24 (A) & (B).

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name:	Ryan Walden
Organization:	Eaton - Bussmann
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Tue Sep 05 17:54:26 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: <u>FR-8634-NFPA 70-2024</u>

Statement: It is critical that an elevator control panel is rated for the available fault current at its point of supply. Given the design complexity of the elevator control panel, it can often have a low short circuit current rating. This change provides much needed information to aid the AHJ when enforcing 620.16(B). Without this information, it is very difficult for an electrical inspector to verify that the conditions of 620.16(B) are met.

<u>f)</u> Protecti	on of wiring methods embedded in elevator hoistway walls and pit floors.
<u>Wiring met</u> protected i	nods embedded in the concrete or masonry walls of the hoistway and pit floors shall be n accordance with 300.4(I) and 305.13.
atement of I	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Incidents hav floors and stru common proc language add marked to ave	e occurred where elevator mechanics have drilled into hoistway walls and machine roo ick live unmarked conductors. Fortunately, there were no injuries. In the hoistway, it is a edure to drill into the concrete to install anchors for rail brackets. The added proposed s a requirement to ensure that conductors, cables and other types of wiring methods go bid being damaged or personal injury.
elated Public	Inputs for This Document
Dublic Incut	Related Input Relation of the 200 41
Public Input	<u>10. 3353-NEPA 70-2023 [New Section after 300.4]</u> 10. 3357-NEPA 70-2023 [New Article after 305]
ubmitter Info	rmation Verification
	II Name: Kevin Brinkman
Submitter Fu	
Submitter Fu Organization	National Elevator Industry, In
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre	: National Elevator Industry, In
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City:	: National Elevator Industry, In
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City: State: Zin:	: National Elevator Industry, In
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal Da	 National Elevator Industry, In ss: te: Fri Sep 01 14:33:40 EDT 2023
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal Da Committee:	 National Elevator Industry, In Fri Sep 01 14:33:40 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal Da Committee:	 National Elevator Industry, In Fri Sep 01 14:33:40 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal Da Committee Sta	 National Elevator Industry, In se: Fri Sep 01 14:33:40 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 itement

(1)	Hoistways and Pits.
sup acc	(a) Types CL2P, CL2R, and CL2 cables shall be permitted, provided the cables are ported and protected from physical damage. Substitute cables for Class 2 cables installed ordance with 722.135(E) shall be permitted.
ope cab reta	(b) Flexible cords and cables that are components of listed equipment and used in circu erating at 30 volts rms or less or 42 volts dc or less shall be permitted, provided the cords a les are supported and protected from physical damage and are of a jacketed and flame- ardant type.
exc	(c) The following wiring methods shall be permitted in the hoistway in lengths not to eed 1.8 m (6 ft):
(4)	Flexible metal conduit.
(5)	Liquidtight flexible metal conduit.
(6)	Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit.
(7)	<u>Flexible cords and cables, or conductors grouped together and taped or corded, shall be</u> <u>permitted to be installed without a raceway. They shall be located to be protected from</u> <u>physical damage, shall be of a flame-retardant type, and shall be part of one of the</u> <u>following:</u>
	(8) Listed equipment
	(9) <u>Driving machine</u>
	(10) <u>Driving machine brake</u>
	<u>Exception to 620.21(A)(1)(c)(1), (A)(1)(c)(2), and (A)(1)(c)(3): The conduit length shall no be required to be limited between risers and limit switches, interlocks, operating buttons, and similar devices.</u>
con (6 fl	(k) A sump pump or oil recovery pump located in the pit shall be permitted to be cord nected. The cord shall be a hard usage oil-resistant type, of a length not to exceed 1.8 m t), and shall be located to be protected from physical damage.
Arti wiri gua	(I) Hard-service cords and junior hard-service cords that conform to the requirements o cle-400 (Table 400.4) shall shall be permitted as flexible connections between the fixed ng in the hoistway and hoistway access switches when located in the hoistway door sight rd.
	Informational Note: See ASME A17.1-2019/CSA B44-19, Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators.

Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing the entire article except Article 100 or where required for context. The current text references hard service or junior hard service as found in Table 400.4 and that seems like it should be sufficient to point the user to the correct location for the

requirements. This section isn't modifying the lanugage in Article 400, except as specifically noted, so Section 90.3 of the NEC(r) would apply in this instance as well.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Richard Holub		
Organization:	The DuPont Company, Inc.	
Street Address:		
City:		
State:		
Zip:		
Submittal Date:	Mon Aug 28 15:05:36 EDT 2023	
Committee:	NEC-P12	

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8640-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision adds Class 4 cables to the list to correct an omission in the 2023 Code. Changing the reference from Article 400 to Table 400.4 complies with the NEC Style Manual Section 4.1.4. The reference date to ASME A17.1 was updated.

(1)	Hoistways and Pits.
sup acc	(a) Types CL2P, CL2R, and CL2 cables shall be permitted, provided the cables are ported and protected from physical damage. Substitute cables for Class 2 cables installed ir ordance with 722.135(E) shall be permitted.
<u>sup</u>	(b) <u>Types CL4P, CL4R, and CL4 cables shall be permitted, provided the cables are</u> ported and protected from physical damage.
ope cab reta	(c) Flexible cords and cables that are components of listed equipment and used in circuit erating at 30 volts rms or less or 42 volts dc or less shall be permitted, provided the cords and les are supported and protected from physical damage and are of a jacketed and flame- ardant type.
exc	(d) The following wiring methods shall be permitted in the hoistway in lengths not to eed 1.8 m (6 ft):
(5)	Flexible metal conduit.
(6)	Liquidtight flexible metal conduit.
(7)	Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit.
(8)	Flexible cords and cables, or conductors grouped together and taped or corded, shall be permitted to be installed without a raceway. They shall be located to be protected from physical damage, shall be of a flame-retardant type, and shall be part of one of the following:
	(9) Listed equipment
	(10) <u>Driving machine</u>
	(11) <u>Driving machine brake</u>
	<u>Exception to 620.21(A)(1)(c)(1), (A)(1)(c)(2), and (A)(1)(c)(3):</u> The conduit length shall not be required to be limited between risers and limit switches, interlocks, operating buttons, and similar devices.
con (6 fi	(I) A sump pump or oil recovery pump located in the pit shall be permitted to be cord nected. The cord shall be a hard usage oil-resistant type, of a length not to exceed 1.8 m t), and shall be located to be protected from physical damage.
Arti the	(m) Hard-service cords and junior hard-service cords that conform to the requirements of cle 400 (Table 400.4) shall be permitted as flexible connections between the fixed wiring in hoistway and hoistway access switches when located in the hoistway door sight guard.
	Informational Note: See ASME A17.1-2019/CSA B44-19, Safety Code for Elevators

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

Allowing Class 4 systems as an alternative to Class 2 circuits. Class 4 systems were added in the 2023 code and have equivalent or better than fire and life safety requirements as Class 2 circuits. An

effort to analyze all the locations of Class 2 in the code to see if Class 4 was also appropriate in the application should have happened for the 2023 code and not doing it was an oversight.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	e: Chad Jones
Organization:	Cisco Systems
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Thu Sep 07 12:15:42 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8640-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision adds Class 4 cables to the list to correct an omission in the 2023 Code. Changing the reference from Article 400 to Table 400.4 complies with the NEC Style Manual Section 4.1.4. The reference date to ASME A17.1 was updated.

	Public Input No. 2996-NFPA 70-2023	[Section No.	620.21(A)(2)]
IFPA			

(2) Cars.

(a) Flexible metal conduit, liquidtight flexible metal conduit, or liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit of metric designator 12 (trade size 3/8), or larger, not exceeding 1.8 m (6 ft) in length, shall be permitted on cars where so located as to be free from oil and if securely fastened in place.

Exception: Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC-B) of metric designator 12 (trade size ³/₈) or larger shall be permitted in lengths in excess of 1.8 m (6 ft).

(b) Hard-service cords and junior hard-service cords that conform to the requirements of Article 400 (Table 400.4) shall shall be permitted as flexible connections between the fixed wiring on the car and devices on the car doors or gates. Hard-service cords only shall be permitted as flexible connections for the top-of-car operating device or the car-top work light. Devices or luminaires shall be grounded by means of an equipment grounding conductor run with the circuit conductors. Cables with smaller conductors and other types and thicknesses of insulation and jackets shall be permitted as flexible connections between the fixed wiring on the car and devices on the car doors or gates, if listed for this use.

(c) Flexible cords and cables that are components of listed equipment and used in circuits operating at 30 volts rms or less or 42 volts dc or less shall be permitted, provided the cords and cables are supported and protected from physical damage and are of a jacketed and flame-retardant type.

(d) The following wiring methods shall be permitted on the car assembly in lengths not to exceed 1.8 m (6 ft):

- (5) Flexible metal conduit
- (6) Liquidtight flexible metal conduit
- (7) Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit
- (8) Flexible cords and cables, or conductors grouped together and taped or corded, shall be permitted to be installed without a raceway. They shall be located to be protected from physical damage and shall be of a flame-retardant type and shall be part of one of the following:
 - (9) Listed equipment
 - (10) A driving machine
 - (11) A driving machine brake

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing the entire article except Article 100 or where required for context. The current text references hard service or junior hard service as found in Table 400.4 and that seems like it should be sufficient to point the user to the correct location for the requirements. This section isn't modifying the lanugage in Article 400, except as specifically noted, so Section 90.3 of the NEC(r) would apply in this instance as well. The only revision proposed for this section is the deletion of "Article 400". Other items underlined in the submission are existing text.

S	ubmitter Info	ormation Verification
	Submitter Fi	III Name: Richard Holub
	Organization	n: The DuPont Company, Inc.
	Street Addre	ess:
	City:	
	State:	
	Zip:	
	Submittal Da	ate: Mon Aug 28 15:11:29 EDT 2023
	Committee:	NEC-P12
C	ommittee St	atement
	Resolution:	FR-8644-NFPA 70-2024
	Statement:	This revision changes the reference from Article 400 to Table 400.4 to comply with the NEC Style Manual Section 4.1.4, which prohibits referencing entire articles.

(3)	Within Machine Rooms, Control Rooms, and Machinery Spaces and Control Spaces.
non leng gen	(a) Flexible metal conduit, liquidtight flexible metal conduit, or liquidtight flexible metallic conduit of metric designator 12 (trade size ³ / ₆), or larger, not exceeding 1.8 m (6 ft) gth, shall be permitted between control panels and machine motors, machine brakes, motor erator sets, disconnecting means, and pumping unit motors and valves.
siz	Exception: Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC-B) metric designator 12 (trade 3 %) or larger shall be permitted to be installed in lengths in excess of 1.8 m (6 ft).
loca lead con requ root	(b) Where motor-generators, machine motors, or pumping unit motors and valves are ated adjacent to or underneath control equipment and are provided with extra-length terminal ds not exceeding 1.8 m (6 ft) in length, such leads shall be permitted to be extended to nect directly to controller terminal studs without regard to the <u>current</u> carrying-capacity uirements of Articles 430 and 445. Auxiliary gutters shall be permitted in machine and control ms between controllers, starters, and similar apparatus.
ope cab reta	(c) Flexible cords and cables that are components of listed equipment and used in circuit erating at 30 volts rms or less or 42 volts dc or less shall be permitted, provided the cords an les are supported and protected from physical damage and are of a jacketed and flame- urdant type.
toge sup dan	(d) On existing or listed equipment, conductors shall also be permitted to be grouped ether and taped or corded without being installed in a raceway. Such cable groups shall be ported at intervals not over 900 mm (3 ft) and located so as to be protected from physical nage.
reta rooi follo	(e) Flexible cords and cables in lengths not to exceed 1.8 m (6 ft) that are of a flame- ardant type and located to be protected from physical damage shall be permitted in these ms and spaces without being installed in a raceway. They shall be part of one of the owing:
(6)	Listed equipment
(7)	A driving machine
(8)	A driving machine brake

Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style manual prohibits referencing an entire article except Article 100 or where required for context. In this case, it appears we should leave the reference to the "current carrying capacity requirements of Article 40 and 445", however the word "current" was inadvertently omitted from the 2023 publication and it is proposed to be reinstated with this public input. No other change is proposed here, so underlining of (E)(1) through (E)(3) is erroneous.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Richard HolubOrganization:The DuPont Company, Inc.Street Address:

City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal D	ate: Mon Aug 28 15:17:34 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement
Resolution :	FR-8646-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision removes the list of components to allow this wiring method to apply to all permitted applications. The word "current" was added to resolve an omission in the 2023 NEC. 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.1.1 prohibits the reference to entire articles.
(3)	Within Machine Rooms, Control Rooms, and Machinery Spaces and Control Spaces.
-------------------------------------	---
non len(gen	(a) Flexible metal conduit, liquidtight flexible metal conduit, or liquidtight flexible imetallic conduit of metric designator 12 (trade size ³ / ₈), or larger, not exceeding 1.8 m (6 ft) gth, shall be permitted between control panels and machine motors, machine brakes, motor ierator sets, disconnecting means, and pumping unit motors and valves.
siz	Exception: Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC-B) metric designator 12 (trade $\frac{3}{6}$) or larger shall be permitted to be installed in lengths in excess of 1.8 m (6 ft).
loca lead con of A bety	(b) Where motor-generators, machine motors, or pumping unit motors and valves are ated adjacent to or underneath control equipment and are provided with extra-length terminal ds not exceeding 1.8 m (6 ft) in length, such leads shall be permitted to be extended to nect directly to controller terminal studs without regard to the carrying-capacity requirement writcles 430 and 445. Auxiliary gutters shall be permitted in machine and control rooms ween controllers, starters, and similar apparatus.
ope cab reta	(c) Flexible cords and cables that are components of listed equipment and used in circuit erating at 30 volts rms or less or 42 volts dc or less shall be permitted, provided the cords an les are supported and protected from physical damage and are of a jacketed and flame- ardant type.
toge sup dan	(d) On existing or listed equipment, conductors shall also be permitted to be grouped ether and taped or corded without being installed in a raceway. Such cable groups shall be ported at intervals not over 900 mm (3 ft) and located so as to be protected from physical nage.
reta roo follo	(e) Flexible cords and cables in lengths not to exceed 1.8 m (6 ft) that are of a flame- ardant type and located to be protected from physical damage shall be permitted in these ms and spaces without being installed in a raceway. They shall be part of one of the pwing:
(6)	Listed equipment
(7)	A driving machine
(8)	A driving machine brake

FMC in the machine room/control space, and just have the sentence end at "... not exceeding 1.8m (6 feet) in length shall be permitted". The use of flexible metal conduit is recognized as safe when limited in length, there is no value in maintaining a list of components which may no longer be relevant.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Kevin BrinkmanOrganization:National Elevator Industry, InStreet Address:City:

State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Fri Sep 01 14:38:52 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8646-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision removes the list of components to allow this wiring method to apply to all permitted applications. The word "current" was added to resolve an omission in the 2023 NEC. 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.1.1 prohibits the reference to entire articles.

Public Inp	out No. 3037-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 620.21(B)(3)]
(3) Flexibl	e Cords.
Hard-servic be permitte disconnecti removal fro	ce cords that conform to the requirements of Article- 400 -(Table 400.4) shall <u>shall</u> d as flexible connections on escalators and moving walk control panels and ing means where the entire control panel and disconnecting means are arranged for m machine spaces as permitted in 620.5.
Statement of P	roblem and Substantiation for Public Input
Section 4.1.4 c where required seems like it s section isn't m NEC(r) would	of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing the entire article except Article 100 or d for context. The current text references hard service as found in Table 400.4 and that hould be sufficient to point the user to the correct location for the requirements. This odifying the lanugage in Article 400, except as specifically noted, so Section 90.3 of the apply in this instance as well.
Submitter Infor	rmation Verification
Submitter Ful	I Name: Richard Holub
Organization: Street Addres City: State: Zin:	The DuPont Company, Inc. s:
Submittal Dat	e: Tue Aug 29 07:49:18 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Sta	tement
Resolution:	FR-8648-NFPA 70-2024
Statement: T	This revision changes the reference to Article 400 to Table 400.4 to comply with 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.1.4, which prohibits referencing entire Articles.

(A) Car Light F	Receptacles, Auxiliary Lighting, and Ventilation.
A separate bran permitted to sup car ventilation p lighting power s associated char operation contro	ich circuit shall supply the car lights. The car lights branch circuit shall be oply receptacles (alarm devices, emergency responder radio coverage (ERRC), urification systems, monitoring devices not part of the control system), auxiliar ource, car emergency signaling, communications devices (including their ging circuits),- and ventilation- <u>ventilation</u> on each elevator car or inside the oller . The <u>, car ventilation purification systems, and receptacles for:</u>
(1) (ala	rm devices
<u>(2) em</u>	<u>ergency responder radio coverage (ERRC)</u>
<u>(3) car</u>	ventilation purification systems
<u>(4) mo</u>	nitoring devices not part of the control system)
<u>The</u> overcurrer	nt device protecting the branch circuit shall be located in the elevator machine
control room, control ro control room, m shall be located	om, machinery space, or control space. Where there is no machine room, achinery space, or control space outside the hoistway, the overcurrent device outside the hoistway and accessible to qualified persons only.
room, control ro control room, m shall be located Required lightin	om, machinery space, or control space. Where there is no machine room, achinery space, or control space outside the hoistway, the overcurrent device outside the hoistway and accessible to qualified persons only. g shall not be connected to the load side of a ground-fault circuit interrupter.
room, control ro control room, m shall be located Required lightin tement of Prob Reorganized and c for ease of reading	om, machinery space, or control space. Where there is no machine room, achinery space, or control space outside the hoistway, the overcurrent device outside the hoistway and accessible to qualified persons only. g shall not be connected to the load side of a ground-fault circuit interrupter. Iem and Substantiation for Public Input reated list format to follow requirements in Section 2.1.5.1 of the NEC Style Ma
room, control ro control room, m shall be located Required lightin tement of Prob Reorganized and c for ease of reading bmitter Informa	om, machinery space, or control space. Where there is no machine room, achinery space, or control space outside the hoistway, the overcurrent device outside the hoistway and accessible to qualified persons only. g shall not be connected to the load side of a ground-fault circuit interrupter. Iem and Substantiation for Public Input reated list format to follow requirements in Section 2.1.5.1 of the NEC Style Ma tion Verification
room, control ro control room, m shall be located Required lightin ntement of Prob Reorganized and c for ease of reading bmitter Informa Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	om, machinery space, or control space. Where there is no machine room, achinery space, or control space outside the hoistway, the overcurrent device outside the hoistway and accessible to qualified persons only. g shall not be connected to the load side of a ground-fault circuit interrupter. Iem and Substantiation for Public Input reated list format to follow requirements in Section 2.1.5.1 of the NEC Style Ma tion Verification me: Greg Chontow Boro of Hopatcong, NJ

Statement: The revision breaks the section up and provides clearer indication of a requirement that was previously difficult to find. The NFPA Manual of Style referenced by NEC Style Manual 1.2.1 requires that a list format be used for multiple requirements in a single section. Clarifies that a branch circuit is required for each car. Decorative lighting was not included in the permitted branch circuit loads due to the possibility of overloading the circuit.

Public I	nput No. 2331-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 620.22(A)]
(A) Car	Light Receptacles, Auxiliary Lighting, and Ventilation.
A separa <u>lights for</u> (alarm de systems, emergen and vent protectin machinel space, o hoistway	te branch circuit shall supply the car lights <u>(clarify if one branch circuit can supply the multiple cars)</u> . The car lights branch circuit shall be permitted to supply receptacles evices, emergency responder radio coverage (ERRC), car ventilation purification monitoring devices not part of the control system), auxiliary lighting power source, car cy signaling, communications devices (including their associated charging circuits), lation on each elevator car or inside the operation controller. The overcurrent device g the branch circuit shall be located in the elevator machine room, control room, machinery control space outside the hoistway, the overcurrent device shall be located outside the and accessible to qualified persons only.
Required	lighting shall not be connected to the load side of a ground-fault circuit interrupter.
620.22 (A) c branch circu Submitter Inf	larify if the required separate circuit for car lights is for each car and that not one separate it is not to supply the car lights for multiple elevator cars. ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Gary Hein
Organizatio Street Addr	n: [Not Specified]
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal D	ate: Wed Aug 16 12:46:33 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement
Resolution	FR-8658-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	The revision breaks the section up and provides clearer indication of a requirement that was previously difficult to find. The NFPA Manual of Style referenced by NEC Style Manual 1.2.1 requires that a list format be used for multiple requirements in a single section. Clarifies that a branch circuit is required for each car. Decorative lighting was not included in the permitted branch circuit loads due to the possibility of overloading the circuit.

State:	
Street Address: City:	,
Submitter Full Nan Organization:	ne: Kevin Brinkman National Elevator Industry, In
bmitter Informat	ion Verification
Decorative lighting a lighting branch circu enhances the riding enhanced and pren is a common occurr lighting is typically in a list of allowed dev	should be included in the code section 620.22(A) to explicitly permit use of the uit for lighting which may utilize special lighting fixture housings. Decorative lig experience in the similar way a car ventilation purification system provides an nium riding experience. This lighting is typically not used to directly light the car rence used for decorative purposes to improve passenger comfort. Decorative installed very near or in the locations of standard required lighting. Reformatted vices to improve clarity.
atement of Probl	em and Substantiation for Public Input
Required lighting	g shall not be connected to the load side of a ground-fault circuit interrupter.
The overcurrent room, control roo control room, ma shall be located	device protecting the branch circuit shall be located in the elevator machine om, machinery space, or control space. Where there is no machine room, achinery space, or control space outside the hoistway, the overcurrent device outside the hoistway and accessible to qualified persons only.
(10) ventilation	on each elevator car or inside the operation controller.
<u>(9)</u> communicat	ions devices (including their associated charging circuits),- and _
<u>(8)</u> car emerger	icy signaling,
(7) decorative lig	<u>yhting,</u>
<u>(6</u>) , auxiliary lig	ghting power source,
(<u>5)</u> monitoring d	evices not part of the control system,
(<u>4)</u> car ventilatio	on purification systems,
(3) emergency	responder radio coverage (ERRC),
(<u>2)</u> alarm device	€S,
(<u>1)</u> receptacles,	
A separate bran permitted to sup	ch circuit shall supply the car lights. The car lights branch circuit shall be ply <u>:</u>

Resolution: <u>FR-8658-NFPA 70-2024</u>

Statement: The revision breaks the section up and provides clearer indication of a requirement that was previously difficult to find. The NFPA Manual of Style referenced by NEC Style Manual 1.2.1 requires that a list format be used for multiple requirements in a single section. Clarifies that a branch circuit is required for each car. Decorative lighting was not included in the permitted branch circuit loads due to the possibility of overloading the circuit.

	iput No. 4196-NFPA 70-2025 [Section No. 620.22(A)]
(A) Car	Light Receptacles, Auxiliary Lighting, and Ventilation.
<u>(1) Separ</u> branch ci radio cov control sy devices (inside the	rate Branch Circuit. A separate branch circuit shall supply the car lights. The car lights rcuit shall be permitted to supply receptacles (alarm devices, emergency responder erage (ERRC), car ventilation purification systems, monitoring devices not part of the /stem), auxiliary lighting power source, car emergency signaling, communications including their associated charging circuits), and ventilation on each elevator car or experimentation controller.
(2) Overc located ir there is n hoistway, qualified	current Protective Device. The overcurrent device protecting the branch circuit shall be in the elevator machine room, control room, machinery space, or control space. Where o machine room, control room, machinery space, or control space outside the the overcurrent device shall be located outside the hoistway and accessible to persons only.
Required	lighting shall not be connected to the load side of a ground-fault circuit interrupter.
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Organizatio	n: Mike Holt Enterprises Inc.
Street Addre	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal D	ate: Wed Sep 06 20:54:40 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement
Resolution:	FR-8658-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	The revision breaks the section up and provides clearer indication of a requirement that was previously difficult to find. The NFPA Manual of Style referenced by NEC Style Manual 1.2.1 requires that a list format be used for multiple requirements in a single section. Clarifies that a branch circuit is required for each car. Decorative lighting was no included in the permitted branch circuit loads due to the possibility of overloading the circuit

Required Branch	<u>Circuit for</u> <u>Hoistway Pit Lighting</u> - and <u>Receptacles</u> . <u>, Receptacle Requirements and</u> <u>Circuits</u>
(A) Separate B	Branch Circuits.
Separate branch	h circuits shall supply the hoistway pit lighting and receptacles.
Required lighting	g shall not be connected to the load side of a ground-fault circuit interrupter.
(B) Lighting Sw	vitch.
The lighting swit	tch shall be so located as to be readily accessible from the pit access door.
(C) Duplex Red	ceptacle.
At least one 125 hoistway pit.	5-volt, single-phase, 15- or 20-ampere duplex receptacle shall be provided in the
Informatio and Escal	nal Note No. 1: See ASME A17.1-2016/CSA B44-16, <i>Safety Code for Elevators</i> lators for illumination levels
Informatio atement of Prob	nal Note No. 2: See 620.6 for ground-fault circuit-interrupter requirements.
Informatio atement of Probl 620.24 - rename ar Circuits". The curr for hoistway pit ligh location and define:	nal Note No. 2: See 620.6 for ground-fault circuit-interrupter requirements. Iem and Substantiation for Public Input ticle to "Hoistway Pit Lighting, Receptacle Requirements and Required Branch ent article title implies that the article is limited to covering required branch circuit ting and receptacles. The article is more extensive as it also covers lighting swit s required receptacle type (duplex) and associated GFCI protection.
Informatio atement of Probl 620.24 - rename ar Circuits". The curr for hoistway pit ligh location and defines	nal Note No. 2: See 620.6 for ground-fault circuit-interrupter requirements. Iem and Substantiation for Public Input ticle to "Hoistway Pit Lighting, Receptacle Requirements and Required Branch ent article title implies that the article is limited to covering required branch circuit ting and receptacles. The article is more extensive as it also covers lighting swit s required receptacle type (duplex) and associated GFCI protection. tion Verification
Informatio atement of Probl 620.24 - rename ar Circuits". The curr for hoistway pit ligh location and defines Ibmitter Informat	nal Note No. 2: See 620.6 for ground-fault circuit-interrupter requirements. Iem and Substantiation for Public Input ticle to "Hoistway Pit Lighting, Receptacle Requirements and Required Branch ent article title implies that the article is limited to covering required branch circuit ting and receptacles. The article is more extensive as it also covers lighting swit s required receptacle type (duplex) and associated GFCI protection. tion Verification me: Gary Hein
Informatio atement of Probl 620.24 - rename ar Circuits". The curr for hoistway pit ligh location and defines Ibmitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address:	nal Note No. 2: See 620.6 for ground-fault circuit-interrupter requirements. Iem and Substantiation for Public Input ticle to "Hoistway Pit Lighting, Receptacle Requirements and Required Branch ent article title implies that the article is limited to covering required branch circuit ting and receptacles. The article is more extensive as it also covers lighting swit s required receptacle type (duplex) and associated GFCI protection. tion Verification me: Gary Hein [Not Specified]
Informatio atement of Probl 620.24 - rename ar Circuits". The curr for hoistway pit ligh location and defines Ibmitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City:	nal Note No. 2: See 620.6 for ground-fault circuit-interrupter requirements. Iem and Substantiation for Public Input ticle to "Hoistway Pit Lighting, Receptacle Requirements and Required Branch ent article title implies that the article is limited to covering required branch circuit ting and receptacles. The article is more extensive as it also covers lighting swit s required receptacle type (duplex) and associated GFCI protection. tion Verification me: Gary Hein [Not Specified]
Informatio atement of Probl 620.24 - rename ar Circuits". The curr for hoistway pit ligh location and defines Ibmitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State:	nal Note No. 2: See 620.6 for ground-fault circuit-interrupter requirements. lem and Substantiation for Public Input ticle to "Hoistway Pit Lighting, Receptacle Requirements and Required Branch ent article title implies that the article is limited to covering required branch circuit ting and receptacles. The article is more extensive as it also covers lighting swit s required receptacle type (duplex) and associated GFCI protection. tion Verification me: Gary Hein [Not Specified]
Informatio atement of Probl 620.24 - rename ar Circuits". The curr for hoistway pit ligh location and defines Ibmitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	nal Note No. 2: See 620.6 for ground-fault circuit-interrupter requirements. Iem and Substantiation for Public Input ticle to "Hoistway Pit Lighting, Receptacle Requirements and Required Branch ent article title implies that the article is limited to covering required branch circuit ting and receptacles. The article is more extensive as it also covers lighting swit s required receptacle type (duplex) and associated GFCI protection. tion Verification ne: Gary Hein [Not Specified]

Public Input No. 546-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 620.24] **620.24** Branch Circuit for Hoistway Pit Lighting and Receptacles. (A) Separate Branch Circuits. Separate branch circuits shall supply the hoistway Hoistway pit lighting and receptacles shall not be served by the same branch circuit. Required lighting Lighting outlets shall not be connected to the load side of a ground-fault circuit interrupter GFCI-protected. (B) Lighting Switch. The lighting switch shall be so located as to be outlet for the pit shall be controlled by a listed wall-mounted control device that is readily accessible from the pit access door. (C) - Duplex Receptacle. At least one 125-volt, single-phase, 15- or 20-ampere duplex receptacle shall be provided in the hoistway pit. Informational Note No. 1: See ASME A17.1-2016/CSA B44-16, Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators, for illumination levels. Informational Note No. 2: See 620.6 for ground-fault circuit-interrupter requirements. Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input This revisions should be viewed as editorial in nature. (A) should be revised to remove any question about the number of circuits required for lighting and receptacles. As currently written, the section requires "separate circuits." While the intent is certainly that the circuits be separate from each other, i.e. the lights not on not the same circuit as the receptacle, there are plenty who believe "separate" means separate from other equipment in the pit. The second sentence in (A) is marked for revision to provide consistency with other NEC requirements. The term "GFCI-protected" is used numerous times throughout the code, whereas the current language is used only in Article 620. (B) is marked for revision to also provide consistency with other code requirements, particularly 210.70. (C) is marked for revision because the term "single-phase" is superfluous. A 125V receptacle is not going to be a three-phase device. Submitter Information Verification Submitter Full Name: Ryan Jackson Organization: Self-employed Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Mon Apr 10 11:55:07 EDT 2023

Committee: NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The proposed revisions are not editorial in nature, and insufficient substantiation was provided to change the existing requirements.



376.22(A) Cross-Sectional Area





Wireway is 8" x 8" (64 square inches) and contains 6 AWG THHN conductors. Each 6 AWG THHN is 0.0507 square inches. Allowable area is 64" x 0.20 (12.8"). 12.8/0.0507 = 252. This wireway may hold up to **252** 6 AWG conductors at any cross-section.

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Conductors and cables must not fill the wireway to more than 20 percent of its cross-sectional area.



300.17 Number of Conductors in Raceway

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The number of conductors <u>or cables</u> in a raceway is limited to ensure that they can be installed without damaging their insulation.

(A)	Uses Permitted.
Elec elev mac	trical <u>Only electrical</u> wiring, raceways, and cables used directly in connection with the ator or dumbwaiter shall be permitted inside the hoistway, machine rooms, control rooms, hinery spaces, and control spaces, including wiring for the following:
(1)	Signals
(2)	Communications with the car
(3)	Fire detection systems
(4)	Pit sump pumps
(5)	Branch circuits in 620.24
(-)	
(6)	Heating, lighting, and ventilating the hoistway
(6) (7)	Heating, lighting, and ventilating the hoistway Heating, air conditioning, lighting, and ventilating the elevator car t of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
(6) (7)	Heating, lighting, and ventilating the hoistway Heating, air conditioning, lighting, and ventilating the elevator car t of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input s no mandatory language in this section. If the intent is to limit wiring in these spaces, the weeds to be added.
(6) (7) temen There is 'only" n	Heating, lighting, and ventilating the hoistway Heating, air conditioning, lighting, and ventilating the elevator car t of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input s no mandatory language in this section. If the intent is to limit wiring in these spaces, the weeds to be added. r Information Verification
(6) (7)	Heating, lighting, and ventilating the hoistway Heating, air conditioning, lighting, and ventilating the elevator car t of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input s no mandatory language in this section. If the intent is to limit wiring in these spaces, the weeds to be added. r Information Verification ter Full Name: Ryan Jackson
(6) (7) temen There is 'only" n omitte Submit	Heating, lighting, and ventilating the hoistway Heating, air conditioning, lighting, and ventilating the elevator car t of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input a no mandatory language in this section. If the intent is to limit wiring in these spaces, the weeds to be added. r Information Verification ter Full Name: Ryan Jackson cation: Self-employed
(6) (7) There is "only" n omitter Submit Drganiz Street A	Heating, lighting, and ventilating the hoistway Heating, air conditioning, lighting, and ventilating the elevator car t of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input a no mandatory language in this section. If the intent is to limit wiring in these spaces, the weeds to be added. Information Verification ter Full Name: Ryan Jackson cation: Self-employed Address:
(6) (7)	Heating, lighting, and ventilating the hoistway Heating, air conditioning, lighting, and ventilating the elevator car t of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input a no mandatory language in this section. If the intent is to limit wiring in these spaces, the weeds to be added. Information Verification ter Full Name: Ryan Jackson cation: Self-employed Address:
(6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	Heating, lighting, and ventilating the hoistway Heating, air conditioning, lighting, and ventilating the elevator car t of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input a no mandatory language in this section. If the intent is to limit wiring in these spaces, the weeds to be added. Information Verification ter Full Name: Ryan Jackson tation: Self-employed Address:
(6) (7)	Heating, lighting, and ventilating the hoistway Heating, air conditioning, lighting, and ventilating the elevator car t of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input a no mandatory language in this section. If the intent is to limit wiring in these spaces, the weeds to be added. Information Verification ter Full Name: Ryan Jackson ration: Self-employed Address: tal Date: Mon Jul 17 15:03:37 EDT 2023



(1) On Elevators Without Generator Field Control.

On elevators without generator field control, the disconnecting means shall be located within sight of the motor controller. Where the motor controller is located in the elevator hoistway, the disconnecting means required by 620.51(A) shall be located outside the hoistway and accessible to qualified persons only. An additional fused or non-fused, enclosed, externally operable motor-circuit switch that is lockable open in accordance with 110.25 to disconnect all ungrounded main power-supply conductors shall be located within sight of the motor controller. The additional switch shall be a listed device and shall comply with 620.91(C).

Driving machines or motion and operation controllers not within sight of the disconnecting means shall be provided with a manually operated switch installed in the control circuit to prevent starting. The manually operated switch(es) shall be installed adjacent to this equipment.

Where the driving machine of an electric elevator or the hydraulic machine of a hydraulic elevator is located in a remote machine room or remote machinery space, a single means for disconnecting all ungrounded main power-supply conductors shall be provided and be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

(2) On Elevators with Generator Field Control.

On elevators with generator field control, the disconnecting means shall be located within sight of the motor controller for the driving motor of the motor-generator set. Driving machines, motorgenerator sets, or motion and operation controllers not within sight of the disconnecting means shall be provided with a manually operated switch installed in the control circuit to prevent starting. The manually operated switch(es) shall be installed adjacent to this equipment.

Where the driving machine or the motor-generator set is located in a remote machine room or remote machinery space, a single means for disconnecting all ungrounded main power-supply conductors shall be provided and be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

(3) On Escalators and Moving Walks.

On escalators and moving walks, the disconnecting means shall be installed in the space where the controller is located.

(4) On Platform Lifts and Stairway Chairlifts.

On platform lifts and stairway chairlifts, the disconnecting means shall be located within sight of the motor controller.

(D) Identification and Signs.

(1) Available Fault Current Field Marking.

The disconnecting means shall be legibly marked in the field with the available fault current at its line terminals. The field marking(s) shall include the date the available fault current calculation was performed and be of sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved.

When modifications to the electrical installation occur that affect the available fault current at the disconnecting means, the available fault current shall be verified or recalculated as necessary to ensure the elevator equipment's short-circuit current rating is sufficient for the available fault current at the line terminals of the equipment. The required field marking(s) shall be adjusted to reflect the new level of available fault current.

(E) Surge Protection.

Where any of the disconnecting means in 620.51 has been designated as supplying an emergency system load, a legally required system load, or a critical operation power system load, a listed SPD shall be installed.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

The addition of exception No. 3 is to connect the "Adjustable Speed Drive" requirements within article 430 with the use of Adjustable Speed Drives in elevator control systems disconnecting means of 620.51. The need for the disconnect means required in article 620.51 does not need to be able to withstand lock-rotor currents or other characteristics of a motor that has an adjustable speed drive controlling it. The motor characteristics are protected by the adjustable speed drive load side. This concept is taken care of in section 430 part IX and allows the disconnect means to be rated for not less

than 115% of the conversion equipment. Putting this exception in not only permits the disconnecting means to be rated current instead of horse-power it pulls in the other loads for the control system that includes the conversion equipment.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Kevin Brinkman

Organization: National Elevator Industry, In Street Address:

City:

State:

Zip:

Submittal Date:Fri Sep 01 14:05:29 EDT 2023Committee:NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8830-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This change specifies the requirement for a disconnecting means for each control system and adds Exception No.# 3 to reflect the unique characteristics of adjustable speed motors in regard to locked-rotor current. This is aligns with requirements for the same type motors in Article 430.128. References dates were updated

Public Input N	o. 3811-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 620.51(D)(1)]
NFPA	
(1) Available Fau	ult Current Field Marking.
The disconnecting its line terminals. calculation was p	g means shall be legibly marked in the field with the available fault current at The field marking(s) shall include the date the available fault current erformed and be of sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved.
When modificatio current at the disc as necessary to e available fault cur be adjusted to ref	ns to the electrical installation system occur that affect the available fault connecting means, the available fault current shall be verified or recalculated ensure the elevator equipment's short-circuit current rating is sufficient for the rent at the line terminals of the equipment. The required field marking(s) shall lect the new level of available fault current.
Statement of Proble The use of the word equipment that the or available fault curren ensure the Code incl shall be recalculated	EXAMPLE AT ALL OF ADDALATE AND SET UP: "installation" implies the scope of changes is limited to only the conductors and wner has installed. However, one of the most common changes that affect the t is at the utility transformer. Using the word "system" instead of "installation" will udes any changes like this within its scope for when the available fault current
Submitter Information	on Verification
Submitter Full Name	e: Ryan Walden
Organization:	Eaton - Bussmann
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Tue Sep 05 17:36:06 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Stateme	nt
Resolution: The pro	pposed revision does not provide any clarification. Section 110.24(B) refers to the cal installation' not the 'electrical system'.

Public Ir	nput No. 3428-NEPA 70-2023 [Section No. 620.51(E)]
FPA	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
(E) Surg	e Protection.
Where an emergence load, a lis integral pa	y of the disconnecting means in 620.51 has been designated as supplying an y system load, a legally required system load, or a critical operation power system ted SPD shall be installed <u>A surge-protective device (SPD) shall be provided as an</u> art or installed immediately adjacent to the disconnecting means.
tatement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This public in immediately a "designation. Proposal 12- safety and re circuits are ju designated a	put revises the section to require the SPD to be installed as an integral part or installed adjacent to the disconnecting means required in 620.51 regardless of the load "This language matches that used in section 230.67 and meets the original intent of 49 during the 2014 NEC cycle and Public Input 2794 during the 2017 NEC cycle. The liability of all elevator, dumbwaiter, escalator, moving walk, platform lift, or stairway chain ist as essential under normally operating conditions as it is for this same equipment whe s an emergency, legally required system, or COPS load.
ubmitter Info	ormation Verification
Submitter Fu	III Name: Megan Hayes
Organizatior	I: NEMA
Street Addre	ss:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Da	Ite: Sat Sep 02 20:38:02 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
ommittee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8682-NFPA 70-2024
	This revision specifies that the surge protection is as required in article 242, Part I. The

620.62 Selectiv	ve Coordination
(A) General	
Where more tha the overcurrent p selectively coord (OCPDs).	n one driving machine disconnecting means is supplied by the same source, protective devices in <u>(OCPDs) in</u> each disconnecting means shall be linated with any other supply-side overcurrent protective devices <u>and load-si</u>
Selective coordi person engaged selection and de design, install, ir	nation shall be selected by a licensed professional engineer or other qualifier primarily in the design, installation, or maintenance of electrical systems. The evice settings shall be documented and made available to those authorized to aspect, maintain, and operate the system.
<u>(B) Replacemen</u>	<u>ts.</u>
Where elevator coordination is n	<u>system(s) OCPDs are replaced, they shall be reevaluated to ensure selective naintained with all supply-side and load-side OCPDs.</u>
(C) Modification	<u>S.</u>
<u>If modifications,</u> the elevator syst	<u>additions, or deletions to the elevator system(s) occur, selective coordinatior</u> tem(s) OCPDs with all supply-side and load-side OCPDs shall be reevaluate
Exception: Sele located in serie	ective coordination shall not be required between two overcurrent devices s if no loads are connected in parallel with the downstream device.
	·····
tement of Probl	em and Substantiation for Public Input
tement of Probl Selective coordinati that it is important th Sections 700.32(B)	em and Substantiation for Public Input on is vital to ensure the reliability of elevator systems. The NEC has establis hat selective coordination be maintained throughout the life of the system in and (C), 701.32(B) and (C), and 708.54(B) and (C).
tement of Probl Selective coordinati that it is important tl Sections 700.32(B) Selective coordinati settings and the ava replaced, it will direct	em and Substantiation for Public Input on is vital to ensure the reliability of elevator systems. The NEC has establis hat selective coordination be maintained throughout the life of the system in and (C), 701.32(B) and (C), and 708.54(B) and (C). on is achieved and verified based on the specific OCPDs and their ratings at ailable fault current at the time of installation. If any OCPDs supplying elevator ctly affect whether the OCPDs supplying elevators remains selectively coord
tement of Probl Selective coordinati that it is important th Sections 700.32(B) Selective coordinati settings and the ava replaced, it will direct Selective coordinati addition of any OCF transformers or con supplying elevators selective coordination	em and Substantiation for Public Input on is vital to ensure the reliability of elevator systems. The NEC has establis hat selective coordination be maintained throughout the life of the system in and (C), 701.32(B) and (C), and 708.54(B) and (C). on is achieved and verified based on the specific OCPDs and their ratings at ailable fault current at the time of installation. If any OCPDs supplying elevator ctly affect whether the OCPDs supplying elevators remains selectively coord on should also be reevaluated after the replacement, modification, deletion, PDs supplying elevators. Additionally, modifications to supply equipment, incl ductor lengths, may result in changes to the available fault currents at the OC . Therefore, to ensure selective coordination through the life of the system, on should be re-evaluated after these changes are made.
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Committee Statement		
Resolution:	FR-8703-NFPA 70-2024	
Statement:	This revision is necessary to provide clarification that if any component in the system is replaced, the selective coordination needs to be reevaluated. Exception and informational note were added to provide clarity to the requirement for how the devices selectively coordinate with each other.	





Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This public input will result in improved clarity and usability of the Code with regards to selective coordination of elevator systems in the event of a short-circuit that results in loss of power to elevators which may be required for egress or first responder use.

The current language can be interpreted that only the overcurrent protective device in the elevator disconnecting means, as required by NEC 620.51, is the only overcurrent protective device that needs to be selectively coordinated with all supply-side overcurrent protective devices. However, it is possible that a short-circuit upstream of the overcurrent protective device in the elevator disconnecting means, could also cause a lack of selective coordination.

This public input clarifies that selective coordination needs to consider all overcurrent protective devices supplying elevators to assure an overcurrent condition will not result in loss of power to another elevator. An informational note and figure is added similar to that in NEC 700.32, 701.32 and 708.54.

Note: the exception shows new in Terra, but it is not new.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name:	Daniel Neeser
Organization:	Eatons Bussmann Division
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Thu Aug 17 12:16:28 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8703-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision is necessary to provide clarification that if any component in the system is replaced, the selective coordination needs to be reevaluated. Exception and informational note were added to provide clarity to the requirement for how the devices selectively coordinate with each other.

620.62 Selectiv	ve Coordination.
Where more that the overcurrent with any other s duration extend	In one driving machine disconnecting means is supplied by the same source, protective devices in each disconnecting means shall be selectively coordinated upply-side overcurrent protective devices <u>for the period of time that a fault's</u> <u>s beyond 0</u> . <u>1</u> second.
Selective coord person engaged selection and de design, install, i	nation shall be selected by a licensed professional engineer or other qualified d primarily in the design, installation, or maintenance of electrical systems. The evice settings shall be documented and made available to those authorized to nspect, maintain, and operate the system.
Exception: Sel	ective coordination shall not be required between two overcurrent devices is if no loads are connected in parallel with the downstream device.
tement of Prob In 2012, NFPA 99 t 4.4.2.1.2.1 Selectiv be selectively coord in Article 517.31(G) electrical system sh second." Health care is a crit systems.	Hem and Substantiation for Public Input the Technical Committee on Electrical System realized this issue and stated that e Coordination – Overcurrent devices serving the essential electrical systems sh dinated down to 0.1 second. This then became part of the National Electrical Co e stating that "Coordination. Overcurrent protective devices serving the essential hall be coordinated for the period of time that a fault's duration extends beyond 0 cical system that deemed this to be a safer way to proceed with their electrical
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tement of Prob In 2012, NFPA 99 t 4.4.2.1.2.1 Selectiv be selectively coord in Article 517.31(G) electrical system sh second." Health care is a crit systems. Distinguisting formation Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	Rem and Substantiation for Public Input The Technical Committee on Electrical System realized this issue and stated that a Coordination – Overcurrent devices serving the essential electrical systems sh dinated down to 0.1 second. This then became part of the National Electrical Co o stating that "Coordination. Overcurrent protective devices serving the essential hall be coordinated for the period of time that a fault's duration extends beyond 0 dical system that deemed this to be a safer way to proceed with their electrical tion Verification me: Steve Chutka Siemens Thu Sep 07 16:34:29 EDT 2023

Public II	nput No. 3038-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 620.84]		
620.84	Escalators, Moving Walks, Platform Lifts, and Stairway Chairlifts.		
Escalator <u>grounding</u>	Escalators, moving walks, platform lifts, and stairway chairlifts shall comply with Article- 250 the grounding and bonding requirements stated elsewhere in this Code.		
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input		
Section 4.1.4 where requir requirements section, I bel the Code" to part of Article	A of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article other than Article 100 or ed for Context. Additionally, Section 90. applies so unless this section is modifying the s of Article 250, it really should be deleted entirely. If the committee chooses to keep the ieve it should just point to the "grounding and bonding requirements stated elsewhere in meet the style manual requirements. Alternatively, the committee could point to a specific e 250.		
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification		
Submitter F	ull Name: Richard Holub		
Organization Street Addre	n: The DuPont Company, Inc.		
City:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
State:			
Zip:			
Submittal D	ate: Tue Aug 29 07:56:54 EDT 2023		
Committee:	NEC-P12		
Committee St	atement		
Resolution:	FR-8708-NFPA 70-2024		
Statement:	This change complies with 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.1.4 which prohibits the reference to entire articles. The section was removed because these requirements are redundant with general Article 250.		

Public I NFPA Sections]]	nput No. 3040-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 620.91 [Excluding any Sub
Elevator	s shall be permitted to be powered by an emergency or standby power system.
Inf an	ormational Note No. 1: See ASME A17.1-2016/CSA B44-16, <i>Safety Code for Elevators d Escalators</i> , 2.27.2, for additional information.
Inf or eq ma ca wit	ormational Note No. 2: When an elevator is classified as a fire service access elevator occupant evacuation operation elevator, some building codes require the elevator uipment, elevator hoistway lighting, ventilation and cooling equipment for elevator achine rooms, control rooms, machine spaces, and control spaces as well as elevator r lighting to be supplied by <u>a legally required</u> standby power systems- in compliance th Article 701.
Section 4.1. Article 100 or required sta take the use specific part	4 of the NEC(r) style manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of or where required for context. In this case, changing the reference here to a "legally ndby system" should be sufficient as there is both a table of contents and an index that w or to the proper article. Alternatively, the panel could choose to provide a pointer to a t of the article as appropriate.
Submitter F	Full Name: Richard Holub
Organizatio	n: The DuPont Company, Inc.
City: State: Zip: Submittal D	Date: Tue Aug 29 08:03:30 EDT 2023
Committee	: NEC-P12
Committee S	statement
Resolution	: FR-8711-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision adds 'a legally required' to 'standby system' as 'a legally required stand-by system' is a term that has been used in the Code for many editions. This change



(A) Power-Supply Cord.

The cable for cord-connected electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE) shall comply with all of the following:

- (1) Be any of the types specified in 625.17(B)(1) or hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types in accordance with Table 400.4. Hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types shall be listed, as applicable, for exposure to oil and damp and wet locations.
- (2) Have an ampacity as specified in Table 400.5(A)(1) or, for 8 AWG and larger, in the 60°C (140°F) columns of Table 400.5(A)(2).
- (3) Have an overall length as specified in either of the following:
 - (4) <u>When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 625.22</u> is located within the enclosure of the supply equipment or charging system, the powersupply cord shall be not more than the length indicated in (i) or (ii):
 - (5) For portable equipment in accordance with <u>625.44(A)</u>, the power-supply cord shall be not more than 300 mm (12 in.) long.
 - (6) For fastened-in-place equipment in accordance with <u>625.44(B)</u>, the power-supply cord shall be not more than 1.8 m (6 ft) long and the equipment shall be installed at a height that prevents the power-supply cord from contacting the floor when it is connected to the proper receptacle.
 - (7) When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 625.22 is located at the attachment plug, or within the first 300 mm (12 in.) of the power-supply cord, the overall cord length shall be not greater than 4.6 m (15 ft).

(B) Output Cable to Electric Vehicles.

The output cable to electric vehicles shall be one of the following:

- (1) Listed Type EV, EVJ, EVE, EVJE, EVT, or EVJT flexible cable as specified in Table 400.4
- (2) An integral part of listed electric vehicle supply equipment

Informational Note No. 1: See UL 2594-2016, *Standard for Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment*, for information on conductive electric vehicle supply equipment.

Informational Note No. 2: See UL 2202-2009, *Standard for Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging System Equipment*, for information on conductive electric vehicle charging equipment.

(C) Overall Cord and Cable Length.

The overall usable length shall not exceed 7.5 m (25 ft) unless equipped with a cable management system that is part of the listed electric vehicle supply equipment.

(1) Portable Equipment.

For portable EVSE, the cord-exposed usable length shall be measured from the face of the attachment plug to the face of the electric vehicle connector.

(2) Fastened-in-Place.

Where the EVSE is fastened-in-place, the usable length of the output cable to the electric vehicle shall be measured from the cable exit of the electric vehicle supply equipment to the face of the electric vehicle connector.

Where the wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE) is fastened-in-place, the output cable to the primary pad shall be measured from the cable exit of the control box to the cable inlet at the primary pad.

(D) Interconnecting Cabling Systems.

Other cabling systems that are integral parts of listed EVSE and are intended to interconnect pieces of equipment within an EVSE system using approved installation methods shall be permitted.

625.22 Personnel Protection System.

EVSE shall have a listed system of protection against electric shock of personnel. Where cordand-plug-connected equipment is used, the interrupting device of a listed personnel protection system shall be provided according to 625.17(A). A personnel protection system shall not be required for EVSE that supplies less than 60 volts dc.

Part III. Installation

625.40 Electric Vehicle Branch Circuit.

Each outlet installed for the purpose of supplying EVSE greater than 16 amperes or 120 volts shall be supplied by an individual branch circuit.

Exception: Branch circuits shall be permitted to feed multiple EVSEs as permitted by 625.42(A) or (B).

625.41 Overcurrent Protection.

Overcurrent protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and WPTE, including bidirectional EVSE and WPTE, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have a current rating of not less than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a current rating of not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the continuous loads.

625.42 Rating.

The EVSE shall have sufficient rating to supply the load served. Electric vehicle charging loads shall be considered to be continuous loads for the purposes of this article. Service and feeder shall be sized in accordance with the product ratings, unless the overall rating of the installation can be limited through controls as permitted by 625.42(A) or (B).

(A) Energy Management System (EMS).

Where an EMS in accordance with 750.30 provides load management of EVSE, the maximum equipment load on a service and feeder shall be the maximum load permitted by the EMS. The EMS shall be permitted to be integral to one piece of equipment or integral to a listed system consisting of more than one piece of equipment. When one or more pieces of equipment are provided with an integral load management control, the system shall be marked to indicate this control is provided.

(B) EVSE with Adjustable Settings.

EVSE with restricted access to an ampere adjusting means complying with 750.30(C) shall be permitted. If adjustments have an impact on the rating label, those changes shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and the adjusted rating shall appear on the rating label with sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. EVSEas referenced shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are equal to the adjusted current setting.

625.43 Disconnecting Means.

For EVSE and WPTE rated more than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

625.44 Equipment Connection.

EVSE and WPTE shall be connected to the premises wiring system in accordance with one of the methods in 625.44(A) through (C).

(A) Portable Equipment.

Portable equipment shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one or more of the following methods:

- (1) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes
- (2) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes
- (3) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire or 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 30 or 50 amperes, or 125/250 volts, single-phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes
- (4) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes
- (B) Fastened-in-Place Equipment.

Equipment that is fastened-in-place shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one of the following methods:

- (1) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125 volts or 250 volts, single phase, up to 50 amperes
- (2) A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 250 volts, three phase, up to 50 amperes
- (3) A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125/250 volts, single phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes
- (4) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes

(C) Fixed-in-Place Equipment.

All other EVSE and WPTE shall be permanently wired and fixed-in-place to the supporting surface.

625.46 Loss of Primary Source.

Means shall be provided such that, upon loss of voltage from the utility or other electrical system(s), energy cannot be back fed through the electric vehicle and the supply equipment to the premises wiring system unless permitted by 625.48.

625.47 Multiple Feeder or Branch Circuits.

Where equipment is identified for the application, more than one feeder or branch circuit shall be permitted to supply equipment.

625.48 Interactive Equipment.

EVSE or WPTE that incorporates a power export function and that is part of an interactive system that serves as an optional standby system, an electric power production source, or a bidirectional power feed shall be listed and marked as suitable for that purpose. When used as an optional standby system, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 702 shall apply; when used as an electric power production source, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 705 shall apply. EVPE that provides a receptacle outlet as its point of power export shall be in accordance with 625.60.

Informational Note No. 1: See UL 1741, *Inverters, Converters, Controllers and Interconnection System Equipment for Use with Distributed Energy Resources*, for further information on supply equipment.

Informational Note No. 2: See UL 9741, *Bidirectional Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging System Equipment*, for vehicle interactive systems.

Informational Note No. 3: See SAE J3072, *Standard for Interconnection Requirements for Onboard, Utility-Interactive Inverter Systems*, for further information.

625.49 Island Mode.

EVPE and bidirectional EVSE that incorporate a power export function shall be permitted to be a part of an interconnected power system operating in island mode.

625.50 Location.

The EVSE shall be located for direct electrical coupling of the EV connector (conductive or inductive) to the electric vehicle. Unless specifically listed and marked for the location, the coupling means of the EVSE shall be stored or located at a height of not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above the floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above the grade level for outdoor locations. This requirement does not apply to portable EVSE constructed in accordance with 625.44(A).

625.52 Ventilation.

The ventilation requirement for charging an electric vehicle in an indoor enclosed space shall be determined by 625.52(A) or (B).

(A) Ventilation Not Required.

Where electric vehicle storage batteries are used or where the equipment is listed for charging electric vehicles indoors without ventilation, mechanical ventilation shall not be required.

(B) Ventilation Required.

Where the equipment is listed for charging electric vehicles that require ventilation for indoor charging, mechanical ventilation, such as a fan, shall be provided. The ventilation shall include both supply and exhaust equipment and shall be permanently installed and located to intake from, and vent directly to, the outdoors. Positive-pressure ventilation systems shall be permitted only in vehicle charging buildings or areas that have been specifically designed and approved for that application. Mechanical ventilation requirements shall be determined by one of the methods specified in 625.52(B)(1) through (B)(4).

(1) Table Values.
For supply voltages and currents specified in Table 625.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 625.52(B)(1)(2), the minimum ventilation requirements shall be as specified in Table 625.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 625.52(B)(1)(2) for each of the total number of electric vehicles that can be charged at one time.

Table 625.52(B)(1)(1) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Meters per Minute (m³/min) for Each of the Total Number of Electric Vehicles That Can Be Charged at One Time

	Ξ	Ξ				Bra	nch-Ci	rcuit Voltage	Ξ
Branch-		Ξ	<u>Sir</u>	<u>ngle Pha</u>	se -			<u>3 Pha</u>	<u>se</u>
<u>Circuit</u> <u>Ampere</u> <u>Rating</u>	<u>DC</u> ≧ <u>50 V</u>	<u>120 V</u>	<u>208 V</u>	<u>240 V</u> 120/24	<u>or</u> 0 V	<u>208 V or</u> 208Y/120 V	<u>240 V</u>	<u>480 V or</u> <u>480Y/277 V</u>	<u>600 V or</u> 600Y/347 V
15	0.5	1.1	1.8	2.1	-			_	
20	0.6	1.4	2.4	2.8	-	4.2	4.8	9.7	12
30	0.9	2.1	3.6	4.2	-	6.3	7.2	15	18
40	1.2	2.8	4.8	5.6	-	8.4	9.7	19	24
50	1.5	3.5	6.1	7.0	-	10	12	24	30
60	1.8	4.2	7.3	8.4	-	13	15	29	36
100	2.9	7.0	12	14	-	21	24	48	60
150	_	—	_		-	31	36	73	91
200	_	_	_		-	42	48	97	120
250		_	_	_	-	52	60	120	150
300		—	_		-	63	73	145	180
350		_	_		-	73	85	170	210
400		—	_		-	84	97	195	240

Table 625.52(B)(1)(2) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Feet per Minute (cfm) for Each of the Total Number of Electric Vehicles That Can Be Charged at One Time

	Ξ	Ξ				<u>Bra</u>	nch-Ci	rcuit Voltage	Ξ
Branch-		Ξ	<u>Sir</u>	<u>ngle Phase</u>	=			<u>3 Pha</u>	<u>se</u>
<u>Circuit</u> <u>Ampere</u> <u>Rating</u>	<u>DC</u> ≧ <u>50V</u>	<u>120 V</u>	<u>208 V</u>	<u>240 V or</u> 120/240 V	=	<u>208 V or</u> 208Y/120 V	<u>240 V</u>	<u>480 V or</u> 480Y/277 V	<u>600 V or</u> 600Y/347 V
15	15.4	37	64	74	-	_	_		
20	20.4	49	85	99	-	148	171	342	427
30	30.8	74	128	148	-	222	256	512	641
40	41.3	99	171	197	-	296	342	683	854
50	51.3	123	214	246	-	370	427	854	1066
60	61.7	148	256	296	-	444	512	1025	1281
100	102.5	246	427	493	-	740	854	1708	2135
150		—	_	_	-	1110	1281	2562	3203
200	—	—	—	—	-	1480	1708	3416	4270
250		—	_	—	-	1850	2135	4270	5338
300		_			-	2221	2562	5125	6406
350	_	—	—	—	-	2591	2989	5979	7473
400		_	_		-	2961	3416	6832	8541

(2) Other Values. For supply voltages and currents other than specified in Table 625.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 625.52(B)(1)(2), the minimum ventilation requirements shall be calculated by means of the following general formulas, as applicable: (1) Single-phase ac or dc: Ventilation_{single-phase} ac or dc in cubic meters per minute (m³/min) = $\frac{(\text{volts})(\text{amperes})}{1718}$ [625.52(B)(2 Ventilationsingle-phase ac or dc in cubic feet per minute (cfm) = $\frac{(\text{volts})(\text{amperes})}{48.7}$ [625.52(B)(2 (2) Three-phase ac: Ventilation_{3-phase} in cubic meters per minute (m³/min) = $\frac{1.732(\text{volts})(\text{amperes})}{1718}$ [625.52(B)(2 Ventilation3-phase in cubic feet per minute (cfm) = $\frac{1.732(\text{volts})(\text{amperes})}{48.7}$ [625.52(B)(2 (3) Engineered Systems. For an equipment ventilation system designed by a person qualified to perform such calculations as an integral part of a building's total ventilation system, the minimum ventilation requirements shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with calculations specified in the engineering study. (4) Supply Circuits.

The supply circuit to the mechanical ventilation equipment shall be electrically interlocked with the equipment and shall remain energized during the entire electric vehicle charging cycle. Equipment receptacles rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 and 20 amperes shall be switched and the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the receptacle. Equipment supplied from less than 50 volts dc shall be switched and the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the equipment.

625.54 Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.

All receptacles installed for the connection of electric vehicle charging shall have ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection for personnel.

625.56 Receptacle Enclosures.

All receptacles installed in a wet location for electric vehicle charging shall have an enclosure that is weatherproof with the attachment plug cap inserted or removed. An outlet box hood installed for this purpose shall be listed and shall be identified as extra duty. Other listed products, enclosures, or assemblies providing weatherproof protection that do not utilize an outlet box hood shall not be required to be marked extra duty.

625.60 AC Receptacle Outlets Used for EVPE.

AC receptacles installed in electric vehicles and intended to allow for connection of off-board utilization equipment shall comply with 625.60(A) through (D).

(A) Type.

The receptacle outlet shall be listed.

(B) Rating.

The receptacle outlet shall be rated 250 volts maximum, single phase 50 amperes maximum.

(C) Overcurrent Protection.

Electric vehicles provided with receptacle outlets for power export shall be provided with overcurrent protection integral to the power export system. The overcurrent protection shall have a nominal rating sufficient for the receptacle it protects. The overcurrent protection shall also be sufficiently rated for the maximum available fault current at the receptacle and shall be included in the interactive equipment evaluation. See 625.48.

(D) GFCI Protection for Personnel.

Ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection for personnel shall be provided for all receptacles. The ground-fault circuit-interrupter indication and reset shall be installed in a readily accessible location.

Informational Note: There are various methods available to achieve ground-fault circuitinterrupter protection.

Part IV. Wireless Power Transfer Equipment

625.101 Grounding.

The primary pad base plate shall be of a nonferrous metal and shall be connected to the circuit equipment grounding conductor unless the listed WPTE employs a double-insulation system. The base plate shall be sized to match the size of the primary pad enclosure.

625.102 Installation.

(A) General.

The control pad, if included in the WPTE configuration, shall comply with 625.102(B). The primary pad shall comply with 625.102(C).

(B) Control Box.

The control box enclosure shall be suitable for the environment and shall be mounted at a height not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above the floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above grade level for outdoor locations. The control box shall be mounted in one of the following forms:

- (1) Pedestal
- (2) Wall or pole
- (3) Building or structure
- (4) Raised concrete pad
- (C) Primary Pad.

The primary pad shall be installed secured to the surface or embedded in the surface of the floor with its top flush with the surface or below the surface, all per manufacturer's instructions and the following:

(1) If the primary pad is located in an area requiring snow removal, it shall not be located on or above the surface.

Exception: Where installed on private property where snow removal is done manually, the primary pad shall be permitted to be installed on or above the surface.

(2) The primary pad enclosure shall be suitable for the environment. If the primary pad is located in an area subject to severe climatic conditions (e.g., flooding), the enclosure shall be suitably rated for those conditions.

1 1	
(D) Protection of	Cords and Cables to the Primary Pad.
The output cable to purpose of restrict conditions where of protection.	to the primary pad shall be secured in place over its entire length for the ing its movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. If installed in drive-over could occur, the cable shall be provided with supplemental
Where there is no secured in place in Where subject to	control box, the cord or cable supplying power to the primary pad shall be n order to restrict movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. vehicular traffic, supplemental protection shall be provided.
(E) Other Wiring	Systems.
Other wiring syste	ms and fittings specifically listed for use on the WPTE shall be permitted.
Statement of Proble	m and Substantiation for Public Input
Since the updates to 70, these need to be locations.	NFPA 30A that covered such a condition were eliminated in 30A to be covered in defined in 70 for the sake of the AHJ and to ensure reasonable safety at these
Submitter Informatio	on Verification
Submitter Full Name	a: Randy Moses
Organization:	Dover Fueling Systems
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Aug 30 10:10:09 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Statemer	nt
Resolution: Installat	ion of EV equipment in hazardous locations is covered by Chapter 5.

625.43

If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

Replace the above with:

The disconnecting means shall be located within site and no more than fifty (50) feet from the EVSE and WPTE. This disconnect may include a shunt-trip circuit breaker with a remote initiating device that meets the above location.

Why:

After meeting with many Rhode Island Arson Investigators I have learned about the many incidents with Lithium batteries. These batteries, along with the charging stations adding energy to this EV's when a fire breaks out will only add to the situation. With a disconnecting means in the area it will remove one of the adds to an already hazardous situation when a battery fire is involved.

This, I feel will be in line with 230.85, keeping our first responders safe.



Article 627 Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Power Transfer System

Part I. General

627.1 Scope.

This article covers the electrical conductors and equipment connecting an electric self-propelled vehicle (ESV) to premises wiring for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow.

627.4 Voltages.

<u>Unless other voltages are specified, the nominal ac system voltages of 120, 120/240, 208Y/120,</u> 240, 480Y/277, 480, 600Y/347, 600, or 1000 volts or dc system input voltages of up to 1000 volts shall be used to supply equipment covered by this article. Output voltages to the ESV are not specified.

627.6 Listed.

<u>Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Supply Equipment (ESVSE) including power supply cords for the</u> <u>purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow shall be listed.</u>

Part II. Equipment Construction

627.17 Cords and Cables.

(A) Power-Supply Cord.

The cable for cord-connected ESVSE shall comply with all of the following:

(1) Be any of the types specified in 627.17(B)(1) or hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types in accordance with Table 400.4. Hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types shall be listed, as applicable, for exposure to oil and damp and wet locations.

(2) Have an ampacity as specified in Table 400.5(A)(1) or, for 8 AWG and larger, in the 60°C (140°F) columns of Table 400.5(A)(2).

(3) Have an overall length as specified in either of the following:

a. When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 627.22 is located within the enclosure of the supply equipment or charging system, the power-supply cord shall be not more than the length indicated in (i) or (ii):

(i) For portable equipment in accordance with 627.44(A), the power-supply cord shall be not more than 300 mm (12 in.) long.

(ii) For fastened-in-place equipment in accordance with 627.44(B), the power-supply cord shall be not more than 1.8 m (6 ft) long and the equipment shall be installed at a height that prevents the power-supply cord from contacting the floor when it is connected to the proper receptacle.

<u>b. When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 627.22 is</u> <u>located at the attachment plug, or within the first 300 mm (12 in.) of the power-supply cord, the</u> <u>overall cord length shall be not greater than 4.6 m (15 ft).</u>

(B) Output Cable to ESV.

The output cable to an ESV shall be one of the following:

(1) Listed Type EV, EVJ, EVE, EVJE, EVT, or EVJT flexible cable as specified in Table 400.4

(2) An integral part of listed ESVSE.

(C) Overall Cord and Cable Length.

<u>The overall usable length shall not exceed 7.5 m (25 ft) unless equipped with a cable</u> <u>management system that is part of the listed ESVSE.</u>

(1) Portable Equipment.

For portable ESVSE, the cord-exposed usable length shall be measured from the face of the attachment plug to the face of the ESV connector.

(2) Fastened-in-Place.

Where the ESVSE is fastened-in-place, the usable length of the output cable to the ESV shall be measured from the cable exit of the ESVSE to the face of the ESV connector.

<u>Where wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE) is fastened-in-place, the output cable to the</u> <u>primary pad shall be measured from the cable exit of the control box to the cable inlet at the</u> <u>primary pad.</u>

(D) Interconnecting Cabling Systems.

Other cabling systems that are integral parts of listed supply equipment and are intended to interconnect pieces of equipment within an ESVSE system using approved installation methods shall be permitted.

627.22 Personnel Protection System.

ESVSE shall have a listed system of protection against electric shock of personnel. Where cord-and-plug-connected equipment is used, the interrupting device of a listed personnel protection system shall be provided according to 627.17(A). A personnel protection system shall not be required for power transfer equipment that supplies less than 60 volts dc.

Part III. Installation

627.40 ESVSE Branch Circuit.

Each outlet installed for the purpose of supplying ESVSE supply equipment greater than 16 amperes, or 120 volts shall be supplied by an individual branch circuit.

Exception: Branch circuits shall be permitted to feed multiple ESVSE as permitted by 627.42(A) or (B).

627.41 Overcurrent Protection.

Overcurrent protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying ESVSE and WPTE, including bidirectional equipment, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have a current rating of not less than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a current rating of not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the continuous loads.

627.42 Rating.

<u>The ESVSE shall have sufficient rating to supply the load served. Charging loads shall be</u> <u>considered to be continuous loads for the purposes of this article. Service and feeder shall be</u> <u>sized in accordance with the product ratings, unless the overall rating of the installation can be</u> <u>limited through controls as permitted by 627.42(A) or (B).</u>

(A) Energy Management System (EMS).

Where an EMS in accordance with 750.30 provides load management of ESVSE, the maximum equipment load on a service and feeder shall be the maximum load permitted by the EMS. The EMS shall be permitted to be integral to one piece of equipment or integral to a listed system consisting of more than one piece of equipment. When one or more pieces of equipment are provided with an integral load management control, the system shall be marked to indicate this control is provided.

(B) Supply Equipment with Adjustable Settings.

<u>Supply equipment with restricted access to an ampere adjusting means complying</u> with 750.30(C) shall be permitted. If adjustments have an impact on the rating label, those changes shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and the adjusted rating shall appear on the rating label with sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. Supply equipment as referenced shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are equal to the adjusted current setting.

627.43 Disconnecting Means.

For supply equipment rated more than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

627.44 Equipment Connection.

ESVSE and WPTE shall be connected to the premises wiring system in accordance with one of the methods in 627.44(A) through (C).

(A) Portable Equipment.

Portable equipment shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one or more of the following methods:

(1) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes

(2) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes

(3) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire or 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 30 or 50 amperes, or 125/250 volts, single-phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes

(4) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes

(B) Fastened-in-Place Equipment.

Equipment that is fastened-in-place shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one of the following methods:

(1) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125 volts or 250 volts, single phase, up to 50 amperes

(2) A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 250 volts, three phase, up to 50 amperes

(3) A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125/250 volts, single phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes

(4) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes

(C) Fixed-in-Place Equipment.

All other ESVSE and WPTE shall be permanently wired and fixed-in-place to the supporting surface.

627.46 Loss of Primary Source.

<u>Means shall be provided such that, upon loss of voltage from the utility or other electrical</u> <u>system(s), energy cannot be back fed through the ESV and the supply equipment to the</u> <u>premises wiring system unless permitted by 627.48.</u>

627.47 Multiple Feeder or Branch Circuits.

Where equipment is identified for the application, more than one feeder or branch circuit shall be permitted to supply equipment.

627.48 Interactive Equipment.

ESVSE or WPTE that incorporates a power export function and that is part of an interactive system that serves as an optional standby system, an electric power production source, or a bidirectional power feed shall be listed and marked as suitable for that purpose. When used as an optional standby system, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 702 shall apply; when used as an electric power production source, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 705 shall apply. EVPE that provides a receptacle outlet as its point of power export shall be in accordance with 627.60.

627.49 Island Mode.

<u>ESVPE</u> and bidirectional ESVSE that incorporate a power export function shall be permitted to be a part of an interconnected power system operating in island mode.

627.50 Location.

The ESVSE shall be located for direct electrical coupling of the ESV connector (conductive or inductive) to the ESV. Unless specifically listed and marked for the location, the coupling means of the ESV shall be stored or located at a height of not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above the floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above the grade level for outdoor locations. This requirement does not apply to portable ESVSE constructed in accordance with 627.44(A).

627.52 Ventilation.

The ventilation requirement for charging an ESV in an indoor enclosed space shall be determined by 627.52(A) or (B).

(A) Ventilation Not Required.

Where electric vehicle storage batteries are used or where the equipment is listed for charging electric vehicles indoors without ventilation, mechanical ventilation shall not be required.

(B) Ventilation Required.

Where the equipment is listed for charging electric vehicles that require ventilation for indoor charging, mechanical ventilation, such as a fan, shall be provided. The ventilation shall include both supply and exhaust equipment and shall be permanently installed and located to intake from, and vent directly to, the outdoors. Positive-pressure ventilation systems shall be permitted only in vehicle charging buildings or areas that have been specifically designed and approved for that application. Mechanical ventilation requirements shall be determined by one of the methods specified in 627.52(B)(1) through (B)(4).

(1) Table Values.

For supply voltages and currents specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2), the minimum ventilation requirements shall be as specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2) for each of the total number of electric vehicles that can be charged at one time.

Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Meters per Minute (m3/min) for Each Number of ESVs That Can Be Charged at One Time

Dronoh			Diancii-C	incuit voltage			
Brancn-		<u>Single</u>	<u>Phase</u>		<u>3 Phase</u>		
<u>Circuit</u> <u>Ampere</u> Poting	<u>DC</u>	120 \/	208.1/	<u>240 V or</u>	208 V or	240.1/	480 V or
<u>Itauny</u>	<u>2 30 v</u>	<u>120 v</u>	<u>200 v</u>	<u>120/240 v</u>	2001/120 0	<u>240 v</u>	<u>4001/277 v</u>
<u>15</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>1.1</u>	<u>1.8</u>	<u>2.1</u>	=	=	=
<u>20</u>	<u>0.6</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>2.4</u>	<u>2.8</u>	<u>4.2</u>	<u>4.8</u>	<u>9.7</u>
<u>30</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>3.6</u>	<u>4.2</u>	<u>6.3</u>	<u>7.2</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>40</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>2.8</u>	<u>4.8</u>	<u>5.6</u>	<u>8.4</u>	<u>9.7</u>	<u>19</u>
<u>50</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>6.1</u>	<u>7.0</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>1.8</u>	<u>4.2</u>	<u>7.3</u>	<u>8.4</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>29</u>
<u>100</u>	<u>2.9</u>	<u>7.0</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>150</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>31</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>73</u>
<u>200</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>42</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>97</u>
<u>250</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>52</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>120</u>

Branch-Circuit Voltage

			Branch-(<u> Circuit Voltage</u>				
<u>Branch-</u>		<u>Single</u>	Phase		<u>3 Phase</u>			
<u>Circuit</u>	DC				<u>208 V or</u>		480 \	<u>/ or</u>
<u>Ampere</u>	> 50 \ (400.14	000.14	<u>240 V or</u>	0001//4001/	0.40	1001	
Rating	<u>2 50 V</u>	<u>120 V</u>	<u>208 V</u>	<u>120/240 V</u>	<u>208Y/120 V</u>	240	<u>v 480 y</u>	<u>/2// V</u>
<u>300</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>63</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>145</u>	
<u>350</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>73</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>170</u>	
<u>400</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>84</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>195</u>	
<u>Table 627.</u> <u>Electric Ve</u>	<u>.52(B)(1)(2</u> ehicles Tha	<u>2) Minimu</u> at Can B	<u>um Venti</u> e Charge	lation Require	<u>d in Cubic Feet</u> <u>e</u>	<u>per Min</u>	<u>ute (cfm) for Ea</u>	<u>ach of th</u>
Branch-			Brancr	<u>1-Circuit voita</u>	<u>je</u>			
		<u>Single</u>	Phase		<u>3 Phase</u>			
<u>Circuit</u>	<u>DC</u>				<u>208 V or</u>		<u>480 V or</u>	<u>600 V</u>
<u>Ampere</u> <u>Rating</u>	<u>≥ 50V</u>	<u>120 V</u>	<u>208 V</u>	<u>240 V or</u> <u>120/240 V</u>	<u>208Y/120 V</u>	<u>240 V</u>	<u>480Y/277 V</u>	<u>600Y/3</u>
<u>15</u>	<u>15.4</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>64</u>	<u>74</u>	=	=	=	=
<u>20</u>	<u>20.4</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>99</u>	<u>148</u>	<u>171</u>	<u>342</u>	<u>427</u>
<u>30</u>	<u>30.8</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>128</u>	<u>148</u>	222	<u>256</u>	<u>512</u>	<u>641</u>
<u>40</u>	<u>41.3</u>	<u>99</u>	<u>171</u>	<u>197</u>	<u>296</u>	<u>342</u>	<u>683</u>	<u>854</u>
<u>50</u>	<u>51.3</u>	<u>123</u>	<u>214</u>	<u>246</u>	<u>370</u>	<u>427</u>	<u>854</u>	<u>1066</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>61.7</u>	<u>148</u>	<u>256</u>	<u>296</u>	<u>444</u>	<u>512</u>	<u>1025</u>	<u>1281</u>
<u>100</u>	<u>102.5</u>	<u>246</u>	<u>427</u>	<u>493</u>	<u>740</u>	<u>854</u>	<u>1708</u>	<u>2135</u>
<u>150</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>1110</u>	<u>1281</u>	<u>2562</u>	<u>3203</u>
<u>200</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>1480</u>	<u>1708</u>	<u>3416</u>	<u>4270</u>
<u>250</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>1850</u>	<u>2135</u>	<u>4270</u>	<u>5338</u>
<u>300</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>2221</u>	<u>2562</u>	<u>5125</u>	<u>6406</u>
					2591	<u>2989</u>	<u>5979</u>	7473
<u>350</u>	=	=		—				

(3) Engineered Systems.

For an equipment ventilation system designed by a person qualified to perform such calculations as an integral part of a building's total ventilation system, the minimum ventilation requirements shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with calculations specified in the engineering study.

(4) Supply Circuits.

The supply circuit to the mechanical ventilation equipment shall be electrically interlocked with the equipment and shall remain energized during the entire electric vehicle charging cycle. Equipment receptacles rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 and 20 amperes shall be switched, and the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the receptacle. Equipment supplied from less than 50 volts dc shall be switched and the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the receptacle.

627.54 Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.

<u>All receptacles installed for the connection of ESVSE shall have ground-fault circuit-interrupter</u> <u>protection for personnel.</u>

627.56 Receptacle Enclosures.

All receptacles installed in a wet location for electric vehicle charging shall have an enclosure that is weatherproof with the attachment plug cap inserted or removed. An outlet box hood installed for this purpose shall be listed and shall be identified as extra duty. Other listed products, enclosures, or assemblies providing weatherproof protection that do not utilize an outlet box hood shall not be required to be marked extra duty.

Part IV. Wireless Power Transfer Equipment

627.101 Grounding.

<u>The primary pad base plate shall be of a nonferrous metal and shall be connected to the circuit</u> <u>equipment grounding conductor unless the listed WPTE employs a double-insulation system.</u> <u>The base plate shall be sized to match the size of the primary pad enclosure.</u>

627.102 Installation.

(A) General.

The control pad, if included in the WPTE configuration, shall comply with 627.102(B). The primary pad shall comply with 627.102(C).

(B) Control Box.

<u>The control box enclosure shall be suitable for the environment and shall be mounted at a</u> <u>height not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above the floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.)</u> <u>above grade level for outdoor locations. The control box shall be mounted in one of the</u> <u>following forms:</u>

(1) Pedestal

- (2) Wall or pole
- (3) Building or structure

(4) Raised concrete pad

(C) Primary Pad.

<u>The primary pad shall be installed secured to the surface or embedded in the surface of the</u> <u>floor with its top flush with the surface or below the surface, all per manufacturer's instructions</u> <u>and the following:</u>

(1) If the primary pad is located in an area requiring snow removal, it shall not be located on or above the surface.

Exception: Where installed on private property where snow removal is done manually, the primary pad shall be permitted to be installed on or above the surface.

(2) The primary pad enclosure shall be suitable for the environment. If the primary pad is located in an area subject to severe climatic conditions (e.g., flooding), the enclosure shall be suitably rated for those conditions.

(D) Protection of Cords and Cables to the Primary Pad.

<u>The output cable to the primary pad shall be secured in place over its entire length for the</u> <u>purpose of restricting its movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. If installed in</u> conditions where drive-over could occur, the cable shall be provided with supplemental protection.

Where there is no control box, the cord or cable supplying power to the primary pad shall be secured in place in order to restrict movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. Where subject to vehicular traffic, supplemental protection shall be provided.

(E) Other Wiring Systems.

Other wiring systems and fittings specifically listed for use on the WPTE shall be permitted.

Additional Proposed Changes

File Name

Article_627_Electric_Self-Propelled_Vehicle_Power_Transfer_System_Rev1.docx Description New Article 627 in Word Format **Approved**

Relationship

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This public input adds a new Article recognizing that the existing Article 625 only applies to an electric vehicle which is a clearly defined term that does not include many other vehicle types that are also powered by batteries. In addition to this new Article there are other new proposed definitions related to Electric Self-Propelled Electric Vehicles. This public input recognizes that the existing definition of "electric vehicle" and all associated terms including the requirements found in Article 625 is limited only to automotive-type vehicles that are used on-road and does not recognize the many other electric vehicles that the NEC should be addressing. These other electric vehicles include but are not limited to electric forklifts, electric ground support equipment found at airports, electric tractor and other similar construction equipment, golf carts, and electric boats and electric ferries. This definition uses the term "Self-Propelled Vehicle" and "garage" and provides a more generic approach to categorize the many other types of electric vehicles.

Related Public Inputs for This Document

 Related Input

 Public Input No. 3894-NFPA 70-2023 [New Definition after Definition: Electric

 Power Production ...]

 Public Input No. 3893-NFPA 70-2023 [New Definition after Definition: Electric

 Power Production ...]

 Public Input No. 3887-NFPA 70-2023 [New Definition after Definition: Electric

 Power Production ...]

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Thomas DomitrovichOrganization:Eaton CorporationStreet Address:Image: City:City:State:State:Image: City:Submittal Date:Wed Sep 06 09:23:00 EDT 2023Committee:NEC-P12

Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-9039-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	The revision provides requirements to address a gap in the standard and to address new technology regarding electric vehicles that do not meet the definition of Electric Vehicle in Article 100. These other vehicles include but are not limited to electric forklifts, electric ground support equipment found at airports, electric tractor and other similar construction equipment, golf carts, and electric boats and electric ferries. Article 625 is limited only to automotive-type vehicles that are used on-road and does not recognize the many other vehicles. These requirements provide needed guidance for the charging of these vehicles and power export from these vehicles.

Article 627 Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Power Transfer System

Part I. General

627.1 Scope.

This article covers the electrical conductors and equipment connecting an electric selfpropelled vehicle (ESV) to premises wiring for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow.

627.4 Voltages.

Unless other voltages are specified, the nominal ac system voltages of 120, 120/240, 208Y/120, 240, 480Y/277, 480, 600Y/347, 600, or 1000 volts or dc system input voltages of up to 1000 volts shall be used to supply equipment covered by this article. Output voltages to the ESV are not specified.

627.6 Listed.

Electric Self-Propelled Vehicle Supply Equipment (ESVSE) including power supply cords for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow shall be listed.

Part II. Equipment Construction

627.17 Cords and Cables.

(A) Power-Supply Cord.

The cable for cord-connected ESVSE shall comply with all of the following:

(1) Be any of the types specified in 627.17(B)(1) or hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types in accordance with Table 400.4. Hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types shall be listed, as applicable, for exposure to oil and damp and wet locations.

(2) Have an ampacity as specified in Table 400.5(A)(1) or, for 8 AWG and larger, in the 60° C (140°F) columns of Table 400.5(A)(2).

(3) Have an overall length as specified in either of the following:

a. When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 627.22 is located within the enclosure of the supply equipment or charging system, the power-supply cord shall be not more than the length indicated in (i) or (ii):

(i) For portable equipment in accordance with 627.44(A), the power-supply cord shall be not more than 300 mm (12 in.) long.

(ii) For fastened-in-place equipment in accordance with 627.44(B), the powersupply cord shall be not more than 1.8 m (6 ft) long and the equipment shall be installed at a height that prevents the power-supply cord from contacting the floor when it is connected to the proper receptacle.

b. When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 627.22 is located at the attachment plug, or within the first 300 mm (12 in.) of the power-supply cord, the overall cord length shall be not greater than 4.6 m (15 ft).

(B) Output Cable to ESV.

The output cable to an ESV shall be one of the following:

(1) Listed Type EV, EVJ, EVE, EVJE, EVT, or EVJT flexible cable as specified in Table 400.4

(2) An integral part of listed ESVSE.

(C) Overall Cord and Cable Length.

The overall usable length shall not exceed 7.5 m (25 ft) unless equipped with a cable management system that is part of the listed ESVSE.

(1) Portable Equipment.

For portable ESVSE, the cord-exposed usable length shall be measured from the face of the attachment plug to the face of the ESV connector.

(2) Fastened-in-Place.

Where the ESVSE is fastened-in-place, the usable length of the output cable to the ESV shall be measured from the cable exit of the ESVSE to the face of the ESV connector.

Where wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE) is fastened-in-place, the output cable to the primary pad shall be measured from the cable exit of the control box to the cable inlet at the primary pad.

(D) Interconnecting Cabling Systems.

Other cabling systems that are integral parts of listed supply equipment and are intended to interconnect pieces of equipment within an ESVSE system using approved installation methods shall be permitted.

627.22 Personnel Protection System.

ESVSE shall have a listed system of protection against electric shock of personnel. Where cord-and-plug-connected equipment is used, the interrupting device of a listed personnel protection system shall be provided according to 627.17(A). A personnel protection system shall not be required for power transfer equipment that supplies less than 60 volts dc.

Part III. Installation

627.40 ESVSE Branch Circuit.

Each outlet installed for the purpose of supplying ESVSE supply equipment greater than 16 amperes, or 120 volts shall be supplied by an individual branch circuit.

Exception: Branch circuits shall be permitted to feed multiple ESVSE as permitted by 627.42(A) or (B).

627.41 Overcurrent Protection.

Overcurrent protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying ESVSE and WPTE, including bidirectional equipment, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have

a current rating of not less than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a current rating of not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the continuous loads.

627.42 Rating.

The ESVSE shall have sufficient rating to supply the load served. Charging loads shall be considered to be continuous loads for the purposes of this article. Service and feeder shall be sized in accordance with the product ratings, unless the overall rating of the installation can be limited through controls as permitted by 627.42(A) or (B).

(A) Energy Management System (EMS).

Where an EMS in accordance with 750.30 provides load management of ESVSE, the maximum equipment load on a service and feeder shall be the maximum load permitted by the EMS. The EMS shall be permitted to be integral to one piece of equipment or integral to a listed system consisting of more than one piece of equipment. When one or more pieces of equipment are provided with an integral load management control, the system shall be marked to indicate this control is provided.

(B) Supply Equipment with Adjustable Settings.

Supply equipment with restricted access to an ampere adjusting means complying with 750.30(C) shall be permitted. If adjustments have an impact on the rating label, those changes shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and the adjusted rating shall appear on the rating label with sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. Supply equipment as referenced shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are equal to the adjusted current setting.

627.43 Disconnecting Means.

For supply equipment rated more than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

627.44 Equipment Connection.

ESVSE and WPTE shall be connected to the premises wiring system in accordance with one of the methods in 627.44(A) through (C).

(A) Portable Equipment.

Portable equipment shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one or more of the following methods:

(1) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes

(2) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes

(3) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire or 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 30 or 50 amperes, or 125/250 volts, single-phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes

(4) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes

(B) Fastened-in-Place Equipment.

Equipment that is fastened-in-place shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one of the following methods:

(1) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125 volts or 250 volts, single phase, up to 50 amperes

(2) A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 250 volts, three phase, up to 50 amperes

(3) A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125/250 volts, single phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes

(4) A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes

(C) Fixed-in-Place Equipment.

All other ESVSE and WPTE shall be permanently wired and fixed-in-place to the supporting surface.

627.46 Loss of Primary Source.

Means shall be provided such that, upon loss of voltage from the utility or other electrical system(s), energy cannot be back fed through the ESV and the supply equipment to the premises wiring system unless permitted by 627.48.

627.47 Multiple Feeder or Branch Circuits.

Where equipment is identified for the application, more than one feeder or branch circuit shall be permitted to supply equipment.

627.48 Interactive Equipment.

ESVSE or WPTE that incorporates a power export function and that is part of an interactive system that serves as an optional standby system, an electric power production source, or a bidirectional power feed shall be listed and marked as suitable for that purpose. When used as an optional standby system, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 702 shall apply; when used as an electric power production source, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 705 shall apply. EVPE that provides a receptacle outlet as its point of power export shall be in accordance with 627.60.

627.49 Island Mode.

ESVPE and bidirectional ESVSE that incorporate a power export function shall be permitted to be a part of an interconnected power system operating in island mode.

627.50 Location.

The ESVSE shall be located for direct electrical coupling of the ESV connector (conductive or inductive) to the ESV. Unless specifically listed and marked for the location, the coupling means of the ESV shall be stored or located at a height of not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above the floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above the grade level for outdoor locations. This requirement does not apply to portable ESVSE constructed in accordance with 627.44(A).

627.52 Ventilation.

The ventilation requirement for charging an ESV in an indoor enclosed space shall be determined by 627.52(A) or (B).

(A) Ventilation Not Required.

Where electric vehicle storage batteries are used or where the equipment is listed for charging electric vehicles indoors without ventilation, mechanical ventilation shall not be required.

(B) Ventilation Required.

Where the equipment is listed for charging electric vehicles that require ventilation for indoor charging, mechanical ventilation, such as a fan, shall be provided. The ventilation shall include both supply and exhaust equipment and shall be permanently installed and located to intake from, and vent directly to, the outdoors. Positive-pressure ventilation systems shall be permitted only in vehicle charging buildings or areas that have been specifically designed and approved for that application. Mechanical ventilation requirements shall be determined by one of the methods specified in 627.52(B)(1) through (B)(4).

(1) Table Values.

For supply voltages and currents specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2), the minimum ventilation requirements shall be as specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2) for each of the total number of electric vehicles that can be charged at one time.

Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Meters per Minute (m3/min) for Each of the Total Number of ESVs That Can Be Charged at One Time

			Branch-(Circuit Voltage	9			
Branch-		Single I	Phase		3 Phase			
Circuit Ampere	DC			240 V or	208 V or		480 V or	600 V or
Rating	≥ 50 V	120 V	208 V	120/240 V	208Y/120 V	240 V	480Y/277 V	600Y/347 V
15	0.5	1.1	1.8	2.1	_	_	_	_
20	0.6	1.4	2.4	2.8	4.2	4.8	9.7	12
30	0.9	2.1	3.6	4.2	6.3	7.2	15	18
40	1.2	2.8	4.8	5.6	8.4	9.7	19	24
50	1.5	3.5	6.1	7.0	10	12	24	30
60	1.8	4.2	7.3	8.4	13	15	29	36
100	2.9	7.0	12	14	21	24	48	60
150	—	_	_	—	31	36	73	91
200	_	_	_	_	42	48	97	120

Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Meters per Minute (m3/min) for Each of the Total Number of ESVs That Can Be Charged at One Time

			Branch-C	Circuit Voltage	;			
Branch-		Single F	Phase		3 Phase			
Circuit Ampere	DC			240 V or	208 V or		480 V or	600 V or
Rating	≥ 50 V	120 V	208 V	120/240 V	208Y/120 V	240 V	480Y/277 V	600Y/347 V
250	_	_	_	_	52	60	120	150
300		_	_	_	63	73	145	180
350	—	_	_	—	73	85	170	210
400	_		_	_	84	97	195	240

Table 627.52(B)(1)(2) Minimum Ventilation Required in Cubic Feet per Minute (cfm) for Each of the Total Number of Electric Vehicles That Can Be Charged at One Time

			Dranor	Folloan Follag	0			
Branch-		Single F	Phase		3 Phase			
Circuit Ampere	DC			240 V or	208 V or		480 V or	600 V or
Rating	≥ 50V	120 V	208 V	120/240 V	208Y/120 V	240 V	480Y/277 V	600Y/347 V
15	15.4	37	64	74	_	_	_	_
20	20.4	49	85	99	148	171	342	427
30	30.8	74	128	148	222	256	512	641
40	41.3	99	171	197	296	342	683	854
50	51.3	123	214	246	370	427	854	1066
60	61.7	148	256	296	444	512	1025	1281
100	102.5	246	427	493	740	854	1708	2135
150	_	_	_	_	1110	1281	2562	3203
200	_	_	_	_	1480	1708	3416	4270
250	_	_	_	_	1850	2135	4270	5338
300	_	_	_	_	2221	2562	5125	6406
350	_	_	_	_	2591	2989	5979	7473
400	_	_	_	_	2961	3416	6832	8541

Branch-Circuit Voltage

(2) Other Values.

For supply voltages and currents other than specified in Table 627.52(B)(1)(1) or Table 627.52(B)(1)(2), the minimum ventilation requirements shall be calculated by means of the following general formulas, as applicable:

(1) Single-phase ac or dc:

Ventilation single - phase ac or dc in cubic meters per minute $\left(\frac{m^3}{min}\right) = \frac{(volts)(amperes)}{1718}$ [627.52(B)(2)a]Ventilation single - phase ac or dc in cubic feet per minute $(cfm) = \frac{(volts)(amperes)}{48.7}$ [627.52(B)(2)b]

(2) Three-phase ac:

 $Ventilation 3 - phase ac or dc in cubic meters per minute \left(\frac{m^3}{min}\right) = \frac{(1.732)(volts)(amperes)}{1718} \quad [627.52(B)(2)c]$ $Ventilation 3 - phase ac or dc in cubic feet per minute (cfm) = \frac{(1.732)(volts)(amperes)}{48.7} \quad [627.52(B)(2)d]$

(3) Engineered Systems.

For an equipment ventilation system designed by a person qualified to perform such calculations as an integral part of a building's total ventilation system, the minimum ventilation requirements shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with calculations specified in the engineering study.

(4) Supply Circuits.

The supply circuit to the mechanical ventilation equipment shall be electrically interlocked with the equipment and shall remain energized during the entire electric vehicle charging cycle. Equipment receptacles rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 and 20 amperes shall be switched, and the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the receptacle. Equipment supplied from less than 50 volts dc shall be switched and the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the receptacle ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the mechanical ventilation system shall be electrically interlocked through the switch supply power to the equipment.

627.54 Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.

All receptacles installed for the connection of ESVSE shall have ground-fault circuitinterrupter protection for personnel.

627.56 Receptacle Enclosures.

All receptacles installed in a wet location for electric vehicle charging shall have an enclosure that is weatherproof with the attachment plug cap inserted or removed. An outlet box hood installed for this purpose shall be listed and shall be identified as extra duty. Other listed products, enclosures, or assemblies providing weatherproof protection that do not utilize an outlet box hood shall not be required to be marked extra duty.

Part IV. Wireless Power Transfer Equipment

627.101 Grounding.

The primary pad base plate shall be of a nonferrous metal and shall be connected to the circuit equipment grounding conductor unless the listed WPTE employs a double-insulation system. The base plate shall be sized to match the size of the primary pad enclosure.

627.102 Installation.

(A) General.

The control pad, if included in the WPTE configuration, shall comply with 627.102(B). The primary pad shall comply with 627.102(C).

(B) Control Box.

The control box enclosure shall be suitable for the environment and shall be mounted at a height not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above the floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above grade level for outdoor locations. The control box shall be mounted in one of the following forms:

- (1) Pedestal
- (2) Wall or pole
- (3) Building or structure
- (4) Raised concrete pad

(C) Primary Pad.

The primary pad shall be installed secured to the surface or embedded in the surface of the floor with its top flush with the surface or below the surface, all per manufacturer's instructions and the following:

(1) If the primary pad is located in an area requiring snow removal, it shall not be located on or above the surface.

Exception: Where installed on private property where snow removal is done manually, the primary pad shall be permitted to be installed on or above the surface.

(2) The primary pad enclosure shall be suitable for the environment. If the primary pad is located in an area subject to severe climatic conditions (e.g., flooding), the enclosure shall be suitably rated for those conditions.

(D) Protection of Cords and Cables to the Primary Pad.

The output cable to the primary pad shall be secured in place over its entire length for the purpose of restricting its movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. If installed in conditions where drive-over could occur, the cable shall be provided with supplemental protection.

Where there is no control box, the cord or cable supplying power to the primary pad shall be secured in place in order to restrict movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. Where subject to vehicular traffic, supplemental protection shall be provided.

(E) Other Wiring Systems.

Other wiring systems and fittings specifically listed for use on the WPTE shall be permitted.

Public I	nput No.	2803-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 625.1]
<u>625.2 Li</u>	<u>sting Req</u>	uirements.	
<u>Electric</u> <u>export, c</u>	vehicle po or bidirect	ower transfer system equi ional current flow shall be	<u>pment for the purposes of charging, power</u> <u>e listed.</u>
Statement of	Problem	and Substantiation f	or Public Input
This Public I in order to p within an art technical cou The listing re The Usability Chad Kenne	nput is bei rovide corr icle. The N mmittees s equirement y Task Gro edy and Da	ng submitted on behalf of th elation throughout the docur NEC Style Manual Section 2 hall use the following sectio is are to be located in the .2 up members are: Derrick Ath vid Williams.	Ne NEC Correlating Committee Usability Task Group ment when general listing requirements are covered 2.2.1 Parallel Numbering Required, states that in numbers for the same purposes within articles. section. kins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter,
Related Publi	ic Inputs	for This Document	
<u>Public Input</u> <u>No. 625.6]</u> <u>Public Input</u> <u>No. 625.6]</u>	<u>: No. 2802-</u> : No. 2802-	Related Input NFPA 70-2023 [Section NFPA 70-2023 [Section	<u>Relationship</u> Deleted and relocated language to the .2 section.
Submitter Inf	ormatio	n Verification	
Submitter F	ull Name:	Dean Hunter	
Organizatio Street Addro City: State: Zip:	n: ess:	Minnesota Department of La	abor
Submittal D	ate:	Fri Aug 25 12:52:26 EDT 20)23
Committee:		NEC-P12	
Committee S	tatemen	t	
Resolution:	FR-8240	-NFPA 70-2024	
Statement:	Section 2 requirement apply to E	.2.1 of the 2023 NEC Style ents. The term listed for EVS EVSE as well.	Manual requires the XXX.2 section to contain listing SE use was added to clarify the listing requirements

C2E 2 Decendit	ioned Equipment
Electric Vehicle F	Power Transfer Equipment shall not be reconditioned.
Statement of Proble	em and Substantiation for Public Input
These items are not Equipment (NEMA	permitted to be reconditioned per the NEMA Technical Position on Reconditioned CS 100-2020, Appendix B.1)
Related Public Inpu	its for This Document
Public Input No. 63	Related Input Relationship 4-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 692.1]
Submitter Informat	ion Verification
Submitter Full Nam	ne: Russ Leblanc
Organization:	Leblanc Consulting Services
Street Address: City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date: Committee:	Sun Apr 16 09:43:46 EDT 2023 NEC-P12

625.1 Scope.	
This article cov premises wiring	rers the electrical conductors and equipment connecting an electric vehicle to g for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow.
Informati Industria and Ope	onal Note No. 1: See NFPA 505-2018, <i>Fire Safety Standard for Powered</i> <i>Trucks Including Type Designations, Areas of Use, Conversions, Maintenance, rations</i> , for information on fire protection of industrial trucks.
Informati informati	onal Note No. -2:- See UL 2594-2016,- <i>Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment</i> , for on on conductive electric vehicle supply equipment.
Informati <i>Equipme</i>	onal Note No. 3:- See UL 2202-2009, <i>Electric Vehicle Charging System</i> <i>nt</i> , for information on conductive electric vehicle charging equipment.
Informati Power Tr transfer e	onal Note No. 4: See UL 2750-2020, <i>Outline of Investigation for Wireless</i> ansfer Equipment for Electric Vehicles , for information on wireless power equipment for transferring power to an electric vehicle.
Informati Vehicle S maintaini and fast-	onal Note No. 5: See NECA 413-2019, <i>Installing and Maintaining Electric</i> Supply Equipment (EVSE), for information on the procedures for installing and ng AC Level 1, AC Level 2, <u>(EVSE), wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE),</u> charging dc electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE <u>DCFC</u>).
atement of Prob	elem and Substantiation for Public Input
Annex A.1(a) alreated the edition), along with delete Part II, thus reference to LIL 27	ady reference UL 2202 (DCFC), 2594 (AC EVSE), 9741 (EVPE or BiDi depending a 2231-1&2, etc. for Article 625. While we agree with NEMA regarding their PI to possibly Annex A reference to UL 62, 1650, 2231-1&2, 2251, and possibly 2580 (50 (WPTE) should be moved to Annex A.1(a), per NEC Style manual 4.2.2.1, and
reference to 2594 current dual listing for listing or certific The 2023 NEC Sty "required editorial 625.6, they can or	and 2202 deleted from the informational notes per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1. The s is inconsistent. Also, per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, "General standard reference cation shall only be included in Annex A" and 625.6 requires listing of such produ /le Manual was adopted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr. 2023, and is t style and arrangement". Since the UL standards are used for listing, per Section ily be located in Annex A.
reference to 2594 current dual listing for listing or certific The 2023 NEC Sty "required editorial 625.6, they can or	and 2202 deleted from the informational notes per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1. The s is inconsistent. Also, per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, "General standard reference cation shall only be included in Annex A" and 625.6 requires listing of such produ /le Manual was adopted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr. 2023, and is to style and arrangement". Since the UL standards are used for listing, per Section ily be located in Annex A.
reference to 2594 current dual listing for listing or certific The 2023 NEC Sty "required editorial 625.6, they can or elated Public Inp <u>Public Input No. 1</u>	and 2202 deleted from the informational notes per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1. The s is inconsistent. Also, per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, "General standard reference cation shall only be included in Annex A" and 625.6 requires listing of such produ- /le Manual was adopted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr. 2023, and is t style and arrangement". Since the UL standards are used for listing, per Section ily be located in Annex A. Related Input <u>Related Input</u> <u>Relationship</u>
reference to 2594 current dual listing for listing or certific The 2023 NEC Sty "required editorial 625.6, they can or elated Public Inp Public Input No. 1 Public Input No. 1	and 2202 deleted from the informational notes per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1. The s is inconsistent. Also, per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, "General standard reference cation shall only be included in Annex A" and 625.6 requires listing of such produ /le Manual was adopted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr. 2023, and is t style and arrangement". Since the UL standards are used for listing, per Section ily be located in Annex A. Related Input <u>Related Input</u> <u>Relationship</u> 753-NFPA 70-2023 [Part II.] 754-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.6]
reference to 2594 current dual listing for listing or certific The 2023 NEC Sty "required editorial 625.6, they can or elated Public Inp Public Input No. 1 Public Input No. 1	and 2202 deleted from the informational notes per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1. The s is inconsistent. Also, per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, "General standard reference cation shall only be included in Annex A" and 625.6 requires listing of such produ /le Manual was adopted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr. 2023, and is to style and arrangement". Since the UL standards are used for listing, per Section ly be located in Annex A. Related Input <u>Related Input</u> <u>Relationship</u> 753-NFPA 70-2023 [Part II.] 754-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.6] 755-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.40]
reference to 2594 current dual listing for listing or certific The 2023 NEC Sty "required editorial 625.6, they can or elated Public Input Public Input No. 1 Public Input No. 1 Public Input No. 1	and 2202 deleted from the informational notes per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1. The s is inconsistent. Also, per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, "General standard reference cation shall only be included in Annex A" and 625.6 requires listing of such produ- /le Manual was adopted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr. 2023, and is style and arrangement". Since the UL standards are used for listing, per Section ly be located in Annex A. Related Input Relationship 753-NFPA 70-2023 [Part II.] 754-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.6] 755-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.40] 811-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 750.6]

Street Address:

City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Mon Jul 31 18:26:32 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: Section 2.1.10.3.1 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual permits informational notes to reference a requirement or another standard.

Street Addres City: State: Zip:	
Annation	SS:
Submitter Fu Organization	II Name: Kyle Krueger : NECA NECA
Revised inforr be maintained ubmitter Info	national Note removing the date to maintain shelf life of the reference. The reference w I referring to the most recently published edition of the standard. In mation Verification
Infor Vehi mair equi tatement of F	mational Note No. 5: See NECA 413 -2019 , <i>Installing and Maintaining Electric cle Supply Equipment (EVSE)</i> , for information on the procedures for installing and itaining AC Level 1, AC Level 2, and fast-charging dc electric vehicle supply pment (EVSE). Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Infor <i>Tran</i> equi	mational Note No. 4: See UL 2750-2020, <i>Outline of Investigation for Wireless Power sfer Equipment for Electric Vehicles</i> , for information on wireless power transfer pment for transferring power to an electric vehicle.
Infor Equi	mational Note No. 3: See UL 2202-2009, <i>Electric Vehicle Charging System pment</i> , for information on conductive electric vehicle charging equipment.
Infor infor	mational Note No. 2: See UL 2594-2016, <i>Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment</i> , for mation on conductive electric vehicle supply equipment.
Infor Indu and	mational Note No. 1: See NFPA 505-2018, <i>Fire Safety Standard for Powered</i> <i>strial Trucks Including Type Designations, Areas of Use, Conversions, Maintenance,</i> <i>Operations</i> , for information on fire protection of industrial trucks.
F	wiring for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow.
This article	covers the electrical conductors and equipment connecting an electric vehicle to



Electric vehicle su	<u>pply equipment _ shall have _ permanent markings _ on the outside of the equipment</u>
enclosure that are	e visible after installation The following markings shall be included: _
<u>(1) Manufac</u>	cturer's name, trademark, or other descriptive marking by which the organization
responsible for t	<u>the product can be _ identified .</u>
<u>(2) Supply vo</u>	oltage, number of phases, frequency, and full-load current for each incoming supply
<u>circuit.</u>	
<u>(3) Short-ci</u>	rcuit current rating of the _ electric vehicle supply equipment _ based on one of the
following:	
<u>a. Short-ci</u>	ircuit current rating of a listed and labeled assembly
<u> </u>	ircuit current rating _ established _ utilizing an approved method _
<u>Informati</u>	onal Note: See UL _ 2594 , Standard _ Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment , for an
<u>example o</u>	<u>of an approved method.</u>
<u>(4)</u> <u>The envir</u>	<u>ronmental _ enclosure type number</u>
atement of Proble In UL2594 section 6 installed in public en basis. Having this in	em and Substantiation for Public Input 2.3, the equipment is evaluated with a short-circuit test. These products are avironments that are accessible and are interacted with by consumers on a regul formation readily available on the equipment will provide the installer and inspec
In UL2594 section 6 installed in public en basis. Having this in the ability to ensure	em and Substantiation for Public Input 2.3, the equipment is evaluated with a short-circuit test. These products are avironments that are accessible and are interacted with by consumers on a regul formation readily available on the equipment will provide the installer and inspec proper and safe installation.
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atement of Problection of installed in public en basis. Having this in the ability to ensure abmitter Information Submitter Full Nam Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	em and Substantiation for Public Input 2.3, the equipment is evaluated with a short-circuit test. These products are ivironments that are accessible and are interacted with by consumers on a regul formation readily available on the equipment will provide the installer and inspec proper and safe installation. ion Verification ne: Jon Borjas Eaton - Bussmann Tue Sep 05 17:43:30 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
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atement of Problec installed in public en basis. Having this in the ability to ensure Jomitter Informati Submitter Full Nam Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee Stateme Resolution: UI 220	em and Substantiation for Public Input 2.3, the equipment is evaluated with a short-circuit test. These products are wironments that are accessible and are interacted with by consumers on a regul formation readily available on the equipment will provide the installer and inspec proper and safe installation. ion Verification ne: Jon Borjas Eaton - Bussmann Tue Sep 05 17:43:30 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 ent 2. DC Charging Equipment for Electric Vehicles and UI, 2594. Standard for

Public Input No. 4394-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 625.6]

625.09 Qualified Persons.

(A) Installation and Commissioning. Electrical Vehicle Power Transfer System Equipment shall be installed by qualified persons.

(B) Servicing and Maintenance. The servicing and maintenance of electric vehicle power transfer systems equipment shall be performed in accordance with Section 110.17.

Informational Note No. 1: The term "qualified person" is specifically defined in Article 100.

Informational Note No. 2: See NECA <u>413</u>, *Standard for Installing and Maintaining Electric Vehicle* Supply Equipment (EVSE), or other ANSI approved installation standards.

Informational Note No. 3: The *Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Training Program (EVITP)* is one example of <u>a comprehensive training program designed to educate electric</u> ians in the complex wiring of EVSE.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

Electric Vehicle Power Transfer System Equipment covered by Article 625 should be installed by qualified persons.

These systems are complicated and, in most cases, requiring a greater degree of training and experience, in design, planning, installation, commissioning and programing. These systems and others require trained qualified personnel and contractors. Qualified contractors, electricians and technicians are a crucial element of safety, related to these installations and systems. The element of maintenance is also important not to overlook and referencing Section 110.17 will ensure the maintenance and servicing is also done by qualified persons.

The addition of the two informational notes will aid code users in one seeking out the new definition of Qualified Persons, and the 2nd note informs code users that there are ANSI Approved installation standards on EVSE. See companion PIs related to qualified persons.

Related Public Inputs for This Document

<u>Relationship</u>
Public Input No. 1672-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 700.8]
Public Input No. 1684-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 701.7]
Public Input No. 1686-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 708.8]
Public Input No. 1690-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 722.3]
Public Input No. 1694-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 724.3]
Public Input No. 1695-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 725.3]
Public Input No. 1698-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 726.3]
Public Input No. 1701-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 760.3]
Public Input No. 1706-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 770.3]
Public Input No. 1708-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 800.3]

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Kyle Krueger

Organization:	NECA
Affiliation:	NECA
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Thu Sep 07 14:03:30 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: This proposed revision would prevent an EV owner from using a portable charger with their vehicle. Servicing and maintenance of EV equipment is not covered in the NEC.

Public Input No. 1754-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.6] 625.6 Listed. Electric vehicle power transfer system equipment for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current power flow shall be listed. Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input Per our PI on 625.1 and Part II, where a listing of equipment is required, it shall be listed in Annex A Table A.1(a) as noted in NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, 4.2.2.1, and 4.2.2.1.1. Ideally it would better if EVPTSE were defined as EVSE, DCFC, EVPE or WPTE, but listing those four standards in Annex A Table A.1(a) would achieve the same thing. If 625.6 is requiring all EVPTSE to be listed, then the reference to UL 3001 and 3010 in Annex A.1(b) should be removed, as Table A.1(b) is for Equipment that does not have a listing requirement, as noted in NEC Style Manual 4.4.2.2. The 2023 NEC Style Manual was adopted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr. 2023 and is the required editorial style. Related Public Inputs for This Document Relationship **Related Input** Public Input No. 1752-NFPA 70-Both PI relate to how listing requirement standards are to 2023 [Section No. 625.1] be documented per the NEC Style Manual Public Input No. 1753-NFPA 70-2023 [Part II.] Public Input No. 1755-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.40] Public Input No. 1811-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 750.6] **Submitter Information Verification** Submitter Full Name: Kevin Cheong **Organization:** Chargepoint Canada Inc. Affiliation: ChargePoint Inc. Street Address: Citv: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Mon Jul 31 19:25:08 EDT 2023 Committee: NEC-P12 **Committee Statement Resolution:** Insufficient substantiation was provided to change the term from 'current' to 'power'.

Public Input No. 2802-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.6] 625.6 Listed. Electric vehicle power transfer system equipment for the purposes of charging, power export, or
625.6 – Listed. Electric vehicle power transfer system equipment for the purposes of charging, power export, or
625.6 – Listed. Electric vehicle power transfer system equipment for the purposes of charging, power export, or
Electric vehicle power transfer system equipment for the purposes of charging, power export, or
bidirectional current flow shall be listed.
Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This Public Input is being submitted on behalf of the NEC Correlating Committee Usability Task Group in order to provide correlation throughout the document when general listing requirements are covered within an article. The NEC Style Manual Section 2.2.1 Parallel Numbering Required, states that technical committees shall use the following section numbers for the same purposes within articles. The listing requirements are to be located in the .2 section. The Usability Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, Chad Kennedy and David Williams.
Related Public Inputs for This Document
Related InputRelationshipPublic Input No. 2803-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 625.1]Deleted and relocated to . 2 section.Public Input No. 2803-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 625.1]Deleted and relocated to . 2 section.
Submitter Information Verification
Submitter Full Name: Dean Hunter
Organization: Minnesota Department of Labor Street Address: City: State: Zip:
Submittal Date: Fri Aug 25 12:51:32 EDT 2023
Committee: NEC-P12
Committee Statement
Resolution: FR-8240-NFPA 70-2024
Statement: Section 2.2.1 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual requires the XXX.2 section to contain listing requirements. The term listed for EVSE use was added to clarify the listing requirements apply to EVSE as well.

6.01	17 Carda and Cables
023 (A)	Power Supply Cord
The	r ower-Suppry Cord. cable for cord-connected electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE) shall comply with all a allowing.
(1)	Be any of the types specified in 625.17(B) (1) or hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types in accordance with Table 400.4 . Hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types shall be listed, as applicable, for exposure to oil and damp and wet locations.
(2)	Have an ampacity as specified in- Table 400.5(A)(1) -or, for 8 AWG and larger, in the 60° (140°F) columns of- Table 400.5(A)(2) -
(3)	Have an overall length as specified in either of the following:
	(4) When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 625.22 is located within the enclosure of the supply equipment or charging system, the power-supply cord shall be not more than the length indicated in (i) or (ii):
	(5) For portable equipment in accordance with 625.44(A), the power-supply cord shall be not more than 300 mm (12 in.) long.
	(6) For fastened-in-place equipment in accordance with 625.44(B), the power- supply cord shall be not more than 1.8 m (6 ft) long and the equipment shall be installed at a height that prevents the power-supply cord from contacting the floor when it is connected to the proper receptacle.
	(7) When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 625.22 is located at the attachment plug, or within the first 300 mm (12 in.) of the power- supply cord, the overall cord length shall be not greater than 4.6 m (15 ft).
(B) The	Output Cable to Electric Vehicles.
(1)	Listed Type FV, FV, FV, FV, FV, FV, FV, Tor FV, IT flexible cable as specified in Table 400-
(2)	An integral part of listed electric vehicle supply equipment
	Informational Note No. 1: See UL 2594-2016, <i>Standard for Electric Vehicle Supply</i> <i>Equipment</i> , for information on conductive electric vehicle supply equipment.
	Informational Note No. 2: See UL 2202-2009, <i>Standard for Electric Vehicle (EV)</i> Charging System Equipment , for information on conductive electric vehicle charging equipment.
(C)	Overall Cord and Cable Length.
ть	overall usable length shall not exceed 7.5 m (25 ft) unless equipped with a cable

(1) Portable Equipment.

For portable EVSE, the cord-exposed usable length shall be measured from the face of the attachment plug to the face of the electric vehicle connector.

(2) Fastened-in-Place.

Where the EVSE is fastened-in-place, the usable length of the output cable to the electric vehicle shall be measured from the cable exit of the electric vehicle supply equipment to the face of the electric vehicle connector.

Where the wireless power transfer equipment (WPTE) is fastened-in-place, the output cable to the primary pad shall be measured from the cable exit of the control box to the cable inlet at the primary pad.

(D) Interconnecting Cabling Systems.

Other cabling systems that are integral parts of listed EVSE and are intended to interconnect pieces of equipment within an EVSE system using approved installation methods shall be permitted.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This public input deletes "Part II. Equipment Construction" in Article 625. Section 625.6 requires all electric vehicle power transfer system equipment for the purposes of charging, power export, or bidirectional current flow to be listed. Listed power transfer system equipment will include all the equipment construction features outlined in these two sections, and many more. It is not clear why the NEC includes construction criteria for cords, cables, and personal protection systems and not any of the other construction requirements outlined in UL 2594, UL 2202, and other applicable product safety standards that must be complied to obtain the required listing. This part is superfluous and adds no value to the code.

Related Public Inputs for This Document

Related Input Public Input No. 1365-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.22]

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Megan HayesOrganization:NEMAStreet Address:Image: City:City:Image: City:State:Image: City:Zip:Image: City:Submittal Date:Tue Jul 11 12:17:29 EDT 2023Committee:NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: There is important information included in Part II that is necessary to guide product standard requirements and provide guidance to the user.

Relationship



Approved

Additional Proposed Changes

File Name **Description** Word document showing changes in NFPA2026 625.17A Clean.docx strikethrough and underline. Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input Please note that the bulleting done by terraview is incorrect, the attached document shows the correct changes. The paragraph in 625.17(A) requires revision in order to clarify the intent and to correct potential misuse of the ampacities in Tables 400.5(A)(1) and 400.5(A)(2). For clarification, the following are

required: There are cord types indicated in the current item 1 (new item 2) that are not used for power supply cords and these need to be removed. A generic reference to Table 400.4 for extra hard usage and hard usage cords would be the correct way to choose a suitable cord for use in the power supply cord. The overall power supply cord shall also be listed (new item 1).

For correction, the current item 2 is removed. The previous wording referenced those tables based on ampacity and split the use of the tables on conductor sizing. The tables are actually split based on cord type and this was potentially being ignored and allowing a cord type from Table 400.5(A)(1) to be used with the ampacity values in Table 400.5(A)(2). Although this was not intended, the language implied this use. As this is an incorrect application of the tables and can lead to undersized conductors for power supply cords for products rated above 30 A, a correction was needed. This correction simply eliminates the ampacity table uses all together and relies on the end product standards to size the power supply cord appropriately. The end product standard requires that the power supply cord be rated for 125% of the current rating of the product and aligns with the code requirements without misleading table usage.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	: Seth Carlton
Organization:	UL LLC
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City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Aug 16 18:02:24 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The proposed revisions to change 'cable' to 'power supply cord', and include requirements for the cord of the power supply were not necessary to increase readability.

(A) Power-Supply Cord.

The <u>cablepower-supply cord</u> for cord<u>-and-plug</u> connected electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE) shall comply with all of the following:

- (1) <u>Power-supply cords shall be listed.</u> Be any of the types specified in 625.17(B)(1) or hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types in accordance with Table 400.4. Hard service cord, junior hard service cord, or portable power cable types shall be listed, as applicable, for exposure to oil and damp and wet locations.
- (2) <u>Power-supply cords used in outdoor installations shall be rated for outdoor use. Have an ampacity as specified in Table 400.5(A)(1) or, for 8 AWG and larger, in the 60°C (140°F) columns of Table 400.5(A)(2).</u>
- (3) The cord of the power-supply cord shall:
 - a. <u>Be any of the types specified as extra hard usage cord or hard usage cord in accordance with Table 400.4</u>,
 - b. Be listed for exposure to oil, and
 - c. Be listed for damp and wet locations if used outdoors.
- (4) <u>The power-supply cord shall Hh</u>ave an overall length as specified in either of the following:
 - a. When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 625.22 is located within the enclosure of the supply equipment or charging system, the power-supply cord shall be not more than the length indicated in (i) or (ii):
 - (i) For portable equipment in accordance with 625.44(A), the power-supply cord shall be not more than 300 mm (12 in.) long.
 - (ii) For fastened-in-place equipment in accordance with 625.44(B), the power-supply cord shall be not more than 1.8 m (6 ft) long and the equipment shall be installed at a height that prevents the power-supply cord from contacting the floor when it is connected to the proper receptacle.
 - b. When the interrupting device of the personnel protection system specified in 625.22 is located at the attachment plug, or within the first 300 mm (12 in.) of the power-supply cord, the overall cord length shall be not greater than 4.6 m (15 ft).

following:
wible cable as apositized in Table 400.4
inment
<u>pr portable power cable type in</u> nior hard service cord, or portable exposure to oil and damp and wet
ndard for Electric Vehicle Supply vehicle supply equipment.
ndard for Electric Vehicle (EV) onductive electric vehicle charging
xtension cords, indicating their safety for



Each outlet insta	
<u>system equipme</u> branch circuit.	alled for the purpose of supplying LVSL greater <u>electric vehicle power transfer</u> ent greater than 16 amperes or 120 volts shall be supplied by an individual
Exception: Brar <u>vehicle power t</u>	nch circuits shall be permitted to feed multiple EVSEs <u>supply multiple electric</u> ransfer system equipment as permitted by 625.42(A) or (B).
Statement of Probl	em and Substantiation for Public Input
WPTE, and DCFC, "supply" to create a	em equipment recognized by this article. This editorial revision is inclusive of EVSE, all considered power transfer system equipment. The term "feed" is changed to more electrically-correct statement.
Submitter Full Nan	ne: Megan Hayes
Submitter Full Nan Organization: Street Address:	ne: Megan Hayes NEMA
Submitter Full Nan Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	ne: Megan Hayes NEMA
Submitter Full Nan Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	ne: Megan Hayes NEMA Tue Jul 11 12:23:10 EDT 2023
Submitter Full Nan Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	ne: Megan Hayes NEMA Tue Jul 11 12:23:10 EDT 2023 NEC-P12



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625.41 Overcur Overcurrent pro bidirectional EV rating of not less noncontinuous I current rating of continuous load	No. 1026-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.41] rrent Protection. tection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and WPTE, including SE and WPTE, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have a current s than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where oads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the s.
<u>Exception: If an</u> of its current ration overcurrent devi enclosure meets operation, the ration the maximum lo	overcurrent device is listed and marked for continuous operation at 100 percent ing, and the temperature rating of conductors protected by the ice meets the requirements of 110.14(C)(1), and the assembly including the is the requirements marked on the overcurrent device for 100 percent continuous ating of the overcurrent device shall be permitted to be not less than the sum of ad of the equipment.
Code Sections 210 percent rated asser circuits sized at 100 requires overcurren percent of the maxi a charging session and devices may be rated maximum loa device based on 12 listed and marked 1 infrastructure to be cost.	20(A) and 215.3 include exceptions that permit the use of listed and marked 100 nblies, including overcurrent devices, for the protection of feeders and branch 1% of the continuous load in lieu of 125% of the continuous load. However, 625.41 t protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE to be sized at 125 mum load of the equipment. For EV applications such as DC fast charging, where is unlikely to meet the definition of a continuous load (3hrs or more), equipment e unnecessarily oversized. For example, a DC fast charging cabinet that has a d of 722 amperes, would require a 1200 ampere rated feeder and overcurrent 25 percent of the maximum load of the equipment per 625.41. In this example, a 00% rated assembly, including the overcurrent device, would permit the electrical sized at 800 amperes, rather than 1200 amperes, eliminating excess material and
Submittor Full Nar	no: Jeremy Conzelez
Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	Jeremy Royce Engineering, PLLC
Submittal Date: Committee:	Mon Jun 12 08:08:30 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Committee Statem	ent
Resolution: The p	roposed revision to add an exception to 625.41 does not address the issue of ment supplied from assemblies listed for operation at 100 percent of its rating.

Public Input No. 1195-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.41]

625.41 Overcurrent Protection.

Overcurrent protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and WPTE, including bidirectional EVSE and WPTE, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have a current rating of not less than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a current rating of not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the continuous loads.

Exception: In the event that an overcurrent device is officially listed and clearly labeled for continuous operation at 100 percent of its current rating, the conductors protected by the overcurrent device have a temperature rating that satisfies the stipulations of 110.14(C)(1), and the entire assembly, including the enclosure, complies with the requirements specified on the overcurrent device for 100 percent continuous operation, it is permissible for the rating of the overcurrent device to be equal to or greater than the total sum of the equipment's maximum load.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

While Code Sections 210.20(A) and 215.3 offer exceptions that allow the use of listed and marked 100 percent rated assemblies, including overcurrent devices, for protecting feeders and branch circuits sized at 100 percent of the continuous load instead of 125 percent, 625.41 mandates overcurrent protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE to be sized at 125 percent of the equipment's maximum load. This requirement may lead to unnecessary oversizing of equipment and devices in EV applications. Typically charging sessions are shorter than the definition of a continuous load (3 hours or more). As an illustration, an EV charging cabinet with a maximum load rating of 1021 amperes would necessitate a 1600 ampere-rated feeder and overcurrent device based on the 125 percent rule outlined in 625.41. However, using a listed and marked 100 percent rated assembly, including the overcurrent device, would allow the electrical infrastructure to be sized at 1200 amperes, reducing excess material and cost.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name:	Abdelrahman Elkhatib
Organization:	Emanuelson-Podas, Inc
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Thu Jun 22 22:15:54 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The proposed revision to add an exception to 625.41 does not address the issue of equipment supplied from assemblies listed for operation at 100 percent of its rating.

Public Input N	No. 1367-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.41]
NFPA	
625.41 Overcu	rrent Protection.
Overcurrent prot vehicle power tra sized for continu maximum load o feeder, the overco noncontinuous lo	ection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and WPTE <u>electric</u> <u>ansfer system equipment</u> , including bidirectional EVSE and WPTE, shall be ous duty and shall have a current rating of not less than 125 percent of the of the equipment. Where noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same current device shall have a current rating of not less than the sum of the bads plus 125 percent of the continuous loads.
Statement of Probl	em and Substantiation for Public Input akes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems
equipment recogniz	ed by the article and not just EVSE and WPTE.
Submitter Informat	ion Verification
Submitter Full Nan	ne: Megan Hayes
Organization:	NEMA
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	NEC-P12
Sommittee.	
Committee Statem	ent
Resolution: The provide the standard	roposed revision would not enhance the clarity of the code. EVSE and WPTE are ard industry terms. EVSE as defined is an umbrella term which covers EVPE.

Public Input No. 1756-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.41]

625.41 Overcurrent Protection.

Overcurrent protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and WPTE, including bidirectional EVSE and WPTE, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have a current rating of not less than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a current rating of not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the continuous loads. Where a service, feeder or branch circuit connects EV power transfer system equipment, the rating of the overcurrent device shall be in accordance with 230.42(A)(1), 215.3, or 210.20(A).

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

See NEC Style Manual clause 2.3.1, the methods of load calculation shall be in the load calculation article i.e. 625.42. See our PI on 625.42 also. We do agree with NEMA that "EVSE and WPTE" should be replaced with "EV power transfer system equipment" or an abbreviated version such as EVPTSE, and defined, to avoid confusion regarding DCFC and EVPE/BiDi. Also, see NEC Style Manual clause 4.1.4 permitting reference to a section and article and part. Those sections should not be repeated inaccurately (without exceptions) per NEC Style Manual clause 4.1.1. The 2023 NEC Style Manual was adopted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr 2023 and the required editorial style. Since the equipment is bidirectional we changed the term "supply" to "connect" as per PI 1755.

Related Public Inputs for This Document

Related Input

Public Input No. 1755-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.40]

Relationship

Changes "supply" to "connect" due to potential confusion with direction of power flow and which side is source and which is load.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name:	Kevin Cheong
Organization:	Chargepoint Canada Inc.
Affiliation:	ChargePoint Inc.
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Mon Jul 31 21:02:08 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: This proposed revision would remove the continuous duty requirement for EVSE. Section 2.3.1 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual shows an example of a requirement that is not required to be in the load calculation article.

Г

623.41 <u>Circuit</u>	<u>Sizing.</u>
(1) Overcurrent	Protection Sizing .
Overcurrent pro- devices for EVS continuous duty load of the equip overcurrent-ove of the noncontin	tection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and protective E and WPTE, including bidirectional EVSE and WPTE, shall be sized for and shall have a current rating of not less than 125 percent of the maximum oment. Where noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the prcurrent protective device shall have a current rating of not less than the sum uous loads plus 125 percent of the continuous loads.
(2) Conductor S and WPTE, sha equipment. Whe conductors shal 125 percent of t	izing. Conductors supplying EVSE and WPTE, including bidirectional EVSE II have an ampacity of not less than 125 percent of the maximum load of the ere noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the I have an ampacity of not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus he continuous loads.
Exception: For c	welling unit optional feeder and service load calculations, the load for E, including biderctional EVSE and WPTE shall be the nameplate rating.
tement of Probl This language is ex protection sizing at conductors are calc split the requiremer Adding exception b	Iem and Substantiation for Public Input tracted from 625.42 and groups the requirements for circuit and overcurrent 125% similar to 422.13. This makes it clear for Code users that both the OCP sulated at 125% for circuit sizing. Adding new first level subdivision (A) and (B) ints for clarity and in accordance with the NEC style manual. ecause many building officials are requiring that the EVSE load be at 125% w
tement of Probl This language is ex protection sizing at conductors are calc split the requiremer Adding exception b performing optional service when a EVS	Them and Substantiation for Public Input Itracted from 625.42 and groups the requirements for circuit and overcurrent 125% similar to 422.13. This makes it clear for Code users that both the OCP culated at 125% for circuit sizing. Adding new first level subdivision (A) and (B) ints for clarity and in accordance with the NEC style manual. ecause many building officials are requiring that the EVSE load be at 125% w load calculations for a dwelling unit. This often results in service change of a SE is added.
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tement of Probl This language is ex protection sizing at conductors are calc split the requiremer Adding exception b performing optional service when a EVS omitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization:	Hem and Substantiation for Public Input tracted from 625.42 and groups the requirements for circuit and overcurrent 125% similar to 422.13. This makes it clear for Code users that both the OCP culated at 125% for circuit sizing. Adding new first level subdivision (A) and (B) ints for clarity and in accordance with the NEC style manual. ecause many building officials are requiring that the EVSE load be at 125% w load calculations for a dwelling unit. This often results in service change of a SE is added. tion Verification ne: Mike Holt Mike Holt Enterprises Inc
tement of Probl This language is ex protection sizing at conductors are calc split the requiremer Adding exception b performing optional service when a EVS omitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address:	Iem and Substantiation for Public Input tracted from 625.42 and groups the requirements for circuit and overcurrent 125% similar to 422.13. This makes it clear for Code users that both the OCP culated at 125% for circuit sizing. Adding new first level subdivision (A) and (B) ints for clarity and in accordance with the NEC style manual. ecause many building officials are requiring that the EVSE load be at 125% w load calculations for a dwelling unit. This often results in service change of a SE is added. tion Verification ne: Mike Holt Mike Holt Enterprises Inc
tement of Probl This language is ex protection sizing at conductors are calc split the requiremer Adding exception b performing optional service when a EVS omitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City:	Hem and Substantiation for Public Input tracted from 625.42 and groups the requirements for circuit and overcurrent 125% similar to 422.13. This makes it clear for Code users that both the OCP culated at 125% for circuit sizing. Adding new first level subdivision (A) and (B) ints for clarity and in accordance with the NEC style manual. ecause many building officials are requiring that the EVSE load be at 125% w load calculations for a dwelling unit. This often results in service change of a SE is added. tion Verification ne: Mike Holt Mike Holt Enterprises Inc
tement of Probl This language is ex protection sizing at conductors are calc split the requiremer Adding exception b performing optional service when a EVS omitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	The and Substantiation for Public Input tracted from 625.42 and groups the requirements for circuit and overcurrent 125% similar to 422.13. This makes it clear for Code users that both the OCP sulated at 125% for circuit sizing. Adding new first level subdivision (A) and (B) nts for clarity and in accordance with the NEC style manual. ecause many building officials are requiring that the EVSE load be at 125% w load calculations for a dwelling unit. This often results in service change of a SE is added. tion Verification ne: Mike Holt Mike Holt Enterprises Inc
tement of Probl This language is ex protection sizing at conductors are calc split the requiremer Adding exception b performing optional service when a EVS omitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	Lem and Substantiation for Public Input tracted from 625.42 and groups the requirements for circuit and overcurrent 125% similar to 422.13. This makes it clear for Code users that both the OCP sulated at 125% for circuit sizing. Adding new first level subdivision (A) and (B) star for clarity and in accordance with the NEC style manual. ecause many building officials are requiring that the EVSE load be at 125% w load calculations for a dwelling unit. This often results in service change of a SE is added. tion Verification ne: Mike Holt Mike Holt Enterprises Inc Wed Aug 16 13:18:38 EDT 2023
tement of Probl This language is ex protection sizing at conductors are calc split the requiremer Adding exception b performing optional service when a EVS omitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	Iem and Substantiation for Public Input tracted from 625.42 and groups the requirements for circuit and overcurrent 125% similar to 422.13. This makes it clear for Code users that both the OCP bulated at 125% for circuit sizing. Adding new first level subdivision (A) and (B) ints for clarity and in accordance with the NEC style manual. ecause many building officials are requiring that the EVSE load be at 125% w load calculations for a dwelling unit. This often results in service change of a SE is added. tion Verification ne: Mike Holt Mike Holt Enterprises Inc Wed Aug 16 13:18:38 EDT 2023 NEC-P12

625.41 Overcu	irrent Protection.
Overcurrent pro bidirectional EV rating of not less noncontinuous l current rating of continuous load	tection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and WPTE, including SE and WPTE, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have a current s than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where loads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a f not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the ls.
<u>Exception: Whe</u> listed for operat be permitted to	ere the assembly, including the overcurrent devices protecting the feeder(s), is ion at 100 percent of its rating, the ampere rating of the overcurrent device shall be not less than the sum of the continuous load plus the noncontinuous load.
statement of Prob	lem and Substantiation for Public Input
Every other section 100% rated OCPD. copied verbatim fro	lem and Substantiation for Public Input in the NEC that requires a 125% continuous use factor includes an exception for . There is no technical reason to omit the exception here. The proposed wording is om 215.3 Exception 1.
Every other section 100% rated OCPD copied verbatim fro	 Iem and Substantiation for Public Input in the NEC that requires a 125% continuous use factor includes an exception for There is no technical reason to omit the exception here. The proposed wording is 215.3 Exception 1. tion Verification
Every other section 100% rated OCPD copied verbatim fro Submitter Informat	 Iem and Substantiation for Public Input in the NEC that requires a 125% continuous use factor includes an exception for There is no technical reason to omit the exception here. The proposed wording is 215.3 Exception 1. tion Verification me: Wayne Whitney
Every other section 100% rated OCPD. copied verbatim fro Submitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization:	Iem and Substantiation for Public Input in in the NEC that requires a 125% continuous use factor includes an exception for . There is no technical reason to omit the exception here. The proposed wording is om 215.3 Exception 1. tion Verification me: Wayne Whitney [Not Specified]
Every other section 100% rated OCPD. copied verbatim fro Submitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address:	 Iem and Substantiation for Public Input in the NEC that requires a 125% continuous use factor includes an exception for There is no technical reason to omit the exception here. The proposed wording is om 215.3 Exception 1. tion Verification me: Wayne Whitney [Not Specified]
Statement of Prob Every other section 100% rated OCPD copied verbatim fro Submitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State:	 Iem and Substantiation for Public Input in the NEC that requires a 125% continuous use factor includes an exception for There is no technical reason to omit the exception here. The proposed wording is om 215.3 Exception 1. tion Verification me: Wayne Whitney [Not Specified]
Every other section 100% rated OCPD. copied verbatim fro Submitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	Iem and Substantiation for Public Input in in the NEC that requires a 125% continuous use factor includes an exception for . There is no technical reason to omit the exception here. The proposed wording is om 215.3 Exception 1. tion Verification me: Wayne Whitney [Not Specified]
Every other section 100% rated OCPD. copied verbatim fro Submitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	<pre>lem and Substantiation for Public Input n in the NEC that requires a 125% continuous use factor includes an exception for . There is no technical reason to omit the exception here. The proposed wording is om 215.3 Exception 1. tion Verification me: Wayne Whitney [Not Specified] Wed Mar 15 14:43:02 EDT 2023</pre>
Every other section 100% rated OCPD copied verbatim fro Submitter Informat Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	<pre>lem and Substantiation for Public Input in the NEC that requires a 125% continuous use factor includes an exception for . There is no technical reason to omit the exception here. The proposed wording is im 215.3 Exception 1. tion Verification me: Wayne Whitney [Not Specified] Wed Mar 15 14:43:02 EDT 2023 NEC-P12</pre>

Public In	put No. 588-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.41]
625.41 C	Overcurrent Protection.
Overcurre bidirection rating of n noncontin current rat continuou	nt protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and WPTE, including al EVSE and WPTE, shall be sized for continuous duty- and shall have a current ot less than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment . Where uous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a ting of not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the s loads.
statement of I	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
The existing t overcurrent p this requirem designers, ins more importa commonly av	ext indicates that all feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE must be provided with rotection sized at 125% without the common exception for 100% rated devices. Deleting ent still indicates that EVSE should be treated as continuous loads but gives the stallers, and AHJs freedom to address this need in multiple ways. This issue is much nt as we move to 100kW and larger charging equipment where 100% rated devices are ailable.
ubmitter Info	ormation Verification
Submitter Fu	III Name: Eric Putnam
Organization Street Addre City: State: Zin:	: Burns & McDonnell ss:
Zip: Submittal Da	Ite: Tue Apr 11 17:47:01 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8269-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision simplifies the section, leaving the overcurrent protection and conductor

625.41 Overcur Overcurrent prot	rrent Protection. ection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and WPTE, including
bidirectional EVS rating of not less noncontinuous lo current rating of continuous loads	SE and WPTE, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have a current than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where bads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the s.
<u>Exception: Whe</u> listed for operation be permitted to be	re the assembly, including the overcurrent devices protecting the circuit, is on at 100 percent of its rating, the ampere rating of the overcurrent device shall be not less than the sum of the continuous load plus the noncontinuous load.
Statement of Proble	em and Substantiation for Public Input
The existing text ind	
overcurrent protection this exception (found to address this need larger charging equi	licates that all feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE must be provided with on sized at 125% without the common exception for 100% rated devices. Adding d in other sections of the NEC) gives the designers, installers, and AHJs freedom d in multiple ways. This issue is much more important as we move to 100kW and ipment where 100% rated devices are commonly available.
this exception (found to address this need larger charging equi	licates that all feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE must be provided with on sized at 125% without the common exception for 100% rated devices. Adding d in other sections of the NEC) gives the designers, installers, and AHJs freedom d in multiple ways. This issue is much more important as we move to 100kW and ipment where 100% rated devices are commonly available. ion Verification
overcurrent protection this exception (found to address this need larger charging equi submitter Informat	licates that all feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE must be provided with on sized at 125% without the common exception for 100% rated devices. Adding d in other sections of the NEC) gives the designers, installers, and AHJs freedom d in multiple ways. This issue is much more important as we move to 100kW and ipment where 100% rated devices are commonly available. ion Verification he: Eric Putnam
Submitter Full Nam Organization: Street Address:	licates that all feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE must be provided with on sized at 125% without the common exception for 100% rated devices. Adding d in other sections of the NEC) gives the designers, installers, and AHJs freedom d in multiple ways. This issue is much more important as we move to 100kW and ipment where 100% rated devices are commonly available. ion Verification he: Eric Putnam Burns & McDonnell
Submitter Informat Submitter Full Nam Organization: Street Address: City: State:	licates that all feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE must be provided with on sized at 125% without the common exception for 100% rated devices. Adding d in other sections of the NEC) gives the designers, installers, and AHJs freedom d in multiple ways. This issue is much more important as we move to 100kW and ipment where 100% rated devices are commonly available. ion Verification he: Eric Putnam Burns & McDonnell
Submitter Informat Submitter Full Nam Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	licates that all feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE must be provided with on sized at 125% without the common exception for 100% rated devices. Adding d in other sections of the NEC) gives the designers, installers, and AHJs freedom d in multiple ways. This issue is much more important as we move to 100kW and ipment where 100% rated devices are commonly available. ion Verification ne: Eric Putnam Burns & McDonnell
Submitter Informat Submitter Informat Submitter Full Nam Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	licates that all feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE must be provided with on sized at 125% without the common exception for 100% rated devices. Adding d in other sections of the NEC) gives the designers, installers, and AHJs freedom d in multiple ways. This issue is much more important as we move to 100kW and ipment where 100% rated devices are commonly available. ion Verification he: Eric Putnam Burns & McDonnell Tue Apr 11 18:11:34 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Submitter Informat Submitter Informat Submitter Full Nam Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee Stateme	<pre>licates that all feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE must be provided with on sized at 125% without the common exception for 100% rated devices. Adding d in other sections of the NEC) gives the designers, installers, and AHJs freedom in multiple ways. This issue is much more important as we move to 100kW and ipment where 100% rated devices are commonly available. ion Verification ne: Eric Putnam Burns & McDonnell Tue Apr 11 18:11:34 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 ent</pre>

Public Ir	nput No. 654-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.41]	
625.41	Overcurrent Protection.	
Overcurre bidirection rating of r noncontin current ra continuou	Overcurrent protection for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and WPTE, including bidirectional EVSE and WPTE, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have a current rating of not less than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment Where noncontinuous loads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a current rating of not less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the continuous loads.	
Statement of As written the This is an an The simple s Submitter Info	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input e text for EVSE feeders does not allow for the use of OCPDs listed at 100% of their rating. omaly in the code as Article 215.2 generally recognizes the use of 100% rated OCPDs. olution is to delete the "feeder" from this code requirement and let Article 215 cover it.	
Organization	King County Motro	
Street Addre		
City: State:		
ZIP: Submittel D	Tue Apr 19 17:22:42 EDT 2022	
Committoo:	NEC P12	
Committee St	atement	
Resolution:	FR-8269-NFPA 70-2024	
Statement:	This revision simplifies the section, leaving the overcurrent protection and conductor sizing requirements for services, feeders, and branch circuits in their respective articles.	

Public Input N	o. 744-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.41]
NFPA	
625.41 Overcurr	ent Protection.
Overcurrent prote bidirectional EVS rating of not less noncontinuous loa current rating of n continuous loads.	ction for feeders and branch circuits supplying EVSE and WPTE, including E and WPTE, shall be sized for continuous duty and shall have a current than 125 percent of the maximum load of the equipment. Where ads are supplied from the same feeder, the overcurrent device shall have a tot less than the sum of the noncontinuous loads plus 125 percent of the
Exception: A Level continuous duty c	<u>el 3 DC fast charger does not require overcurrent protection to be sized for</u> In 125% of the maximum equipment load.
Statement of Proble	m and Substantiation for Public Input
Level 3 DC fast charged usually run for rough 80%. For a battery el between 80% and 10 roughly an hour. So, continuous load.	gers aren't expected to run for 3+ hours at max amperage continuously. They y 30 minutes at max load at a given time, which charges a battery from 0% to ectric vehicle that does Level 3 charging between 0% and 100%, the last 20% 10% takes roughly just as long as from 0% to 80%, which gives a total time of the last 20% for a 0% to 100% charge doesn't count towards the duration of
The NEC defines cor Canadian Electrical (2-hour period or 3+ h definition, a Level 3 [ntinuous as running at full load for 3+ hours at any given time. Abroad, the Code is more specific, defining continuous load as full load for 1+ hour within any lours within any 6-hour period. Even when using the more stringent Canadian DC fast charger still isn't a continuous load.
So, a Level 3 DC fas other hand, single-ph definitely continuous respectively to charg	t charger definitely is nowhere near being a continuous load. Of course, on the lase Level 1 (120 V AC) and single-phase Level 2 (240 V AC) charging are loads by a huge margin because they normally take roughly 60 and 4-10 hours e a mid-size long-range battery electric vehicle from 0% to 100%.
Submitter Information	on Verification
Submitter Full Nam	e: Conrad Ko
Organization: Street Address: City: State:	[Not Specified]
∠ıp: Submittal Date: Committee:	Wed Apr 26 04:25:48 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Committee Stateme	nt
Resolution: The pro equipm	posed revision to add an exception to 625.41 does not address the issue of ent supplied from assemblies listed for operation at 100 percent of its rating.

Public Input No. 1368-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.42]

625.42 Rating.

The EVSE shall have sufficient rating to supply the load served. Electric vehicle charging power transfer system equipment loads shall be considered to be continuous loads for the purposes of this article. Service and feeder loads shall be sized calculated in accordance with the product ratings 220.57, unless the overall rating load of the installation can be limited through controls as permitted by 625.42(A) or (B).

(A) Energy Management System (EMS).

Where an EMS in accordance with 750.30 provides load management of EVSE electric vehicle <u>power transfer system equipment</u>, the maximum equipment load on a <u>the</u> service, feeder, and feeder <u>branch circuit</u> shall be the maximum load permitted by the EMS. The EMS shall be permitted to be integral to one piece of equipment or integral to a listed system consisting of more than one piece of equipment. When one or more pieces of equipment are provided with an integral load management control, the system shall be marked to indicate this control is provided.

(B) EVSE with Adjustable Settings.

EVSE with restricted access to an ampere adjusting means complying with 750.30(C) shall be permitted. If adjustments have an impact on the rating label, those changes shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and the adjusted rating shall appear on the rating label with sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. EVSEas referenced shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are equal to the adjusted current setting.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This public input corrects terminology and makes editorial revisions to add clarity to the rule:

1. The first sentence to 625.42 is deleted as the "load served" cannot be known. The load in this case is an EV. An EV cannot demand more load than the power transfer system equipment can supply. In short, the power transfer system equipment output rating is nonconsequential as long as the circuit supplying the equipment is properly rated.

2. Service and feeder loads are calculated and sized in accordance with section 220.57 which permits a default rating for power transfer equipment or the nameplate rating, whichever is larger. This part of the rule has been revised to align with this requirement in 220.57.

3. The maximum equipment load for branch circuits has been added to 625.42(A) as the exception to 625.40 indicates this allowance can be used for branch circuits supplying multiple power transfer system equipment.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	Megan Hayes
Organization:	NEMA
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Tue Jul 11 12:32:09 EDT 2023

Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution: Statement:	FR-8304-NFPA 70-2024 The continuous loads requirement was moved was moved to 625.41 for simplicity. This revision is rewritten to clarify the service, feeder, and branch circuit shall have sufficient rating to supply the EVSE load. This section was expanded to include software residing on a data network to be recognized as an EMS for controlling EVSE. 625.42(B) was rewritten to clarify language regarding current adjustment in addition to correcting typographical errors. Additional terms were added to require that the field-installed adjusted current rating label be field installed in accordance with 110.21. The informational note provides an example to guide the user.

	625.42 Rating.
Ŧ	The EVSE shall have sufficient rating to supply the load served. Electric vehicle charging load
	Load or Source Capacity.
	<u>EV power transfer system equipment loads and source capacities</u> shall be considered to be continuous loads <u>or source capacities</u> for the purposes of this article. Service- and feeder shall be sized in accordance with the product ratings, unless the overall rating <u>, feeder and branch circuit loads and source capacities shall be calculated in accordance with the product rating as adjusted as permitted by 625.42(B), or the overall load or source capacities of the installation can be limited through controls as permitted by 625.42(A) or (B).</u>
	(A) Energy Management System (EMS).
/ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Where an EMS in accordance with 750.30 provides load <u>or source</u> management of EVSE EV power transfer system equipment, the maximum <u>calculated</u> equipment load <u>or source capace</u> on a service- and feeder, <u>feeder</u> , <u>or branch circuit</u> shall be the maximum load <u>or source</u> <u>capacity</u> permitted by the EMS. The EMS shall be permitted to be integral to one piece of equipment or integral to a listed system consisting of more than one piece of equipment. Whe one or more pieces of equipment are provided with an integral load management control, the system shall be marked to indicate this control is provided.
	(B) EVSE EV power transfer system equipment with Adjustable Settings Ratings.
t a e t	EVSE with EV power transfer system equipment with restricted access to an ampere or power adjusting means complying with 750.30(C) shall be permitted. If adjustments have an impact or the rating label, those changes shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and the adjusted rating shall appear on the rating label with sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. EVSEas EV power transfer equipment as referenced shall be permitted to have ampere or power ratings that are equal to the adjusted current or power setting.

(terminology per Article 700 Part I) need to be considered. We changed the title of the section accordingly, per NEC Style Manual clause 2.3.1 although that does not consider source capacities. Some DCFC have power limits but broad voltage limits both input (eg. 200-300 VAC) and output (500 VDC or 920 VDC class to suit premium EVs and HD EVs). So the current limit is not necessarily relevant for equipment that has a power rather than current limit.

Related Public Inputs for This Document

Related Input

Relationship

Public Input No. 1828-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 750.30(C)(1)] Public Input No. 1829-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 750.30(C) [Excluding any

Sub-Sections]]

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Nar	ne: Kevin Cheong
Organization:	Chargepoint Canada Inc.
Affiliation:	ChargePoint Inc.
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Mon Jul 31 21:43:10 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Statem	ent
Resolution: The in	tent of the proposed revision was captured by

Resolution: The intent of the proposed revision was captured by in revisions to 625.42 by including branch circuits. The proposed change would not enhance the clarity of the code.

No. 625.42(A)]
1S <u>PCM)</u> .
cordance with 750.30 provides load a service and feeder shall be the <u>em</u> . The EMS - <u>PCM device or system</u> t or integral to a listed system be or more pieces of equipment are ystem shall be marked to indicate this
c Input
for and replacement of gas-fired appliance of on-site storage and generation, will ns covered by the NEC. These activities eneration, storage, and use, with an
Energy Management Systems" to manage loading of the premises wiring system. o prevent overloading of the premises ergy management systems (EMS) o address electrical overload.
ergy Management System", this must co- ional Energy Management devices that be mandated to meet functional safety
t in the marketplace, a new term is of energy optimization for appliance applications where safety is paramount. ver Circuit Management (PCM) where
(refer to "Related PI's") to mark the escribed above, the requirement for this ".
Relationship
Related due to addition of new PCM definition / term
Related due to addition of new PCM definition / term
Related due to addition of new PCM definition / term
Related due to addition of new PCM definition / term

<u>Public Input No. 4362-NFPA 700.4(B)]</u>	70-2023 [Section No.	Related due to addition of new PCM definition / term
<u>Public Input No. 4364-NFPA 701.4(C)]</u>	70-2023 [Section No.	Related due to addition of new PCM definition / term
<u>Public Input No. 4366-NFPA</u> 702.4(A)(2)]	70-2023 [Section No.	Related due to addition of new PCM definition / term
Public Input No. 4367-NFPA 705.13]	70-2023 [Section No.	Related due to addition of new PCM definition / term
Public Input No. 4372-NFPA 750.6]	70-2023 [Section No.	Related due to addition of new PCM definition / term
<u>Public Input No. 4331-NFPA</u> after Definition: Powder Fillir	<u>70-2023 [New Definition</u>	
Public Input No. 4332-NFPA Management System (EMS)	<u>. 70-2023 [Definition: Energy</u>	
Public Input No. 4335-NFPA 750.30]	. 70-2023 [Section No.	
<u></u>	. 70-2023 [Section No.	
<u>Public Input No. 4362-NFPA</u> 700.4(B)]	. 70-2023 [Section No.	
Public Input No. 4364-NFPA 701.4(C)]	70-2023 [Section No.	
Public Input No. 4366-NFPA 702.4(A)(2)]	70-2023 [Section No.	
Public Input No. 4367-NFPA 705.13]	70-2023 [Section No.	
Public Input No. 4372-NFPA 750.6]	70-2023 [Section No.	
Submitter Information Ver	ification	
Submitter Full Name: Scott	Picco	
Organization: UL So	olutions	
Street Address:		
Citv:		
State:		
Zip:		
Submittal Date: Thu S	Sep 07 12:44:17 FDT 2023	
Committee: NEC-	P12	
Committee Statement		
Resolution: The proposed r System' to 'Pow	revision to change the referenced e ver Circuit Management' does not	equipment from 'Energy Management provide any additional clarity.



Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Tue Apr 18 17:49:57 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: <u>FR-8304-NFPA 70-2024</u>

Statement: The continuous loads requirement was moved was moved to 625.41 for simplicity. This revision is rewritten to clarify the service, feeder, and branch circuit shall have sufficient rating to supply the EVSE load. This section was expanded to include software residing on a data network to be recognized as an EMS for controlling EVSE. 625.42(B) was rewritten to clarify language regarding current adjustment in addition to correcting typographical errors. Additional terms were added to require that the field-installed adjusted current rating label be field installed in accordance with 110.21. The informational note provides an example to guide the user.

Public li	nput No. 2689-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.42(B)]
(B) EVS	F with Adjustable Settings.
EVSE with adjusting methods current so manufact label with reference the adjus installation	h <u>a current adjustment setting shall be permitted if</u> restricted access to an ampere means complying with <u>the adjustment setting is accomplished by at least one of the</u> permitted in <u>750.30(C)</u> - shall be permitted (<u>3</u>). If adjustments have <u>the adjusted</u> <u>atting has</u> an impact on the rating label, those changes shall be in accordance with urer's instructions, and the adjusted rating <u>current setting</u> shall appear on the rating sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. EVSEas <u>EVSE as</u> d shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are <u>a current rating that is</u> equal to ted current setting. <u>The current adjustment setting shall be set at the time of</u> <u>n and shall only be readjusted by a qualified person.</u>
Information capability match the	onal Note: An example of a current adjustment setting is an EVSE that has the of being set to a maximum of 80 A, but is adjusted to a 40 A maximum output to so 0 A branch circuit supplything the EVSE.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Adjusting me rating in orde for 80A but t become a m in accordanc is not to be r	eans are provided on EVSE to match the EVSE current rating to the existing branch circuit or to allow installation without expensive electrical system upgrades. If an EVSE is rated the homeowner only has a 40 A branch in the garage, the EVSE can be adjusted to aximum 32 A EVSE and it can be safely and correctly installed on the 40 A branch circuit e with the Code. The adjusting means is set by the installer at the time of installation and eadjusted, unless by a qualified person. This revision clarifies the language and intent.
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F Organization Street Addro City: State: Zip:	ull Name: Seth Carlton n: UL LLC ess:
Submittal D Committee:	ate: Thu Aug 24 10:17:54 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Decolution	
Statement:	The continuous loads requirement was moved was moved to 625.41 for simplicity. This revision is rewritten to clarify the service, feeder, and branch circuit shall have sufficient rating to supply the EVSE load. This section was expanded to include software residing on a data network to be recognized as an EMS for controlling EVSE. 625.42(B) was rewritten to clarify language regarding current adjustment in addition to correcting typographical errors. Additional terms were added to require that the field-installed adjusted current rating label be field installed in accordance with 110.21. The informational note provides an example to guide the user.

Public Input No. 3960-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.42(B)]

(B) EVSE with Adjustable Settings.

EVSE with restricted access to an ampere adjusting means complying with 750.30(C) shall be permitted. If adjustments adjustments able to be made on the device have an impact on the rating label, those changes shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, when first installed on site and the adjusted rating shall appear on the rating a field installed or field marked label with sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. EVSE as referenced shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are equal to the adjusted current setting.

Exception: If adjustments are only able to be made via software on an owner's portable device the fied installed label is not required.

Additional Proposed Changes

<u>File Name</u>	Description		<u>Approved</u>
PI 1.docx	PI including substantiation	625.42 (B)

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

As written this text requires the manufacturer to print the adjusted rating on the rating label. The rating label is usually required to be affixed to the product at the time of manufacture due to listing requirements. The manufacture cannot know what adjusted rating the customer may choose for the manufactured device. Therefore, the only option to satisfy listing requirements and the requirement herein is to replace a single rating with a table or range of possible adjusted ratings. While this would show the possible ratings to which the device could be set, it does not clearly communicate the actual adjusted rating that was chosen by the installer or user.

The proposed update requires a field installed or field marked adjusted rating label to be installed in addition to the rating label that is installed by the manufacturer, if the rating is adjusted. When first installed on site, the field marked rating label would be attached to the device when it is installed, and it must show the actual adjusted rating. This proposed change would clearly communicate to inspectors and future installers the adjusted rating of the device, the adjusted rating that was used for load calculations, and the current rating of the wire installed to support the adjusted current rating of the EVSE charging device. The proposed change would improve the communication of the adjusted rating and clarify that the adjusted rating must be documented on the device after the selected rating is chosen.

However, some modern EV chargers will only be adjustable via software on an I-phone or similar and will always charge at that maximum rating or below once set appropriately. A label on the installed hardware will not be seen by whoever is setting the device via the software on the remote device (phone, pad or computer). The HMI will provide the required information. Hence, it is reasonable to allow an exception to the field installed label in that situation.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	e: Marcelo Valdes
Organization:	Asea Brown Boveri Ltd. (ABB)
Street Address:	
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State:	
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Submittal Date:	Wed Sep 06 11:23:05 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: <u>FR-8304-NFPA 70-2024</u>

Statement: The continuous loads requirement was moved was moved to 625.41 for simplicity. This revision is rewritten to clarify the service, feeder, and branch circuit shall have sufficient rating to supply the EVSE load. This section was expanded to include software residing on a data network to be recognized as an EMS for controlling EVSE. 625.42(B) was rewritten to clarify language regarding current adjustment in addition to correcting typographical errors. Additional terms were added to require that the field-installed adjusted current rating label be field installed in accordance with 110.21. The informational note provides an example to guide the user.

NFPA Public Input Form

NOTE: All Public Input must be received by 5:00 pm EST/EDST on the published Pu	blic Input Closing Date.
For further information on the standards-making process, please contact the Codes and Standards Administration at 617-984-7249 or visit <u>www.nfpa.org/codes</u> .	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY Log #:

For technical assistance, please call NFPA at 1-800-344-3555

Date Rec'd:

Date N	ame Marcelo E Valdes, F	E, IEEE Fellow	Tel. No.	860 558 83	72
Company ABB			Email	marcelo.e.val	des@ieee.org
Street Address 412 Stor	ney Creek Way	City Chapel Hill	State	NC Zip	27517
Please indicate organizati	on represented (if any)				
1. (a) Title of NFPA Standard	National Electric Code	NEC)	NFPA No. &	Year 70 /	2026
(b) Section/Paragraph	625.42				
2. Public Input Recomme	nds (check one):	new text	revised text	dele	ted text
3. Proposed Text of Publi [Note: Proposed text should be through to denote wording to	ic Input (include proposed be in legislative format; i.e., be deleted (deleted wording	new or revised wording, output of the second	or identification of ording to be inserte	f wording to ed (<u>inserted w</u>	be deleted): ording) and strike-

625 Electric Vehicle Power Transfer System

625.42(B) Rating - EVSE with Adjustable Settings:

EVSE with restricted access to an ampere adjusting means shall be permitted. If adjustments able to be made on the device have an impact on the rating label, those changes shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, when first installed on site, the adjusted rating shall appear on the rating a field installed or field marked label with sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. EVSE as referenced shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are equal to the adjusted current setting.

Exception: If adjustments are only able to be made via software on an owner's portable device the label is not required.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input: (Note: State the problem that would be resolved by your 4 recommendation; give the specific reason for your Public Input, including copies of tests, research papers, fire experience, etc. If more than 200 words, it may be abstracted for publication.)

As written this text requires the manufacturer to print the adjusted rating on the rating label. The rating label is usually required to be affixed to the product at the time of manufacture due to listing requirements. The manufacture cannot know what adjusted rating the customer may choose for the manufactured device. Therefore, the only option to satisfy listing requirements and the requirement herein is to replace a single rating with a table or range of possible adjusted ratings. While this would show the possible ratings to which the device could be set, it does not clearly communicate the actual adjusted rating that was chosen by the installer or user.

The proposed update requires a field installed or field marked adjusted rating label to be installed in addition to the rating label that is installed by the manufacturer, if the rating is adjusted. When first installed on site, the field marked rating label would be attached to the device when it is installed, and it must show the actual adjusted rating. This proposed change would clearly communicate to inspectors and future installers the adjusted rating of the device, the adjusted rating that was used for load calculations, and the current rating of the wire installed to support the adjusted current rating of the EVSE charging device. The proposed change would improve the communication of the adjusted rating and clarify that the adjusted rating must be documented on the device after the selected rating is chosen.

However, some modern EV chargers will only be adjustable via software on an I-phone or similar and will always charge at that maximum rating or below once set appropriately. A label on the installed hardware will not be seen by whoever is setting the device via the software on the remote device (phone, pad or computer). The HMI will provide the required information. Hence, it is reasonable to allow an exception to the field installed label in that situation.

5. Copyright Assignment

(a) 🖂 I am the author of the text or other material (such as illustrations, graphs) proposed in the Public Input.

(b) Some or all of the text or other material proposed in this Public Input was not authored by me. Its source is as follows: (please identify which material and provide complete information on its source)

I hereby grant and assign to the NFPA all and full rights in copyright in this Public Input (including both the Proposed Text and the Statement of Problem and Substantiation). I understand that I acquire no rights in any publication of NFPA in which this Public Input in this or another similar or analogous form is used. Except to the extent that I do not have authority to make an assignment in materials that I have identified in (b) above, I hereby warrant that I am the author of this Public Input and that I have full power and authority to enter into this assignment.

Signature (Required)

Marcelo E Valdes

PLEASE USE SEPARATE FORM FOR EACH PUBLIC INPUT

To: Secretary, Standards Council National Fire Protection Association 1 Batterymarch Park · Quincy, MA 02169-7471 OR Fax to: (617) 770-3500 OR Email to: proposals comments@nfpa.org

9/10/2023

Public Input No. 4116-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.42(B)]

(B) EVSE with Adjustable Settings.

EVSE with restricted access to an ampere adjusting means complying with 750.30(C)(3) shall be permitted. If adjustments have an impact on the rating label, those <u>When adjustments are</u> <u>made to the EVSE output current</u>, those changes shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and the adjusted <u>.</u> The adjusted output current rating shall appear on the rating label with <u>be marked on a field installed label that has</u> sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. <u>EVSE as</u> <u>EVSE as</u> referenced shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are equal to the adjusted current setting.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

As written this subdivision requires the manufacturer to print the adjusted rating on the rating label. The rating label is usually required to be affixed to the product at the time of manufacture due to listing requirements. From the manufacture's point-of-view, there is no way to know what adjusted rating the customer may choose for any particular unit manufactured. Therefore, the only option to satisfy listing requirements and the requirement in this subdivision is to replace a single rating with a table or range of possible adjusted ratings. While this would show the possible ratings to which the device could be set, it does not clearly communicate the actual adjusted rating that was chosen by the installer. The proposed update requires a field marked and applied adjusted rating label to be installed in addition to the rating label that is installed by the manufacturer, if the rating is adjusted. The field marked and applied adjusted rating. This proposed change would clearly communicate to inspectors and future installers the adjusted rating of the device that was used for load calculations and the ampacity of the wire installed to support the adjusted current rating of the EVSE charging device. The proposed change would improve the communication of the adjusted rating and clarify that the adjusted rating must be documented on the device after the selected rating is chosen.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name:	Steve Chutka
Organization:	Siemens
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Sep 06 17:03:08 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8304-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: The continuous loads requirement was moved was moved to 625.41 for simplicity. This revision is rewritten to clarify the service, feeder, and branch circuit shall have sufficient rating to supply the EVSE load. This section was expanded to include software residing on a data network to be recognized as an EMS for controlling EVSE. 625.42(B) was rewritten to clarify language regarding current adjustment in addition to correcting typographical errors. Additional terms were added to require that the field-installed
adjusted current rating label be field installed in accordance with 110.21. The informational note provides an example to guide the user.

Public I	nput No. 743-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.42(B)]
(B) EVS	E with Adjustable Settings.
EVSE with permitted accordan label with reference setting.	th restricted access to an ampere adjusting means complying with 750.30(C) shall be I. If adjustments have an impact on the rating label, those changes shall be in ce with manufacturer's instructions, and the adjusted rating shall appear on the rating sufficient durability to withstand the environment involved. EVSEas <u>EVSE as</u> ad shall be permitted to have ampere ratings that are equal to the adjusted current
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
corrected typ	00
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Conrad Ko
Organizatio	n: [Not Specified]
Street Addro	ess:
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal D	ate: Wed Apr 26 04:23:32 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	tatement
Resolution:	FR-8304-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	The continuous loads requirement was moved was moved to 625.41 for simplicity. This revision is rewritten to clarify the service, feeder, and branch circuit shall have sufficient rating to supply the EVSE load. This section was expanded to include software residing on a data network to be recognized as an EMS for controlling EVSE. 625.42(B) was rewritten to clarify language regarding current adjustment in addition to correcting typographical errors. Additional terms were added to require that the field-installed adjusted current rating label be field installed in accordance with 110.21. The informational note provides an example to guide the user.
	informational note provides an example to guide the user.

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Public Input N NFPA Sections]]	No. 2337-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.42 [Excluding any Sub-
The EVSE shall shall be conside shall be sized in can be limited th	have sufficient rating to supply the load served. Electric vehicle charging loads red to be continuous loads for the purposes of this article. Service and feeder accordance with the product ratings, unless the overall rating of the installation prough controls as permitted by 625.42(A) or (B).
Statement of Probl	em and Substantiation for Public Input
Removed this text f	rom here and placed in 625.41. Submitted another public input for 625.41.
Submitter Informat	tion Verification
Submitter Full Non	no: Miko Holt
Organization:	Mike Holt Enterprises Inc.
Street Address	Mike Holt Enterprises inc
City	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Aug 16 13:22:41 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Statem	ent
Resolution: FR-83	304-NFPA 70-2024
Statement: The correvision rating on a do rewritt typogr adjust	ontinuous loads requirement was moved was moved to 625.41 for simplicity. This on is rewritten to clarify the service, feeder, and branch circuit shall have sufficient to supply the EVSE load. This section was expanded to include software residing lata network to be recognized as an EMS for controlling EVSE. 625.42(B) was ten to clarify language regarding current adjustment in addition to correcting raphical errors. Additional terms were added to require that the field-installed ted current rating label be field installed in accordance with 110.21. The provides an example to guide the user



Public I	nput No. 1120-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.43]
625.43	Disconnecting Means.
For EVSI disconne disconne on the ec <u>requirem</u> with 110.	E and WPTE rated more than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the <u>The</u> cting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the cting means is installed remote from the equipment, a <u>plaque label</u> shall be installed jupment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The <u>marking shall meet the ents in 110.21(B)</u> . The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance 25.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
The present than 150 vol requirements the open pos	language requires a disconnecting means for EVSE rated more than 60 amps or more ts to ground. However, there is an equal hazard for EV equipment below these s. The modified language will provide for a means of disconnect within sight or lockable in sition for all EVSE
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Greg Chontow
Organizatio	n: Boro of Hopatcong
Street Addre	ess:
City:	
State: Zin:	
Submittal D	ate: Sun Jun 18 06:20:52 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	tatement
Resolution:	ER-8317-NEPA 70-2024
Statement:	The revision clarifies that permanently installed EVSE and WPTE are required to have a
	disconnecting means and provides a limitation on cord-and-plug connected EVSE and WPTE. The ratings were corrected in accordance with the 2023 NEC Style Manual 3.2.2.
	Charging stations supplying power to electric vehicles (EVs) are primarily available along major highways and are also becoming more available in public parking garages and workplace parking lots. When an emergency occurs at one of these EV charging stations, responders need a quick means to disconnect power in order to respond to the emergency safely. Premises was replaced with "within sight" as it a defined term and provides a proximity for the equipment controlled by the emergency shutoff.

625.43 Discor	inecting Means.
For EVSE and 60 amperes or installed in a re equipment, a p disconnecting 110.25.	WPTE rated electric vehicle power transfer system equipment rated more than more than 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and eadily accessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the laque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with
statement of Prob	lem and Substantiation for Public Input
This public input n	nakes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems
This public input n equipment recogn	nakes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems ized by the article and not just EVSE and WPTE.
This public input n equipment recogn	nakes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems ized by the article and not just EVSE and WPTE.
This public input n equipment recogn	nakes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems ized by the article and not just EVSE and WPTE.
This public input n equipment recogn Submitter Informa Submitter Full Na	makes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems ized by the article and not just EVSE and WPTE.
This public input n equipment recogn Submitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization:	nakes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems ized by the article and not just EVSE and WPTE. Intion Verification me: Megan Hayes NEMA
This public input n equipment recogn Submitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address:	nakes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems ized by the article and not just EVSE and WPTE. Intion Verification me: Megan Hayes NEMA
This public input n equipment recogn Submitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City:	nakes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems ized by the article and not just EVSE and WPTE. Intion Verification me: Megan Hayes NEMA
This public input n equipment recogn Submitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State:	nakes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems ized by the article and not just EVSE and WPTE. Intion Verification me: Megan Hayes NEMA
This public input n equipment recogn Submitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	makes the rule applicable to all types of electric vehicle power transfer systems ized by the article and not just EVSE and WPTE. Intion Verification me: Megan Hayes NEMA
This public input n equipment recogn Submitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	Tue Jul 11 12:39:06 EDT 2023

Public Ir	nput No. 1741-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.43]
625.43 C	Disconnecting Means.
For <u>perma</u> 150 volts accessible plaque sh <u>For cord-a</u> <u>as the dis</u> with 110.2	anently connected EVSE and WPTE- rated more than 60 amperes or more than to ground, the <u>, a</u> disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily e location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a nall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. and-plug connected EVSE and WPTE, the cord-and-plug shall be permitted to serve aconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance 25.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
All EVSE or V rated less that requirement to previously on in public areat serviced, the assume the u In these case equipment for requirement	WPTE should be provided with a disconnect device. For permanently connected products an 60 A, this requirement should not be omitted. This change makes the disconnect a for all permanently connected products moving forward. Cord connected products were nitted from this requirement entirely. However, cord connected products could be located as such as apartment building or office building garages. If those products are being disconnect device is required and should be locked out so that someone does not unplugged equipment is a mistake and plug it back in while the service person is absent. es, the attachment plug can be used as the disconnect device and lockable open or a cord connected product is available to service persons and would meet the in 110.25.
Submitter Info	ormation Verification
Submitter Fr	ull Name: Seth Carlton
Organizatior	n: UL LLC
Street Addre	ess:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Da	ate: Mon Jul 31 14:55:37 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8317-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	The revision clarifies that permanently installed EVSE and WPTE are required to have a disconnecting means and provides a limitation on cord-and-plug connected EVSE and WPTE. The ratings were corrected in accordance with the 2023 NEC Style Manual 3.2.2.

Public I	nput No. 1789-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.43]
625.43	Disconnecting Means.
For EVS or more readily a plaque s The disc	E and WPTE rated <u>EV power transfer system equipment rated</u> more than 60 amperes than 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a ccessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a hall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. connecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
We agree w equipment.	ith NEMA that the requirement should apply equally to all EV power transfer system
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Kevin Cheong
Organizatio	n: Chargepoint Canada Inc.
Affiliation:	ChargePoint Inc.
Street Addr	ess:
City:	
State:	
Σιρ: Submittal Γ	ate: Wed Aug 02 20:19:38 EDT 2023
Committee	NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement
Resolution	The proposed revision to change EVSE and WPTE to electric vehicle power transfer system equipment (EVPTSE) does not enhance the clarity of the code. EVSE and WPTE are common terms to use for this equipment.

Public Input No. 2057-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.43]

625.43 Disconnecting Means.

For EVSE and WPTE rated more than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the <u>A</u> readily accessible disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location for an EVSE or WPTE. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This public input is being submitted on behalf of the Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry. Currently, the Department's inspection staff includes 14-office/field staff, 12-state field inspectors, 2-virtual inspectors and 50 plus contract electrical inspectors that complete over 170,000 electrical inspections annually.

The proposed language would remove the voltage and current rating of the EVSE and WPTE and require disconnects for outlets, understanding that a cord and plug connection could be deemed a disconnect. This change would also include the EVSE equipment that are allowed to be hardwired and adjusted below the 60 amps rating as permitted by 625.42 and 750.30. This disconnect and/or lockable requirement would ensure that there are provisions for locking the disconnect "off" when servicing the equipment for worker safety.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	: Dean Hunter
Organization:	Minnesota Department of Labor
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Fri Aug 11 13:20:58 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: <u>FR-8317-NFPA 70-2024</u>

Statement: The revision clarifies that permanently installed EVSE and WPTE are required to have a disconnecting means and provides a limitation on cord-and-plug connected EVSE and WPTE. The ratings were corrected in accordance with the 2023 NEC Style Manual 3.2.2.

Charging stations supplying power to electric vehicles (EVs) are primarily available along major highways and are also becoming more available in public parking garages and workplace parking lots. When an emergency occurs at one of these EV charging stations, responders need a quick means to disconnect power in order to respond to the emergency safely. Premises was replaced with "within sight" as it a defined term and provides a proximity for the equipment controlled by the emergency shutoff.

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Public II	nput No. 232-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.43]
625.43	Disconnecting Means.
For EVSI <u>the requin</u> more that readily ac plaque sh The disco	E and WPTE- <u>all fixed equipment EVSE and WPTE a disconnecting means meeting</u> rements of 422.31(B) shall be required. For equipment rated more than 60 amperes or n 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a ccessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a nall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
For level 2 E located near more than 1 permanently equipment th accessible, v	VSE's installed in a commercial or office parking garage the disconnecting means is not the EVSE. The way the article is written only equipment rated more than 60 amperes or 50V to ground requires a disconnect. So all 240V equipment fixed in place and listed to be wired are not required to have a disconnecting means. The NEC requires all other nat is permanently wired to have a disconnecting means and generally it is to be readily within site of, and/or lockable.
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Robert Nakamichi
Organizatio	n: City of Seattle
Street Addre	ess:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal D	ate: Fri Jan 27 23:03:46 EST 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	tatement
Resolution:	FR-8317-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	The revision clarifies that permanently installed EVSE and WPTE are required to have a disconnecting means and provides a limitation on cord-and-plug connected EVSE and WPTE. The ratings were corrected in accordance with the 2023 NEC Style Manual 3.2.2.
	Charging stations supplying power to electric vehicles (EVs) are primarily available along major highways and are also becoming more available in public parking garages and workplace parking lots. When an emergency occurs at one of these EV charging stations, responders need a quick means to disconnect power in order to respond to the emergency safely. Premises was replaced with "within sight" as it a defined term and provides a proximity for the equipment controlled by the emergency shutoff.

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Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip:	n: NUSTL Iss:
Submittal Da	ate: Thu Aug 17 15:29:40 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	<u>FR-8317-NFPA 70-2024</u>
Statement:	The revision clarifies that permanently installed EVSE and WPTE are required to have a disconnecting means and provides a limitation on cord-and-plug connected EVSE and WPTE. The ratings were corrected in accordance with the 2023 NEC Style Manual 3.2.2. Charging stations supplying power to electric vehicles (EVs) are primarily available along major highways and are also becoming more available in public parking garages and workplace parking lots. When an emergency occurs at one of these EV charging stations, responders need a quick means to disconnect power in order to respond to the emergency safely. Premises was replaced with "within sight" as it a defined term and provides a proximity for the equipment controlled by the emergency shutoff.

Proposed changes to NFPA 70

625.43 Disconnecting Means

EV charging systems shall be provided with one or more clearly identified emergency shutoff devices or electrical disconnects.

625.43 (A) Emergency Shutoff Devices for Level 3 Charging Stations

Emergency shutoff devices or electrical disconnects for level 3 charging stations shall be installed in approved locations, but not less than 6 m (20ft) or more than 30 m (100 ft) from the electrical charging station that they serve. Where distance requires more than one emergency shutoff device or electrical disconnect, the devices shall be interconnected.

625.43 (B) Other Disconnects

For EVSE and WPTE rated more than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with <u>110.25</u>.

Public Input No. 3106-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.43]
625.43 Disconnecting Means.
For EVSE and WPTE rated more than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.
<u>(A)</u> EVSE shall be provided with one or more clearly identified emergency shutoff devices or electrical disconnects and labeled with an approved sign stating "EMERGENCY ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING SYSTEM SHUTOFF" or equivalent language
 (B) Emergency shutoff devices or electrical disconnects shall be installed in approved locations accessible to patrons, but not less than 6 m (20 ft) or more than 30 m (100 ft) from the EVCS. (C) Resetting from an emergency shutoff condition shall require manual intervention.
Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input This would add Emergency Stops in proper alignment with NFPA 30A
Submitter Full Name: Chris Pfaff Organization: PHRT Instruction Street Address: City: State: Zip:
Submittal Date: Tue Aug 29 12:08:16 EDT 2023
Committee: NEC-P12
Committee Statement
Resolution: <u>FR-8317-NFPA 70-2024</u>
Statement: The revision clarifies that permanently installed EVSE and WPTE are required to have a disconnecting means and provides a limitation on cord-and-plug connected EVSE and WPTE. The ratings were corrected in accordance with the 2023 NEC Style Manual 3.2.2.
Charging stations supplying power to electric vehicles (EVs) are primarily available along major highways and are also becoming more available in public parking garages and workplace parking lots. When an emergency occurs at one of these EV charging stations, responders need a quick means to disconnect power in order to respond to the emergency safely. Premises was replaced with "within sight" as it a defined term and provides a proximity for the equipment controlled by the emergency shutoff.

	out NO. 319-NF	PA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.43]
625.43 Dis	sconnecting Means	S.
For EVSE a disconnecti disconnecti equipment be lockable	and WPTE rated m ng means shall be ng means is instal denoting the locati open in accordan	nore than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the e provided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the lled remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the ion of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall ace with 110.25.
Additional Prop	oosed Changes	S
File Name	Description	Approved
625.43.docx	625.43	
Statement of Pi	roblem and Su	bstantiation for Public Input
This revision w	ill make for a safer	r environment for our first responders. This will be in line with 230.85.
Submitter Infor	mation Verifica	ation
Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State:	Name: Louis Petr s:	ucci
Zip:		
Submittal Date	Heb 0 NEC-P12	99 13:49:17 EST 2023
Committee Stat	tement	
Resolution: T m	he proposed revisi neans to within sigh	ion did not include sufficient substantiation to limit the disconnecting ht.

625.43 Dis	sconnecting Means.	
For EVSE a disconnecti disconnecti equipment be lockable	and WPTE rated more ng means shall be pr ng means is installed denoting the location open in accordance	e than 60 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the rovided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the I remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall with 110.25.
dditional Prop	oosed Changes	
	Description	Approved
<u>File Name</u>		
File Name 625.43.docx	625.43 Revised	
File Name 625.43.docx	625.43 Revised	stantiation for Public Input
File Name 625.43.docx atement of Pr I have revised r	625.43 Revised roblem and Subs	to include dwelling units.
File Name 625.43.docx tatement of Pr I have revised r ubmitter Infor	625.43 Revised roblem and Subs my original submittal mation Verification	to include dwelling units.
File Name 625.43.docx tatement of Pr I have revised r ubmitter Infor Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State: Zip:	625.43 Revised roblem and Subs my original submittal mation Verification Name: Louis Petrucco s:	stantiation for Public Input to include dwelling units. on ci
File Name 625.43.docx atement of Pr I have revised r ubmitter Infor Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State: Zip: Submittal Date	625.43 Revised roblem and Subs my original submittal f mation Verification Name: Louis Petrucco s: Fri Feb 10 16	stantiation for Public Input to include dwelling units. on 5:43:04 EST 2023

625.43

If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

Replace the above with:

The disconnecting means shall be located within site and no more than fifty (50) feet from the EVSE and WPTE. This disconnect may include a shunt-trip circuit breaker with a remote initiating device that meets the above location.

Dwelling: Add

One and two family dwelling units that have a EV station that conforms to 625.43 that is located on the interior or exterior of the dwelling shall be provided by a disconnecting means that is equal to a disconnect or a shunt trip. This disconnect must be visible from the charging station and be within 50 feet.

EVSE that are located inside the dwelling and not visible from the exterior shall have a disconnecting means of the one described above that will be located at the entrance of the storage area where the EV is stored.

Why:

After meeting with many Rhode Island Arson Investigators I have learned about the many incidents with Lithium batteries. These batteries, along with the charging stations adding energy to this EV's when a fire breaks out will only add to the situation. With a disconnecting means in the area it will remove one of the adds to an already hazardous situation when a battery fire is involved.

This, I feel will be in line with 230.85, keeping our first responders safe.

Public Input No. 371-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.43]

625.43 Disconnecting Means.

For EVSE and WPTE rated more than 60 than 50 amperes or more than 150 volts to ground, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location. If the disconnecting means is installed remote from the equipment, a plaque shall be installed on the equipment denoting the location of the disconnecting means. The disconnecting means shall be lockable open in accordance with 110.25.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

N.E.C. 625.42 Rating. Three methods for EV charging referred to as Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 EV charging explains plugging into a common grounded 120 volt electrical receptacle (NEMA 5-15R or 5-20R. Level 2 is either 240 volts or 208 volts maximum load being 32 amperes at 240 volts with a minimum circuit and overcurrent rating of 40 amperes. Accordingly, N.E.C. 625.44 (A) Portable Equipment (1), (2) and (3) shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one or more of the following methods which requires receptacles as a disconnecting means. The same is mentioned for N.E.C.624.44 (B) Fastened-in-Place Equipment (!), (2) and (3). N.E.C. 625.44 (C) Fixed-in-Place Equipment. All other EVSE and WPTE shall be permanently wired and fixed in place to the supporting surface. N.E.C. 625.43 Disconnecting Means. For equipment rated more than 60 amperes, the disconnecting means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location. Why is it that from 120 volts @15 amperes up to 240 volts @ 50 amperes a disconnecting means is required in the form of a plug in receptacle that is definitely within sight of the parked electric vehicle and for more than 60 amperes a disconnecting means is also required in a readily accessible location which apparently doesn't have to be within sight of the parked electric vehicle but at 60 amperes a disconnecting means is not required at all for (C) Fixed Equipment and it shall be permanently wired and fixed in place to the supporting surface? Secondly, since when is a 60 ampere rated 240 volt non fused 2 pole disconnect not considered as being part of a hard wired system? Why was 60 amperes @ 240 volts left out of the equation? All other amperages were considered! Especially, when you must wake up the on board computer within the Electric Vehicle to be able to remove the electrical connector to that vehicle. otherwise it cannot be removed.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name:	Henry Samek
Organization:	South Orange
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Feb 22 16:32:42 EST 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The proposed revision did not include sufficient substantiation to reduce the required disconnecting means ampacity rating from 60A to 50A.

625	5.44 Equipment Connection.
EV: pre	SE and WPTE shall <u>EV power transfer system equipment shall_</u> be connected to the mises wiring system in accordance with one of the methods in 625.44(A)- through_ or_(C <u>B</u>
(A)	Portable Equipment.
Por	table equipment shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one
<u>or</u>	
mo	re of the following methods:
(1)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes
(2)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes
(3)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire or 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 30 or 50 amperes, or 125/250 volts, single-phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes
(4)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes
to th	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire
gı	rounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125 volts
(2) 2 (<u>_ or</u> 50 volts, single phase, up to 50 amperesA nonlocking,
(3)	<u>3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated</u> at <u>250 volts</u> , <u>single or three phas</u> up to 50 amperes
(4)	<u>, or 125/250 volts, single - phase,</u> <u>- 50 - or 60</u>
(5)	up to 60 amperes
(6)	<u>A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated</u> at <u>60 volts dc</u> <u>maximum, 15 or 20 amperes</u>
(
e	
B)	_ Fixed-in-Place Equipment.

Relationship

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

While I'm not sure why the receptacles can't be twist-lock, I've also not seen any EVPTSE use twist-lock. It seems the existing subdivisions for portable and fastened-in-place were the same, but written differently, so for brevity and consistency it seems logical to consolidate them. We thank the TC for permitting 14-60Rs in the previous cycle, and we suggest perhaps the non-locking limitation could be removed also, which would be helpful for EVSE that may need to be ceiling mounted (in large, open, parkades), so unless there is a particular concern we're unaware of we see no reason to require them to be nonlocking.

Related Public Inputs for This Document

Related Input Public Input No. 1801-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.50]

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Kevin CheongOrganization:Chargepoint Canada Inc.Affiliation:ChargePoint Inc.Street Address:City:State:Zip:Submittal Date:Wed Aug 02 20:05:22 EDT 2023Committee:NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The proposed revision did not include sufficient substantiation to consolidate portable and fastened in place because they are different types of equipment.

62	5.44 Equipment Connection.
EV the	SE and WPTE shall be connected to the premises wiring system in accordance with one of methods in 625.44(A) through ($\Theta \underline{B}$).
(C)	– Fixed-in-Place Equipment.
All o sur	other EVSE and WPTE shall be permanently wired and fixed-in-place to the supporting ⁱ ace.
(A)	- Portable Equipment.
Por folle	table equipment shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one or more of the wing methods:
(1)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes
(2)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes
(3)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire or 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 30 or 50 amperes, or 125/250 volts, single-phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes
(4)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes
(B)	– Fastened-in-Place Equipment.
Equ the	iipment that is fastened-in-place shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one t following methods:
(1)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125 volts or 250 volts, single phase, up to 50 amperes
(2)	A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 250 volts, three phase up to 50 amperes
(3)	A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125/250 volts, single phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes
(4)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes
Fiz	<u>ked-in-Place _ E quipment</u>
<u>All</u>	EVSE and WPTE shall be permanent wired and fixed in place to the supporting surface.
<u>(B</u>)	<u>Portable/Mobile Equipment.</u>
<u>Plu</u> <u>pur</u> <u>pov</u> (26	<u>g-and-cord connected portable/mobile EVSE equipment shall be listed as suitable for the pose, include a personnel protection system integral to the attachment plug or located in th ver supply cable within 300 mm (12") of the attachment plug, and be no longer that 7.5 m ") in length</u>

Summary of Proposed Changes

Move Section C to A and strike the word "other". Fixed-in-place equipment is the primary and preferred method for private/public EV charging indoors/outdoors.

Move Section A to B and revise wording as shown

Delete Section B Fastened-in-place Equipment

Rationale and Substantiation

Section 625.44 Equipment Connection. Fixed-in-place Equipment

The range of fixed in place EVSE parallels the most common standard 2-pole circuit breaker ratings of 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, and 100 Amps. The most common standard non-locking NEMA configurations are rated 15, 20, 30, and 50 Amps. The reclassification of "fixed in place" to "fastened in place" to allow the use of NEMA non-locking straight blade configurations for an interim connection point is problematic for a variety of reasons.

The system for EV charging at high power ratings has been engineered for use by the general public, frequently - perhaps daily, in garages (damp) and outdoor (wet) installations subject to all weather conditions. The EVSE has an embedded personnel protection system to meet these requirements and the demanding technical needs of the normal vehicle conditions of use. The primary means of providing charge energy is at home with EV specific equipment that should be hardwired, preferably with a home run, using approved wiring methods.

Introducing an interim point of connection is a misapplication of the devices, undermines the EVSE personnel protection system, creates undesirable effects, and diminishes the effectiveness of code compliance and conformity assessment. The following general rationale and substantiation is based specifically on the NEMA 14-50 configuration, is applicable to the NEMA 6-50 configuration, and to some extent the other specified configurations.

General issues of concern

Breaking under load - the conditions of use require that the receptacle be de-energized prior to inserting/removing the mating plug to avoid destructive arcing that could lead to degraded thermal performance and a potential fire hazard. Accordingly, listing requires use by a "qualified person" as defined by NEC 100.

Conditions of use - The NEMA14-50 configuration, rated IP10, is suitable for use in "dry" locations. A primary residential use has been for home electric ranges for cooking. For installation in damp or wet locations, appropriate weather protection and an accessible disconnecting means should be provided. This configuration has more recently been popularized by RV campgrounds for motor coaches in wet outdoor locations. In this application, the receptacle is in a weather protectiove NEMA 3R enclosure with a circuit breaker located directly above to disconnect and de-energize the circuit. The enclosure door and latch act to prevent partial or unintended removal of plug. Technically, the next generation of RV outlets will most likely include a Class A GFCI circuit breaker

Engagement/retention - Non-locking straight blade devices are subject to partial engagement or disconnection from unintended mechanical forces resulting in a potential shock and fire hazard. A locking/latching function would be beneficial. This is accomplished in RV applications by the enclosure cover and latching mechanism.

Neutral conductor - EVSE is a 208-240V device and does not require the neutral conductor and thus the neutral conductor is unnecessary with a NEMA14-50 device.

Overcurrent protection - Contrary to established good engineering practice of not allowing receptacles to have a higher current rating than the protective overcurrent device, the code allows an exception to the NEMA 6-50 and NEMA14-50 devices to permit use with a 40 A circuit breaker and corresponding conductor rating for special circumstances. This provides an additional possibility of misuse for EV charging applications.

Personnel protection - Recent advancements require Class A GFCI protection for wiring devices suitable for dry use when installed in "damp" (garages) and "wet" (outdoors) locations. Good policy would also require a disconnecting means accessible and in clear site, suitable weather protection, and clear instructions for safe and proper use. GFCI, weather protection, and disconnecting means increase installation cost. The technical and operational effects of class A GFCI lead to unnecessary and undesirable impacts with unintended and undesirable consequences.

EVSE Personnel Protection - Class A GFCI is a remarkable and important device that has been developed to avoid or mitigate shock hazards for both grounded and ungrounded common household appliances in damp and wet locations. Accordingly, the circuit is interrupted within 20 milliseconds if the current leakage exceeds 5 mA nominal. Normally, the allowable current leakage level for utilization equipment and appliances is 0.5 mA.

Given the electrical mass of an EV in terms of V, A, kW, and kWh and the normal conditions of use on the highways and byways in all weather conditions, Class A GFCI is not suitable for EVs. A primary requirement for connecting an EV to the grid to receive charge energy is an effective "equipment ground". A comprehensive UL study funded by EPRI, Ford, GM, and Chrysler in the 1990s developed the available basic safety management techniques for electric vehicles. As a result, a superior personnel protection system (PPS) was developed for EVs consistent with established physiological standards. The advancements served as the basis for UL2231. The EVSE PPS is a dual function device consisting of a Ground Monitor Interrupter (GMI) and Charge Current Interrupting Device (CCID20) with auto-test on start up. With an assured low impedance ground, the allowable leakage levels and trip point can be increased while providing a superior level of personnel protection.

Adding Class A GFCI to the EVSE supply circuit will defeat the CCID/GMI system and most likely result in nuisance tripping and consumer inconvenience.

Summary, the AC EVSE was developed for permanent installation in compliance with the NEC, by a licensed electrician or knowledgable person, and inspected by the Authority Having Jurisdiction to provide safe operation over the product life. It is imperative to do it right to avoid or mitigate fire and shock hazards. Changes to allow plug-and-cord connection of EVSE that should be "hardwired" and fixed-in-place circumvents professional installation and diminishes code compliance and should be eliminated in the next code cycle. Specifying non-locking straight blade configurations in damp and wet locations defies reason and can not be substantiated.

Rationale and Substantiation

Section 625.44 Equipment Connection. (B) Portable/mobile Equipment.

Portable/mobile plug and cord connected EVSE is a special purpose means for emergency charge access or specialized uses. In the total absence of EV charging system access, the 120V/15A plug and cord portable/mobile equipment was developed primarily for ubiquitous access to limited charge energy during the transition to EV powertrain technology and the EV charging infrastructure. The limited functional capability, especially with modern full function EVs, was recognized at the time. This has proven to be true as several full function EVs today would require several days to charge using this method.

Variants to this utilization equipment extended plug and cord connection to the broad range of nonlocking 20, 30, and 50 A configurations installed for general use. The primary EV use for NEMA14-50 is to connect to RV campground outlets and provide emergency road side vehicle to vehicle charging.

Technically, specifying non-locking straight blade devices is a "design specification" (Ref Article 90) and it improperly requires devices rated for "dry locations" in damp and wet locations. The NEC installation requirements for all general purpose receptacles for all conditions of use are covered in the appropriate sections of the NEC governing premise wiring practices and devices.

Practically speaking, the circuit rating range of EVSE is from 20 to 100 A protected which is not supported by the non-locking devices. Given the conditions of use, the use of locking, safety shroud, and pin and sleeve devices with weather protective features would be a preferred solution for plug and cord connection of portable EVSE. Available mechanical interlocks or an accessible disconnect with

instructions would provide a means to avoid breaking under load. Additionally, EVSE and EV charging systems have grown in capacity to 100 A protected/80 A maximum continuous current and could use appropriate wiring devices rated 60 and 100 A for damp and wet locations to extend the capacity to all mobile/portable EVSE.

Regardless, since the plug and cord connected EVSE is not part of the premise wiring system, the appropriate place for the requirements would be the domain of product standards developed by Underwriters Laboratories and recognized standards organizations. The NEC requirements for a general purpose outlet in the other sections of the code should be applied to the installation requirements of any "general puppose" outlet.

NEC article 625 references to portable/mobile EVSE should be limited to "listed as suitable for the purpose with a personnel protection system located with 300 mm (12") of the plug and a maximum length of 7.5 m (26')." The product standards should consider user classification, conditions of use, and electrical characteristics. The product standards should also include compliant label instructions/warnings for the safe and proper use of the product. These changes will improve the proper use of portable/mobile EVSE and broaden the scope to meet a broader range of specialized portable EV charging needs.

As a matter of comparison, the AC vehicle inlet and charge connector has two phase contacts - L1 & L2 - for power transfer, a first-to-make last-to-break equipment ground (protective earth), a control pilot to provide current capacity, a last-to-make first-to-break proximity contact for the drivetrain interlock and to engage the dead-front function to insure no load make/break and avoid destructive arcing. A visual positive latching system with audible and tactile feedback is included to insure full engagement and prohibit unintended disconnection. The EV charge coupling has an equivalent IP65 rating for solid and liquid ingress protection.

For the hypothetical case of an EV connected using a 50A straight blade device is charging at 40A using a portable/mobile charger, by first removing the charge connector from the vehicle inlet the system is safety deenergized. Disconnecting a portable/mobile charger from the 50A straight blade non-locking plug first will result in destructive arcing that "one familiar with the construction and operation of the equipment and the hazards involved" would avoid doing.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	: Craig Toepfer
Organization:	Retired
Affiliation:	none
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Tue Apr 18 13:51:22 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The proposed revision did not include sufficient substantiation to eliminate the equipment connection methods provided by Section 625.44. Requirements are listed to ensure these equipment connections meet certain standards.

62	5.44 Equipment Connection.
E√ the	'SE and WPTE shall be connected to the premises wiring system in accordance with one o e methods in −625.44(A) -through (C).
(A))- Portable Equipment.
Poi folk	rtable equipment shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one or more of the owing methods:
(1)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 125 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes
(2)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 15 or 20 amperes
(3)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire or 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 250 volts, single phase, 30 or 50 amperes, or 125/250 volts, single-phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes
(4)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes
(B))- Fastened-in-Place Equipment.
Eq the	dipment that is fastened-in-place shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one following methods:
(1)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125 volts or 250 volts, single phase, up to 50 amperes
(2)	A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 250 volts, three phase up to 50 amperes
(3)	A nonlocking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125/250 volts, single phase, 30, 50, or 60 amperes
(4)	A nonlocking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes
(C)	- Fixed-in-Place Equipment.
All-	other EVSE and WPTE shall be permanently wired and fixed-in-place to the supporting face.

their boats into shore power pedestals at marinas up to light industrial 480/600 volts via cord-and-plugconnected receptacles, including locking ones, especially with large yachts. That is in a much more hazardous environment because the shock and electrocution risks are much, much higher due to naturally occurring water, especially seawater, being quite conductive. Yet, those private noncommercial non-industrial boat operators are fine. So, the choice of receptacles for EVSE and WPTE should not be limited unfairly via double standards especially when the risks of shock and electrocution on dry land are many times lower. Also, locking receptacles should definitely be allowed for EVSE and WPTE because they are safer and prevent accidental unplugging especially when the vehicle is charging. After all, the SAE J1772 or Tesla receptacles on the cars have automatic locking as a standard safety feature. Also, locking receptacles are not so tight as to prevent the cord from being unplugged when there is excessive mechanical force. Just like fuel station hoses, they are designed to break free when a piece of equipment is pulled away from the receptacle by a vehicle driving or sailing off.

Approval to the proposed change (removal of the section) under this public input is the ideal intended goal, and the other public input merely expanding the allowance of types of receptacles up to 277 volts single phase and associated locking receptacles is just a major compromise.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Conrad KoOrganization:[Not Specified]Street Address:City:City:State:Zip:Sat May 13 20:38:37 EDT 2023Committee:NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The proposed revision did not include sufficient substantiation to delete 625.44, including subsections, in its entirety, which would remove limits on portable and fastened in place equipment.

Protection from	m unintended or unauthorized disconnection under load.
Hot water heater Installations it is via tripping etc	ers draw considerably less than EV chargers and yet with common NEMA 14-50 s possible for a child to unplug it under load or for a person to accidentally yank and have it pull out under load.
<u>Also like hot wa</u> <u>plug installation</u> use for stated r	ater heaters there is often no indication when and if these are drawing current, as should require a lockable cover like an NEMA 14-50 RV outlet (what i typically easons does).
<u>It is a matter of being accidenta</u> chargers the we	time before serious injury, death or fire occurs because of a charging cable ally partially or completely unplugged. Also in regards to the Tesla provided eight of the cord pulls against its "quick change" mechanism which results in ons and heat I feel this also needs to be addressed.
tement of Prob	Iom and Substantiation for Public Input
Hot water heaters of Installations it is pot tripping etc and hav Also like hot water installations should stated reasons doe	draw considerably less than EV chargers and yet with common NEMA 14-50 ssible for a child to unplug it under load or for a person to accidentally yank via ve it pull out under load. heaters there is often no indication when and if these are drawing current, plug require a lockable cover like an NEMA 14-50 RV outlet (what i typically use for es).
Hot water heaters of Installations it is po- tripping etc and hav Also like hot water installations should stated reasons doe It is a matter of time accidentally partiall weight of the cord p heat I feel this also burden on contract	draw considerably less than EV chargers and yet with common NEMA 14-50 assible for a child to unplug it under load or for a person to accidentally yank via ve it pull out under load. heaters there is often no indication when and if these are drawing current, plug require a lockable cover like an NEMA 14-50 RV outlet (what i typically use for es). e before serious injury, death or fire occurs because of a charging cable being y or completely unplugged. Also in regards to the Tesla provided chargers the pulls against its "quick change" mechanism which results in loose connections a needs to be addressed. Such a requirement would not create any unreasonable ors.
Hot water heaters of Installations it is po- tripping etc and hav Also like hot water installations should stated reasons doe It is a matter of time accidentally partiall weight of the cord p heat I feel this also burden on contract	draw considerably less than EV chargers and yet with common NEMA 14-50 assible for a child to unplug it under load or for a person to accidentally yank via ve it pull out under load. heaters there is often no indication when and if these are drawing current, plug require a lockable cover like an NEMA 14-50 RV outlet (what i typically use for es). e before serious injury, death or fire occurs because of a charging cable being y or completely unplugged. Also in regards to the Tesla provided chargers the bulls against its "quick change" mechanism which results in loose connections a needs to be addressed. Such a requirement would not create any unreasonable ors. tion Verification
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unintended or unauthorized disconnection under load.



(B) Fastened-in-Place Equipment.

Equipment that is fastened-in-place shall be connected to the premises wiring system by one of the following methods:

- (1) A nonlocking non-locking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125 volts or 250 volts, single phase, up to 50 amperes
- (2) A nonlocking <u>non-locking</u>, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 250 volts, three phase, up to 50 <u>60</u> amperes
- (3) A nonlocking non-locking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated 125/250 volts, single phase, <u>15, 20,</u> 30, 50, or 60 amperes

(4) <u>A</u>

nonlocking

- (5) <u>non-locking</u>, <u>2-pole</u>, <u>3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 277 volts</u>, <u>single-phase</u>, <u>15</u>, <u>20</u>, <u>30</u>, <u>or 50 amperes</u>
- (6) <u>A non-locking, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated at 120/208 volts, three phase, up to 60 amperes</u>
- (7) <u>A non-locking, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding-type receptacle outlet rated</u> 60 volts dc maximum, 15 or 20 amperes
- (8) <u>A horsepower-rated attachment plug and receptacle, flanged surface inlet and cord</u> <u>connector, or attachment plug and cord connector</u>

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

Non-locking was misspelled as nonlocking. Also, simplified section for portable equipment. Added support for NEMA 5-30R, 5-50R, 6-30R, 6-50R, 7-15R, 7-20R, 7-30R, 7-50R, 15-60R, 18-15R, 18-20R, 18-30R, 18-50R, and 18-60R. Most importantly, added support for extremely safe pin-and-sleeve connectors, which are suitable for even disconnecting running industrial motor loads as per 430.109(F). Furthermore, 277 volts is standard as the lower voltage and not over 300 volts as derived from a 277/480 service/feeder transformer in large commercial and all light industrial properties, so it is makes the justification for allowing 277-volt receptacles to be even stronger.

Approval to the proposed changes under this public input merely expanding the allowance of types of receptacles up to 277 volts single phase and associated locking receptacles is just a major compromise. Approval to the proposed changes under the other public input (removing the section) allowing any connection permitted by the general provisions of the Code in Chapters 1-3 is the ideal intended goal.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Nam	e: Conrad Ko
Organization:	[Not Specified]
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Tue May 02 03:41:43 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8346-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: EVSE and WPTE are new and challenging applications for receptacles. This revision adds requirements to ensure these receptacles meet certain standards and be listed for

the purpose of use with EVSE and WPTE. This section was expanded to include 277-volt receptacles for connecting EVSE and WPTE.



- time.
 - Visual identifier for dedicated EV Charging (mark "EV" on product, or similar).

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter F	ull Name: Ralph Baldwin
Organizatio	n: Legrand
Street Addr	ess:
City:	
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Zip:	
Submittal D	ate: Mon Aug 21 10:22:40 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee S	atement
Resolution:	FR-8346-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	EVSE and WPTE are new and challenging applications for receptacles. This revision adds requirements to ensure these receptacles meet certain standards and be listed for the purpose of use with EVSE and WPTE. This section was expanded to include 277-volt receptacles for connecting EVSE and WPTE.

Public Ir	nput No. 4396-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 625.44(C)]
<u>625.45 H</u> <u>hazardou</u> <u>that locat</u>	azardous Locations. <u>Electrica</u> <u>1</u> vehicle supply equipment (EVSE) installed in any s (classified) location shall be suitable and identified for the use and installation within ion. Equipment suitability shall be in a ccordance with Section 500.8(A).
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This Public In EVSE within alignment or should be. Th garages, and requirement restrictions in	nput attempts to fill a gap and correlate Article 625 with the requirements for installing or within the vicinity of locations that classified as hazardous. There is currently no correlation between Article 625 and the chapter 5 hazardous location articles, and there here are many motor fuel dispensing facilities, bulk storage facilities, commercial repair l other facilities or locations where EVSE is being installed. By incorporating the in Article 625, it eliminates the need for adding EVSE installation requirements or n multiple articles.
Submitter into	ormation verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Kyle Krueger
Organizatio	n: NECA
Affiliation:	NECA
Street Addre	ess:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Da	ate: Thu Sep 07 14:08:25 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	The proposed revision to add this section is redundant. 'Suitability and identified for use' requirements are covered in 110.3(B), which requires the equipment to be listed for use in hazardous locations.

Public Input No. 1940-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.44 [Excluding any Sub-Sections]] EVSE and WPTE shall be connected to the premises wiring system in accordance with one of the methods in 625.44(A) through (C).

Cord and plug connected equipment shall be provided with an attachment plug rated not less than 125 percent of the maximum rating of the equipment.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

While 625.6 requires electric vehicle power transfer system equipment to be Listed, the internet is filled with cord and plug connected EVSE that are constructed with attachment plugs that are not rated 125 percent of the EVSE rating (e.g. 48A rated EVSE with a 50A plug). UL 2594, The Standard for Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment requires the attachment plug on EVSE be rated for 125 percent of the input current rating of the device so that an EVSE with a 50A plug is limited to a 40A rating and a 48A rated cord and plug connected EVSE would be required to have a 60A rated plug. Many un-listed cord and plug connected EVSE products are available in the marketplace that are not constructed with an attachment plug rated for 125 percent of the current rating of the product that may contribute the premature failure of receptacles increasing the risk of fire.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name:	Thomas Lichtenstein
Organization:	UL Solutions
Affiliation:	UL Solutions
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Mon Aug 07 17:53:03 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8335-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: The proposed revision reinforces the cord-and-plug attachment plug rating. The definition of premises wiring includes other isolated installations such as solar, ESS, etc.

Public Ir	nput No. 4206-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.44 [Excluding any Sub-		
EVSE and connected	d WPTE shall be <u>WPTE that is</u> connected to the premises wiring system <u>shall be</u> <u>d</u> in accordance with one of the methods in 625.44(A) through (C).		
Statement of	Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input		
Current NEC in non-conne systems that	doesn't allow EVSE that is not connected to premises power. There is significant interest cted EVSE. More specifically, a number of startups have designed non-connected include solar panels, storage, and EVSE to be installed in parking lots, driveways, etc.		
Submitter Info	ormation Verification		
Submitter Fu	III Name: Jeffrey Parsons		
Organizatior	r: Finish Line Electric Inc		
Street Addre	ess:		
City:			
State:			
Zip:			
Submittal Da	Ate: Wed Sep 06 22:23:43 EDT 2023		
Committee:	NEC-P12		
Committee St	atement		
Resolution:	FR-8335-NFPA 70-2024		
Statement:	The proposed revision reinforces the cord-and-plug attachment plug rating. The definition of premises wiring includes other isolated installations such as solar, ESS, etc.		

Public Input No. 1790-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.46]

625.46 Loss of Primary Source.

Means shall be provided such that, upon loss of voltage from the utility or other electrical system(s), energy cannot be back fed through the electric vehicle and the supply equipment to the premises wiring system one or more phases of the primary source, the electric vehicle bidirectional (or export) power equipment shall be automatically disconnected from all ungrounded conductors of the premises unless permitted by 625.48, or 625 . 49.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

Existing wording is not as clear as 705.40, and there will be interactive systems that are incapable of island mode, and non-interactive systems that are capable of island mode (including Ford F-150 backup power kit), so we've suggested some changes to try to make it more consistent. It is for example worthwhile considering what happens for three-phase systems that lose a phase. As previously indicated please note that UL-9741 will only consider it power export (or bidirectional power) if via the EV Connector (EV Plug e.g. SAE-J1772 or CCS1, not an L6-30P/R). The receptacles on EVs and other cars and trucks (5-15R, L6-30R, etc.) are consider vehicle-to-load (V2L), and due to inverter power quality, grounding, etc., issues are unlikely to ever be permitted to be used for interactive system use. Theoretically, with an isolation transformer, grounding, a transfer switch, and a sub-panel, more powerful V2L systems (like on an F-150 Hybrid) could be used to power a small subset of loads in the premises, but that is not considered EVPE or BiDi power according to UL-9741, just non-interactive island mode. If such a system happens to be in-use when the power goes out to the premises, there is no reason to disconnect it since the transfer switch ensures no interconnection.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	: Kevin Cheong
Organization:	Chargepoint Canada Inc.
Affiliation:	ChargePoint Inc.
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Aug 02 20:43:41 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The proposed revision did not include sufficient substantiation to change Section 625.46. The proposed change is confusing and would not enhance the clarity of the code.
625.48 Inte	eractive Equipment.
EVSE or W power expo standby sys shall be list system, the power prod provides a	TE that Electric vehicle power transfer system equipment that incorporates a rt function and that is part of an interactive system that serves as an optional tem, an electric power production source, or a bidirectional power feed current flowed and marked as suitable for that purpose. When used as an optional standby requirements of Parts I and II of Article 702 shall apply; when used as an electric uction source, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 705 shall apply. EVPE that ecceptacle outlet as its point of power export shall be in accordance with 625.60.
Inform Interc furthe	national Note No. 1: See UL 1741, <i>Inverters, Converters, Controllers and onnection System Equipment for Use with Distributed Energy Resources</i> , for r information on supply equipment.
Inform Syste	national Note No. 2: See UL 9741, <i>Bidirectional Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging m Equipment</i> , for vehicle interactive systems.
Inform	national Note No. 3: See SAE J3072, Standard for Interconnection Requirements
for Or tement of P This public inpresent of electric vehicle applicable to a	Toblem and Substantiation for Public Input It corrects terminology for accuracy and clarity. EVSE and WPTE are just two types power transfer system equipment recognized by this article. The rule should be I listed electric vehicle power transfer system equipment. The term "power feed" is
for Or tement of P This public inpresent electric vehicle applicable to a changed to "cu 90.2(C)(6).	Toblem and Substantiation for Public Input It corrects terminology for accuracy and clarity. EVSE and WPTE are just two types power transfer system equipment recognized by this article. The rule should be I listed electric vehicle power transfer system equipment. The term "power feed" is rrent flow" to align the rule with the same terminology used in sections 625.1 and mation Verification
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for Or tement of P This public inple electric vehicle applicable to a changed to "cu 90.2(C)(6). The second second submitter Infor Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State:	aboard, Utility-Interactive Inverter Systems, for further information. roblem and Substantiation for Public Input It corrects terminology for accuracy and clarity. EVSE and WPTE are just two types power transfer system equipment recognized by this article. The rule should be I listed electric vehicle power transfer system equipment. The term "power feed" is rrent flow" to align the rule with the same terminology used in sections 625.1 and mation Verification Name: Megan Hayes NEMA
for Of tement of P This public inpi- electric vehicle applicable to a changed to "cu 90.2(C)(6). Omitter Infor Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State: Zip:	Aboard, Utility-Interactive Inverter Systems, for further information. roblem and Substantiation for Public Input It corrects terminology for accuracy and clarity. EVSE and WPTE are just two types power transfer system equipment recognized by this article. The rule should be I listed electric vehicle power transfer system equipment. The term "power feed" is rrent flow" to align the rule with the same terminology used in sections 625.1 and mation Verification Name: Megan Hayes NEMA State
for Or tement of P This public inpresent electric vehicle applicable to a changed to "cu 90.2(C)(6). omitter Infor Submitter Full Organization: Street Address City: State: Zip: Submittal Date Committee:	 Inboard, Utility-Interactive Inverter Systems, for further information. roblem and Substantiation for Public Input It corrects terminology for accuracy and clarity. EVSE and WPTE are just two type power transfer system equipment recognized by this article. The rule should be I listed electric vehicle power transfer system equipment. The term "power feed" is rrent flow" to align the rule with the same terminology used in sections 625.1 and mation Verification Name: Megan Hayes NEMA Tue Jul 11 12:41:58 EDT 2023 NEC-P12

625.48 Interact	ive Equipment.
EVSE or WPTE function and that electric power pr <u>be marked</u> as so requirements of production source provides a recep	- <u>EV power transfer system equipment</u> that incorporates a power export t is part of an interactive system that serves as an optional standby system, an roduction source, or a bidirectional power feed shall be listed and marked uitable for that purpose. When used as an optional standby system, the Parts I and II of Article 702 shall apply; when used as an electric power ce, the requirements of Parts I and II of Article 705 shall apply EVPE that otacle outlet as its point of power export shall be in accordance with 625.60 -
Information Interconne further info	nal Note No. 1: See UL 1741, <i>Inverters, Converters, Controllers and</i> action System Equipment for Use with Distributed Energy Resources , for prmation on supply equipment.
Information System Ec	nal Note No. 2:- See UL 9741,- <i>Bidirectional Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging</i> quipment , for vehicle interactive systems.
Information for Onboan	nal Note No. 3: See-SAE J3072, Standard for Interconnection Requirements rd. Utility-Interactive Inverter Systems, for further information.
ement of Probl By definition EVPE So, while it is possil receptacles, if locate here is no need to scope of the NEC, s wiring portion, see S he receptacles in th	em and Substantiation for Public Input or BiDi (UL=-9741) only apply to connections via the EV Plug (eg. SAE J-1772) ble that the optional standby system provides receptacles for plug-in loads, those ed in the premises, will be regulated by Chapter 2 and other existing Chapters, mention them. We noted in the last cycle that section 625.60 is a violation of the see 90.2(D)(1), as the NEC does not regulate automotive vehicles, just the prem 90.2(C)(6), and the receptacles referenced are on the vehicle and would apply the bed of a Ford F-150 Hybrid, or any car or truck with a 125 V AC power outlet
ement of Probl By definition EVPE So, while it is possif receptacles, if locate here is no need to scope of the NEC, s wiring portion, see S the receptacles in th Per our PI on 625.1 nformational notes, and 4.2.2.1.1 as ad mitter Informat	em and Substantiation for Public Input or BiDi (UL=-9741) only apply to connections via the EV Plug (eg. SAE J-1772) ble that the optional standby system provides receptacles for plug-in loads, those ed in the premises, will be regulated by Chapter 2 and other existing Chapters, mention them. We noted in the last cycle that section 625.60 is a violation of the see 90.2(D)(1), as the NEC does not regulate automotive vehicles, just the prem 20.2(C)(6), and the receptacles referenced are on the vehicle and would apply the bed of a Ford F-150 Hybrid, or any car or truck with a 125 V AC power outlet and 625.6 it is not permitted to require listing and indicate the product standard they belong in Annex A Table A.1(a) per the 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, 4.2 opted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr 2023.
ement of Probl By definition EVPE So, while it is possible receptacles, if locate here is no need to scope of the NEC, s wiring portion, see S the receptacles in the Per our PI on 625.1 nformational notes, and 4.2.2.1.1 as add mitter Informat	em and Substantiation for Public Input or BiDi (UL=-9741) only apply to connections via the EV Plug (eg. SAE J-1772) ble that the optional standby system provides receptacles for plug-in loads, those ed in the premises, will be regulated by Chapter 2 and other existing Chapters, mention them. We noted in the last cycle that section 625.60 is a violation of th see 90.2(D)(1), as the NEC does not regulate automotive vehicles, just the pren 20.2(C)(6), and the receptacles referenced are on the vehicle and would apply the bed of a Ford F-150 Hybrid, or any car or truck with a 125 V AC power outlet and 625.6 it is not permitted to require listing and indicate the product standard they belong in Annex A Table A.1(a) per the 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, 4.2 opted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr 2023.
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ement of Probl By definition EVPE So, while it is possil receptacles, if locate here is no need to scope of the NEC, s wiring portion, see S he receptacles in th Per our PI on 625.1 nformational notes, and 4.2.2.1.1 as ad mitter Informat Submitter Full Nan Drganization: Affiliation:	em and Substantiation for Public Input or BiDi (UL=-9741) only apply to connections via the EV Plug (eg. SAE J-1772) ble that the optional standby system provides receptacles for plug-in loads, those ed in the premises, will be regulated by Chapter 2 and other existing Chapters, mention them. We noted in the last cycle that section 625.60 is a violation of the see 90.2(D)(1), as the NEC does not regulate automotive vehicles, just the pren 90.2(C)(6), and the receptacles referenced are on the vehicle and would apply the bed of a Ford F-150 Hybrid, or any car or truck with a 125 V AC power outlet and 625.6 it is not permitted to require listing and indicate the product standard they belong in Annex A Table A.1(a) per the 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, 4.2 opted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr 2023. Cion Verification ne: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc.
ement of Probl By definition EVPE So, while it is possible receptacles, if locate here is no need to be scope of the NEC, so wiring portion, see So he receptacles in the Per our PI on 625.1 nformational notes, and 4.2.2.1.1 as add mitter Informat Submitter Full Nan Drganization: Affiliation: Street Address:	em and Substantiation for Public Input or BiDi (UL=-9741) only apply to connections via the EV Plug (eg. SAE J-1772) ble that the optional standby system provides receptacles for plug-in loads, those ed in the premises, will be regulated by Chapter 2 and other existing Chapters, mention them. We noted in the last cycle that section 625.60 is a violation of the see 90.2(D)(1), as the NEC does not regulate automotive vehicles, just the prer 20.2(C)(6), and the receptacles referenced are on the vehicle and would apply the bed of a Ford F-150 Hybrid, or any car or truck with a 125 V AC power outlet and 625.6 it is not permitted to require listing and indicate the product standard they belong in Annex A Table A.1(a) per the 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, 4.2 opted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr 2023. cion Verification ne: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc.
ement of Probl By definition EVPE So, while it is possil receptacles, if locate here is no need to scope of the NEC, s wiring portion, see S the receptacles in th Per our PI on 625.1 nformational notes, and 4.2.2.1.1 as add mitter Informat Submitter Full Nan Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City:	em and Substantiation for Public Input or BiDi (UL=-9741) only apply to connections via the EV Plug (eg. SAE J-1772) ble that the optional standby system provides receptacles for plug-in loads, those ed in the premises, will be regulated by Chapter 2 and other existing Chapters, mention them. We noted in the last cycle that section 625.60 is a violation of the see 90.2(D)(1), as the NEC does not regulate automotive vehicles, just the pren 90.2(C)(6), and the receptacles referenced are on the vehicle and would apply the bed of a Ford F-150 Hybrid, or any car or truck with a 125 V AC power outlet and 625.6 it is not permitted to require listing and indicate the product standard (they belong in Annex A Table A.1(a) per the 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, 4.2 opted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr 2023. Cion Verification ne: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc.
ement of Probl By definition EVPE So, while it is possif receptacles, if locate here is no need to be scope of the NEC, so wiring portion, see So the receptacles in the Per our PI on 625.1 nformational notes, and 4.2.2.1.1 as add mitter Informat Submitter Full Nan Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City: State:	em and Substantiation for Public Input or BiDi (UL=-9741) only apply to connections via the EV Plug (eg. SAE J-1772) ble that the optional standby system provides receptacles for plug-in loads, those ed in the premises, will be regulated by Chapter 2 and other existing Chapters, mention them. We noted in the last cycle that section 625.60 is a violation of th see 90.2(D)(1), as the NEC does not regulate automotive vehicles, just the prem 20.2(C)(6), and the receptacles referenced are on the vehicle and would apply the bed of a Ford F-150 Hybrid, or any car or truck with a 125 V AC power outlet and 625.6 it is not permitted to require listing and indicate the product standard they belong in Annex A Table A.1(a) per the 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, 4.2 opted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr 2023. Cion Verification ne: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc.
ement of Probl By definition EVPE So, while it is possible receptacles, if locate here is no need to be scope of the NEC, so wiring portion, see So he receptacles in the Per our PI on 625.1 nformational notes, and 4.2.2.1.1 as add mitter Informat Submitter Full Nan Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	em and Substantiation for Public Input or BiDi (UL=-9741) only apply to connections via the EV Plug (eg. SAE J-1772) ole that the optional standby system provides receptacles for plug-in loads, those ed in the premises, will be regulated by Chapter 2 and other existing Chapters, mention them. We noted in the last cycle that section 625.60 is a violation of the see 90.2(D)(1), as the NEC does not regulate automotive vehicles, just the prem 00.2(C)(6), and the receptacles referenced are on the vehicle and would apply the bed of a Ford F-150 Hybrid, or any car or truck with a 125 V AC power outlet and 625.6 it is not permitted to require listing and indicate the product standard they belong in Annex A Table A.1(a) per the 2023 NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, 4.2 opted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr 2023. tion Verification ne: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc.

Resolution: The proposed revision did not provide sufficient substantiation to remove the listing requirement and to remove the reference to 625.60 for power export. The requirement for listing is specific to the EVSE use.

Public II	nput No. 1792-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.49]
625.49	sland Mode.
EVPE an <u>system e</u> in island	d bidirectional EVSE that incorporate a power export function - <u>EV power transfer</u> <u>quipment</u> shall be permitted to be a part of an interconnected power system operating mode.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
EVPE by def has fewer re	inition, along with bidirectional EVPTSE, are capable of exporting power, and island mode quirements (power quality, protective relaying, etc.) than interactive systems.
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Kevin Cheong
Organizatio	n: Chargepoint Canada Inc.
Affiliation:	ChargePoint Inc.
Street Addre	ess:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
	ate: Vved Aug 02 22:01:13 EDT 2023
Committee.	NEC-F12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	The proposed revision to change EVSE and WPTE to electric vehicle power transfer system equipment (EVPTSE), does not enhance the clarity of the code. EVSE and WPTE are common terms to use for this equipment.

Public Input No	o. 1801-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.50]
625.50 Location.	
The EVSE shall I coupling of the EV listed and marked <u>system equipmen</u> the floor level for locations. This red <u>system equipmen</u>	EV power transfer system equipment shall be located for direct electrical / connector (conductive or inductive) to the electric vehicle. Unless specifically for the location, the coupling means of the EVSE shall EV power transfer t shall be stored or located at a height of not less than 450 mm (18 in.) above indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above the grade level for outdoor quirement does not apply to portable EVSE constructed EV power transfer t constructed in accordance with 625.44(A).
Statement of Proble	m and Substantiation for Public Input
EVSE, DCFC, EVPE comments on 625.44 equipment (or EVPTS	, and maybe even WPTE may theoretically all be portable, so, combined with our and those of NEMA, it is probably best to refer to EV power transfer system SE if that is defined).
Related Public Input	ts for This Document
Relate Public Input No. 178 2023 [Section No. 62	d InputRelationship8-NFPA 70- 25.44]Consolidates Portable and Fastened-in-place equipment receptacle types, but portable is still a separate category.
Submitter Information	on Verification
Submitter Full Name	e: Kevin Cheong
Organization:	Chargepoint Canada Inc.
Affiliation:	ChargePoint Inc.
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Submittal Date:	Thu Aug 03 19:54:53 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Stateme	nt
Resolution: The pro equipm to use f	posed revision to change EVSE to electric vehicle power transfer system ent (EVPTSE), does not enhance the clarity of the code. EVSE is a common term or this equipment.

625.50 Locatic	n.
The EVSE shall inductive) to the coupling means (18 in.) above th outdoor locatior	be located for direct electrical coupling of the EV connector (conductive or electric vehicle. Unless specifically listed and marked for the location, the of the EVSE shall be stored or located at a height of not less than 450 mm for floor level for indoor locations or 600 mm (24 in.) above the grade level for s. This requirement does not apply to:
<u>(A)</u> portable EV	SE constructed in accordance with 625.44(A).
<u>(B) Inductive ch</u>	arging
	VSE utilizing pantograph supported conductors to connect to the top of an EV
(C) Overhead E ement of Prob As written the code particularly transit b mitter Informa	lem and Substantiation for Public Input e does not recognize utilizing inductive charging or pantographs for charging of buses. The revised text addresses this. tion Verification
(C) Overhead E ement of Prob As written the code particularly transit b mitter Informa	lem and Substantiation for Public Input e does not recognize utilizing inductive charging or pantographs for charging of buses. The revised text addresses this. tion Verification
(C) Overhead E ement of Prob As written the code particularly transit k mitter Informa Submitter Full Nar	Iem and Substantiation for Public Input Ideas not recognize utilizing inductive charging or pantographs for charging of puses. The revised text addresses this. tion Verification me: James Degnan King County Metro
(C) Overhead E ement of Prob As written the code particularly transit to mitter Informa Submitter Full Nan Organization: Street Address:	Iem and Substantiation for Public Input a does not recognize utilizing inductive charging or pantographs for charging of puses. The revised text addresses this. tion Verification me: James Degnan King County Metro
(C) Overhead E ement of Prob As written the code particularly transit to mitter Informa Submitter Full Nan Organization: Street Address: Sity:	lem and Substantiation for Public Input e does not recognize utilizing inductive charging or pantographs for charging of puses. The revised text addresses this. tion Verification me: James Degnan King County Metro
(C) Overhead E ement of Prob As written the code particularly transit k mitter Informa Submitter Full Nan Organization: Street Address: Sity:	lem and Substantiation for Public Input e does not recognize utilizing inductive charging or pantographs for charging of puses. The revised text addresses this. tion Verification me: James Degnan King County Metro
(C) Overhead E ement of Prob As written the code particularly transit to mitter Informa Submitter Full Nan Organization: Street Address: Sity: State:	lem and Substantiation for Public Input a does not recognize utilizing inductive charging or pantographs for charging of puses. The revised text addresses this. tion Verification me: James Degnan King County Metro
(C) Overhead E ement of Prob As written the code particularly transit k mitter Informa Submitter Full Nan Organization: Street Address: Sity: State: Sip: Submittal Date:	Iem and Substantiation for Public Input e does not recognize utilizing inductive charging or pantographs for charging of buses. The revised text addresses this. tion Verification me: James Degnan King County Metro

Public Ir	nput No. 1372-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.54]
NFPA	
625.54	Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.
All recept <u>equipmer</u>	acles installed for the connection of electric vehicle charging - <u>power transfer system</u> <u>It</u> shall have ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection for personnel.
Exception	: Receptacles installed in accordance with 625.44(A)(4) or 625.44(B)(4).
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This public ir describe the an exception protection on 208Y/120 V,	put corrects terminology to align the rule with the title of the article and to properly equipment used for electric vehicle power transfer. An exception is also added to provide for GFCI or receptacles installed as permitted in 625.44(A)(4) and (B)(4) as Class A GFCI ly applies to "devices intended for use on alternating current (AC) circuits of 120 V, 120/240 V, 127 V, or 220Y/127 V, 60 Hz circuits" as indicated by UL 943.
Submitter Info	ormation Verification
Submitter Fi	ull Name: Megan Hayes
Organization	n: NEMA
Street Addre	ess:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Da	ate: Tue Jul 11 12:55:15 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	The proposed revision would remove the requirements for GFCI for EVSE, which is not addressed in section 210.8. 210.8 does not address several different installation locations. The proposed revision to change EVSE to electric vehicle power transfer system equipment (EVPTSE), does not enhance the clarity of the code. EVSE is a common term to use for this equipment. The TIAs referenced were not accepted by the Standards Council.



Public li	nput No. 1743-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.54]
625.54	Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.
All recept circuit-inte	acles installed for the connection of electric vehicle charging shall have ground-fault errupter protection for personnel.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
In this parag can only be I mentioned in physically loo requirement. Chapters 1 tl	raph, the receptacles for charging an electric vehicle are referenced. These receptacles ocated in garages as mentioned in $210.8(A)(2)$ and $210.8(B)(10)$, or outdoors as $210.8(A)(3)$ and $210.8(B)(6)$. There are no other locations where a vehicle will be cated for charging. Therefore, the reference does not modify 210.8 and just repeats the In accordance with 4.1.1 of the Style Manual, general requirements contained in hrough 4 shall not be repeated in other Articles. The paragraph can be deleted.
Submitter Info	ormation Verification
Submitter Fi	ull Name: Seth Carlton
Street Addre	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Da	ate: Mon Jul 31 15:05:57 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	The proposed revision would remove the requirements for GFCI for EVSE, which is not addressed in section 210.8. 210.8 does not address several different installation locations.

Public Input No. 1802-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.54]

625.54 Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.

All receptacles installed for the connection of electric vehicle charging shall (<u>A)</u> Receptacles installed for fastened-in-place EV power transfer system equipment shall not be required to have ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection for personnel if the receptacle is in a dedicated space.

Informational Note: This exception to 210.8(A) and (B) is based on 210.8(D) and TIA-23-3 and TIA Log #1748 and #1749 and intended to expire Jan. 1, 2028 with them.

<u>(B) The outlet supplying fixed-in-place EV power transfer system equipment shall not be</u> required to have ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection for personnel.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

We support NEMA's PI to create an exception for receptacles for portable and fastened in place LV DC EVPTSE. Section 210.8 already requires GFCI protection outdoors or in garages, or below grade similar uses, of all ratings in dwellings (subdivision A), and up to 50 A 1 Ph in non-dwellings (subdivisions B and F), and the NEC Style Manual indicates Chapter 2 should not be repeated (4.1.1). The "Enhanced Content" of the NFPA Link version indicates that "The outlet supplying directconnected EVSE is not required to be GFCI protected, unless specified in the manufacturer's instructions", but this is not clear given the changes in section 210.8. In order to incorporate EVSE, WPTE, EVPE / BiDi, and DCFC more clearly it would be advantageous to use the EV power transfer system equipment terminology and make clear that fixed-in-place equipment does not require GFCI protection. See TIA-23-3, Log #1748 and #1749 for details on the incompatibility of current GFCI breakers and receptacles with modern non-linear (inverter/rectifier/switch-mode power-supply) loads. EV onboard chargers will be such non-linear loads because they have to convert line voltage AC to a higher DC battery voltage (nom. 400 VDC typ). Per our comments in our conference presentation, and its handouts, and in support of TIA Log #1748 and #1749, there is no need for GFCI protection to EV power transfer system equipment as it will already include personnel protection system equipment per UL 2231-1 and 2231-2 which includes the Dalziel Frequency Factor to improve compatibility with such non-linear equipment and reduce nuisance tripping, without compromising safety (muscular tetanization / let-go). There have been no known / confirmed shocks from EV charging, even during firefighting operations, so UL 2231 has been shown to be safe. The UL study referenced in TIA Log #1748 and #1749 acknowledge the current incompatibility of GFCI Class A with UL 101, or by inference UL 2231, despite such equipment being shown to be safe, not only theoretically, but in actual use. The NFPA Link Enhanced Content is written by experts. UL and the task group have determined that be at least five years before GFCI can be made interoperable with non-linear loads, and this will be especially difficult for EVs because on-board chargers are not required to be listed, so while UL has an on-board charger standard, there is no enforcement of it, nor is it yet compatible with the as-yet revised UL 943 standard. GFCI Class A is simply not yet ready for use in front of knowingly incompatible equipment, and in the case of EVs they may remain incompatible indefinitely.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name:	Kevin Cheong
Organization:	Chargepoint Canada Inc.
Affiliation:	ChargePoint Inc.
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	

Thu Aug 03 20:12:03 EDT 2023
NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The proposed revision would remove the requirements for GFCI for EVSE, which is not addressed in section 210.8. 210.8 does not address several different installation locations. The proposed revision to change EVSE to electric vehicle power transfer system equipment (EVPTSE), does not enhance the clarity of the code. EVSE is a common term to use for this equipment. The TIAs referenced were not accepted by the Standards Council.

Public In	put No. 2352-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.54]
625.54 G	round-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.
All recepta have grou	acles installed for the connection of electric vehicle charging - <u>supply equipment</u> shall nd-fault circuit-interrupter protection for personnel.
Statement of I	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This requirem term 'electric proposed revi	ent applies to EVSE equipment that is cord-and-plug connected via a receptacle. The vehicle charging' is technically inaccurate because the charger is in the EV itself. This sion will bring clarity for Code users.
Submitter Info	rmation Verification
Submitter Fu	II Name: Mike Holt
Organization	: Mike Holt Enterprises Inc
Street Addre	SS:
City:	
State:	
Σιρ. Submittal Da	te: Wed Aug 16 14:11:23 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Sta	atement
Resolution:	The proposed revision would remove the requirements for GFCI for EVSE, which is not addressed in section 210.8. 210.8 does not address several different installation locations. The proposed revision to change EVSE to electric vehicle power transfer system equipment (EVPTSE), does not enhance the clarity of the code. EVSE is a common term to use for this equipment. The TIAs referenced were not accepted by the Standards Council.

Public I	nput No. 1373-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.56]
625.56	Receptacle Enclosures.
All recept that is we installed products outlet bo	acles installed in a wet location for electric vehicle charging shall have an enclosure atherproof with the attachment plug cap inserted or removed. An outlet box hood for this purpose shall be listed and shall be identified as extra duty. Other listed enclosures, or assemblies providing weatherproof protection that do not utilize an k hood shall not be required to be marked extra duty.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This public in in sections 3 installations, superfluous	nput deletes 625.56 as the same requirements for receptacle enclosures is already found 14.15 and 406.9. Section 90.3 indicates that Chapters 1-4 apply to all electrical therefore repeating these requirements in Article 625 is unnecessary. This section is and adds no value to the code.
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Megan Hayes
Organizatio	n: NEMA
Street Addre	ess:
City: State:	
Zip:	
Submittal D	ate: Tue Jul 11 13:03:40 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	tatement
Resolution:	FR-8380-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	Section 90.3 indicates that Chapters 1-4 apply to all electrical installations, therefore repeating these requirements in Article 625 is unnecessary. This section is superfluous and adds no value to the code. The 2023 NEC Manual of Style 4.1.1 states that the use of redundant references shall be avoided.

625.56 Re	eceptacle Enclosures.
All receptact that is weat installed for products, e outlet box h	eles installed in a wet location for electric vehicle charging shall have an enclosure therproof with the attachment plug cap inserted or removed. An outlet box hood this purpose shall be listed and shall be identified as extra duty. Other listed nclosures, or assemblies providing weatherproof protection that do not utilize an mood shall not be required to be marked extra duty.
tatement of P	roblem and Substantiation for Public Input
We support NE requirements of Manual is requ 3.3.2). The 20 SOP was adop	EMA's PI to delete this requirement because NEC Style Manual 4.1.1 indicates genera contained in Ch. 1 through 4 shall not be repeated, and compliance with the Style ired by the Regs (3.1.7(d), etc.) and NEC Supplemental Operating Procedure (SOP 23 Style Manual was adopted by the NEC Correlating Committee in Apr 2023, and NE oted and approved by the NEC CC and SC in 2012, and all are requirements.
ubmitter Infor	mation Verification
Submitter Full	I Name: Kevin Cheong
Submitter Full Organization:	l Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc.
Submitter Full Organization: Affiliation:	I Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc.
Submitter Full Organization: Affiliation: Street Addres	I Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc. s:
Submitter Full Organization: Affiliation: Street Addres City:	I Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc. s:
Submitter Full Organization: Affiliation: Street Addres City: State:	I Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc. s:
Submitter Full Organization: Affiliation: Street Addrese City: State: Zip:	I Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc. s:
Submitter Full Organization: Affiliation: Street Addres City: State: Zip: Submittal Date	 I Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc. s: e: Mon Aug 07 14:28:36 EDT 2023
Submitter Full Organization: Affiliation: Street Address City: State: Zip: Submittal Date Committee:	I Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc. s: e: Mon Aug 07 14:28:36 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Submitter Full Organization: Affiliation: Street Addres City: State: Zip: Submittal Date Committee Sta	I Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc. s: e: Mon Aug 07 14:28:36 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tement
Submitter Full Organization: Affiliation: Street Addres City: State: Zip: Submittal Date Committee Star Resolution: F	 I Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc. s: e: Mon Aug 07 14:28:36 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tement
Submitter Full Organization: Affiliation: Street Address City: State: Zip: Submittal Date Committee: Committee State Resolution: <u>F</u> Statement: S	 I Name: Kevin Cheong Chargepoint Canada Inc. ChargePoint Inc. s: e: Mon Aug 07 14:28:36 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tement FR-8380-NFPA 70-2024 Section 90.3 indicates that Chapters 1-4 apply to all electrical installations, therefore



Submitter Information Verification

Submitter I	Full Name: Kevin Cheong
Organizatio	on: Chargepoint Canada Inc.
Affiliation:	ChargePoint Inc.
Street Add	ress:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal	Date: Thu Aug 03 21:16:25 EDT 2023
Committee	: NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement
Resolution	: The proposed revision would remove requirements from 625.60 that are within the scope of the NEC. Section 90.2(C) applies to power from an electrical vehicle to the premises wiring, the receptacles on the electric vehicle to premises wiring, which includes uses without a service point, are within the scope of the NEC. Providing power from a source to a premises is within the scope of the NEC.

of the NEC. Section 90.2(C) applies to power from an electrical vehicle to the premises wiring, the receptacles on the electric vehicle to premises wiring, which includes uses without a service point, are within the scope of the NEC. Providing power from a source to a premises is within the scope of the NEC. Portable generators are within the scope of the NEC and provide power to a premises. The electric vehicle functions as an optional standby power system. The intended use of a product is not the basis for code; the intended use and the actual use may be different. No new technical substantiation was provided by this public input to remove the requirements from 625.60.

No. 2845-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.101]
Equipment Grounding Conductor .
I base plate shall be of a nonferrous metal and shall be connected to the circuit nding conductor unless the listed WPTE employs a double-insulation system. shall be sized to match the size of the primary pad enclosure.
em and Substantiation for Public Input
Ist be revised to match the technical requirement. In accordance with NEC style 3.2 the title must be descriptive and concise with the intent of the requirement. Equipment Grounding Conductor, 320.108 Equipment Grounding Conductor, to Grounding Conductor, 334.108 Equipment Grounding Conductor, 410.182 ng Conductor, 547.27 Separate Equipment Grounding Conductor, 555.37 ng Conductor, and 690.45 Size of Equipment Grounding Conductors.
tion Verification
Mike Holt Enterprises Inc.
Fri Aug 25 14:35:42 EDT 2023
NEC-P12
ent
roposed revision to change the title of 625.101 does not add any additional value. ection provides a method that would not require an equipment grounding actor.

Public Input No. 331-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.102(D)]

(D) Protection of Cords and Cables to the Primary Pad.

The output cable to the primary pad shall be <u>protected from physical damage and</u> secured in place over its entire length for the purpose of restricting its movement and to prevent strain at the connection points.- If installed in conditions where drive-over could occur, the cable shall be provided with supplemental protection._

Where there is no control box, the cord or cable supplying power to the primary pad shall be <u>protected from physical damage and</u> secured in place in order to restrict movement and to prevent strain at the connection points.- Where subject to vehicular traffic, supplemental protection shall be provided._

Additional Proposed Changes

File NameDescriptionApprovedPI_1.pdf625.102(D)

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

Substantiation-

The definition of Wireless Power Transfer Equipment (WPTE) specifically states- Equipment installed **specifically** for the purpose of transferring energy between the premises wiring and the electric *vehicle* without physical electrical contact. Obviously there will be no physical contact between the vehicle and the charging pad but the power supply cord or cable will be subject to electric vehicular damage if not installed underneath a concrete slab or properly protected by a heavy wall metal raceway. If WPTE is specific to electric vehicles, subsection 625.102 (D) part verbage - 'If installed in conditions where drive-over could occur, the cable shall be provided with supplemental protection' and 'Where subject to vehicular traffic supplemental protection shall be provided' creates a redundancy. This should be omitted and the original protection of installation verbage, 'The output cable to the primary pad shall be secured in place over its entire length for the purpose of restricting its movement and to prevent strain at the connection points', and 'Where there is no control box, the cord or cable supplying power to the primary pad shall be secured in place in order to restrict movement and to prevent strain at the connection points' should be revised adding 'protected from physical damage' to both parts. The original 'redundant portion' seems to be in place to specify vehicle use and empathizes protection against vehicular traffic even though the subsection is in Article 625 Electric Vehicle Power Transfer System. Sounds like the original protection of installation verbage was put in place to create a sense of WPTE for other equipment applications due to recent technological advancements of wireless power transfer systems external to electric vehicles. Now if the non-electric vehicle WPTE happens to be installed in an area subject to vehicular traffic for example future technologies like a WPT electric lawnmower charger, lawn care equipment, wood working equipment, island and peninsular countertops and work surfaces with integrated wireless inductive sensor spots installed in a garage, 'man cave', or workshop with indoor parking, ect., then the suggested omitted portion should stay unedited, emphasizing supplementary protection of the power supplied cord or cable but placed in a new article for general WPTE under subsection, protection of installation.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Jacob Riddle

Organizatio Street Addr City: State: Zip:	n: ess:	Marrs Electric
Submittal D	ate:	Fri Feb 10 20:10:40 EST 2023
Committee:		NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement	:
Resolution :	: <u>FR-8383-</u>	NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	The section protected where drive	on was rewritten to clarify language and the intent to ensure the output cable is from physical damage because based on its purpose it is installed in areas ve-over could occur.

Article 625 Electric Vehicle Power Transfer System

Part IV. Wireless Power Transfer Equipment

625.102. Installation.

(D) Protection of Cords and Cables to the Primary Pad.

The output cable to the primary pad shall be secured in place over its entire length for the purpose of restricting its movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. *If installed in conditions where drive-over could occur*, *the cable shall be provided with supplemental protection*.

Where there is no control box, the cord or cable supplying power to the primary pad shall be secured in place in order to restrict movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. *Where subject to vehicular traffic supplemental protection shall be provided*.

100 Definitions.

Wireless Power Transfer (WPT).

The transfer of electrical energy from a power source to an electrical load via magnetic fields by a contactless means between a primary device and a secondary device. (625) (CMP-12)

Wireless Power Transfer Equipment (WPTE).

Equipment installed specifically for the purpose of transferring energy between the premises wiring and the electric *vehicle* without physical electrical contact. (625) (CMP-12)

Public Input Suggestions- #1,#2,#3

#1 The output cable to the primary pad shall be *protected from physical damage* and secured in place over its entire length for the purpose of restricting its movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. If installed in conditions where drive-over could occur, the cable shall be provided with supplemental protection.

#2 Where there is no control box, the cord or cable supplying power to the primary pad shall be *protected from physical damage* and secured in place in order to restrict movement and to prevent strain at the connection points. Where subject to vehicular traffic supplemental-protection shall be provided.

-Create a new article specifically for Wireless Power Transfer Equipment (WPTE) without any mention of electric vehicles or revise definied words, Wireless Power Transfer Equipment (WPTE), to Electric Vehicle Wireless Power Transfer Equipment (EVWPTE) or revise definition of Wireless Power Transfer Equipment (WPTE) to-

Equipment installed specifically for the purpose of transferring energy between the premises wiring and the electric vehicle **or associated wireless equipment** without physical electrical contact.-(625)-(CMP-12),- articles with WPTE should mention vehicular damage and supplementary protection but in different circumstances outside of **625 Electric Vehicle Power Transfer System**.

Substantiation-

The definition of Wireless Power Transfer Equipment (WPTE) specifically states- Equipment installed specifically for the purpose of transferring energy between the premises wiring and the electric vehicle without physical electrical contact. Obviously there will be no physical contact between the vehicle and the charging pad but the power supply cord or cable will be subject to electric vehicular damage if not installed underneath a concrete slab or properly protected by a heavy wall metal raceway. If WPTE is specific to electric vehicles, subsection 625.102 (D) part verbage - 'If installed in conditions where drive-over could occur, the cable shall be provided with supplemental protection' and 'Where subject to vehicular traffic supplemental protection shall be provided creates a redundancy. This should be omitted and the original protection of installation verbage, 'The output cable to the primary pad shall be secured in place over its entire length for the purpose of restricting its movement and to prevent strain at the connection points', and 'Where there is no control box, the cord or cable supplying power to the primary pad shall be secured in place in order to restrict movement and to prevent strain at the connection points' should be revised adding 'protected from physical damage' to both parts. The original 'redundant portion' seems to be in place to specify vehicle use and empathizes protection against vehicular traffic even though the subsection is in Article 625 Electric Vehicle Power Transfer System. Sounds like the original protection of installation verbage was put in place to create a sense of WPTE for other equipment applications due to recent technological advancements of wireless power transfer systems external to electric vehicles. Now if the non-electric vehicle WPTE happens to be installed in an area subject to vehicular traffic for example future technologies like a WPT electric lawnmower charger, lawn care equipment, wood working equipment, island and peninsular countertops and work surfaces with integrated wireless inductive sensor spots installed in a garage, 'man cave', or workshop with indoor parking, ect., then the suggested omitted portion should stay unedited, emphasizing supplementary protection of the power supplied cord or cable but placed in a new article for general WPTE under subsection, protection of installation.

Under the fair use doctrine of the U.S. copyright statute, it is permissible to use limited portions of a work including quotes, for purposes such as commentary, criticism, news reporting, and scholarly reports.

Statement:	Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article oth than Article 100 or where required for context. As such, the first sentence is removed. Article 90 states that Chapter 6 is allowed to modify the general requirements.
Resolution:	FR-8396-NFPA 70-2024
ommittee St	atement
Committee:	NEC-P12
Submittal Da	te: Tue Aug 29 08:23:52 EDT 2023
Zip:	
State:	
Street Addre	SS:
Organization	: The DuPont Company, Inc.
Submitter Fu	II Name: Richard Holub
Submitter Info	rmation Verification
Section 4.1.4 where require article", to con as is for conte	of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article other than Article 100 d for context. As such, the references to Article 626 are suggested to change to "this nply, but the references to Article 511 and 514 in sections A and B are suggested to sta ext.
tatement of I	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Info NFF addi	mational Note: See NFPA 88A-2019, <i>Standard for Parking Structures</i> , and A 30A-2021, <i>Code for Motor Fuel Dispensing Facilities and Repair Garages</i> , for tional information.
Electrified dispensing	truck parking space electrical wiring systems located at or serving motor fuel stations shall comply with Article 514.
(B) Moto	Fuel Dispensing Stations.
Electrified storage of or power s	truck parking space electrical wiring systems located at facilities for the repair or self-propelled vehicles that use volatile flammable liquids or flammable gases for fuel shall comply with Article 511.
(A) Vehic	le Repair and Storage Facilities.
wherever article diff truck park cannot be with 626.3	the requirements of other articles of this <i>Code</i> and Article 626 -differ <u>this</u> er, the requirements of Article 626 - shall <u>this article shall</u> apply. Unless electrified ing space wiring systems are supported or arranged in such a manner that they used in or above locations classified in 511.3 or 514.3, or both, they shall comply B(A) and (B) in addition to the requirements of this article.
10/1	

IFPA	put No. 2920-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.10]
626.10 E	ranch Circuits.
Electrified single-pha	truck parking space single-phase branch circuits shall be derived from a 208Y/120- <u>ise 120/240</u> volt, 3- phase, 4- wire
<u>system or</u> <u>system no</u> <u>volts to gr</u> <u>equally di</u>	two ungrounded conductors from <u>a 120/240-volt, single-phase, 3-wire</u> polyphase t exceeding 240 Volts between conductors and one grounded conductor that has 120 ound from either ungrounded conductor. So far as practicable, the loads shall be stributed on the polyphase system.
Exception parking s	n: A 120-volt distribution system shall be permitted to supply existing electrified truck paces.
ubmitter Info	Il Name: Stephen Schmiechen
Organizatior Street Addre City: State:	: [Not Specified] ss:
Zin	
Zip: Submittal Da Committee:	te: Sun Aug 27 18:08:24 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Zip: Submittal Da Committee: ommittee St	te: Sun Aug 27 18:08:24 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Zip: Submittal Da Committee: Committee St Resolution:	Ate: Sun Aug 27 18:08:24 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 Atement FR-8399-NFPA 70-2024

Public Input	No. 3110-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.22(D)]
(D) Disconne	ting Means.
A disconnectin truck parking s shall be provid accordance wi	g switch or circuit breaker shall be provided to disconnect one or more electrified pace supply equipment sites from a remote location. The disconnecting means ed and installed in a readily accessible location and shall be lockable open in h 110.25.
<u>(A) EVSE shal</u> electrical disco VEHICLE CHA	<u>be provided with one or more clearly identified emergency shutoff devices or</u> nnects and labeled with an approved sign stating "EMERGENCY ELECTRIC RGING SYSTEM SHUTOFF" or equivalent language
(B) Emergenc accessible to p	<u>y shutoff devices or electrical disconnects shall be installed in approved locations</u> atrons, but not less than 6 m (20 ft) or more than 30 m (100 ft) from the EVCS.
(C) Posetting f	om an emergency shutoff condition shall require manual intervention.
tatement of Prol This would provide ubmitter Informa	ed Emergency Stops in correlation to NFPA 30A
tatement of Prol This would provide ubmitter Informa	alem and Substantiation for Public Input ad Emergency Stops in correlation to NFPA 30A Intion Verification
tatement of Prol This would provide ubmitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization:	Plem and Substantiation for Public Input ed Emergency Stops in correlation to NFPA 30A Intion Verification me: Chris Pfaff PHRT Instruction
tatement of Prob This would provide ubmitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address:	ed Emergency Stops in correlation to NFPA 30A attion Verification me: Chris Pfaff PHRT Instruction
tatement of Prol This would provide ubmitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City:	Alem and Substantiation for Public Input and Emergency Stops in correlation to NFPA 30A Ation Verification me: Chris Pfaff PHRT Instruction
tatement of Prol This would provide ubmitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	Alem and Substantiation for Public Input and Emergency Stops in correlation to NFPA 30A Intion Verification me: Chris Pfaff PHRT Instruction
tatement of Prol This would provide ubmitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	Alem and Substantiation for Public Input and Emergency Stops in correlation to NFPA 30A Ation Verification me: Chris Pfaff PHRT Instruction
tatement of Prol This would provide ubmitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	Alem and Substantiation for Public Input and Emergency Stops in correlation to NFPA 30A Ation Verification me: Chris Pfaff PHRT Instruction Tue Aug 29 12:13:43 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
tatement of Prol This would provide ubmitter Informa Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee Stater	Alem and Substantiation for Public Input ed Emergency Stops in correlation to NFPA 30A ation Verification me: Chris Pfaff PHRT Instruction Tue Aug 29 12:13:43 EDT 2023 NEC-P12



Submitter Full Name: Tim Piemonte Organization: Littelfuse

Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Thu Sep 07 16:13:21 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8406-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision expands Section 626.30 to require SPGFCI protection for personnel for receptacles supplied by branch circuits rated more than 150 volts to ground and 100 amperes or less. GFCI is already covered by Article 210. The requirement may be applied prior to Jan 1, 2029, but is provided to allow for manufacture development of products.



Statement: This revision expands this section to include an additional option for supplying electricity to TRUs. There is no safety reason to limit the supply connection to only receptacle and separable power supply cable assembly combination. Disconnect switches with integral cord and connector are readily available and can be installed to satisfy the requirements in sections 626.31(A), 626.31(B), and 626.32.

Public In	put No. 2770-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.30(B)]
(B) Electr	rified Truck Parking Space Supply Equipment.
The electri power for ^t <u>Part III</u> .	ified truck parking space supply equipment, or portion thereof, providing electric the operation of TRUs shall be independent of the loads in Part III of Article <u>626</u> ,
tatement of F	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
in order to pro Style Manual 4.1.4 Referen Article 100 or articles shall b number shall The Usability Chad Kenned	ovide correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEO Section 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts. ces to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article precede the part number. Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, ly and David Williams.
Submitter Fu	II Name: David Williams
Organization Street Addres City: State:	: Delta Charter Township ss:
Zin:	
Submittal Da	te: Thu Aug 24 20:26:20 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
committee Sta	atement
	ED 8413 NEDA 70 2024
Popolution	

Public li	nput No. 963-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.31(B)]
NFPA	
(B) Loca	ation.
The disco from the r located in Circuit bro permitted	onnecting means shall be readily accessible, located not more than 750 mm (30 in.) receptacle it controls the outlet supplying the receptacle or cord connector, and the supply circuit ahead of the <u>outlet supplying the</u> receptacle <u>or cord connector</u> . eakers or switches located in power outlets complying with this section shall be as the disconnecting means.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This proposa limit the supp are readily a	I adds an alternative means for supplying power to TRUs. There is no safety reason to by connection to only receptacle. Disconnect switches with integral cord and connector vailable and can be installed to satisfy the requirements in sections 626.31(A) and 626.32.
Related Publi	c Inputs for This Document
	Related Input Relationship
Public Input	No. 962-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.30] Same output option
Public Input	No. 964-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.31(C)] Same output option
Public Input	No. 962-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.30]
Public Input	No. 964-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.31(C)]
Public Input	<u>No. 965-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.32]</u>
Submitter Infe	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Frank Tse
Organizatio	n: Hubbell Incorporated
Street Addre	ess:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Da	ate: Wed Jun 07 09:28:24 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8414-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision expands this section to include an additional option for supplying electricity to TRUs. There is no safety reason to limit the supply connection to only receptacle and separable power supply cable assembly combination. Disconnect switches with integral cord and connector are readily available and can be installed to satisfy the requirements in sections 626.31(A), 626.31(B), and 626.32.



Resolution: <u>FR-8415-NFPA 70-2024</u>

Statement: This revision expands this section to include an additional option for supplying electricity to TRUs. There is no safety reason to limit the supply connection to only receptacle and separable power supply cable assembly combination. Disconnect switches with integral cord and connector are readily available and can be installed to satisfy the requirements in sections 626.31(A), 626.31(B), and 626.32.



(D) Attachment Plug(s) and Cord Connector(s).

Where a flexible cord is provided with an attachment plug and/<u>or</u> cord connector, they shall comply with 250.138(A). The attachment plug(s) and/<u>or</u> cord connector(s) shall be listed, by itself or as part of the power-supply cable <u>cord</u> assembly, for the purpose and shall be molded to or installed on the flexible cord so that it is secured tightly to the cord at the point where the cord enters the attachment plug or cord connector. If a right-angle cap is used, the configuration shall be oriented so that the grounding member is farthest from the cord. An attachment plug and/<u>or</u> cord connector for the connection of a truck or trailer shall be rated in accordance with one of the following:

- (1) 30-ampere, 480-volt, 3-phase, 3-pole, 4-wire and intended for use with 30-ampere, 480-volt, 3-phase, 3-pole, 4-wire receptacles and inlets, respectively
- (2) 60-ampere, 208-volt, 3-phase, 3-pole, 4-wire and intended for use with 60-ampere, 208-volt, 3-phase, 3-pole, 4-wire receptacles and inlets, respectively
- (3) 20-ampere, 1000-volt, 3-phase, 3-pole, 4-wire and intended for use with 20-ampere, 1000-volt, 3-phase, 3-pole, 4-wire receptacles and inlets, respectively
- (4) 60-ampere, 480-volt, 3-phase, 3-pole, 4-wire and intended for use with 60-ampere, 480-volt, 3-phase, 3-pole, 4-wire receptacles and inlets, respectively
- (5) 60-ampere, 250-volt, 3-phase, 3-pole, 4-wire and intended for use with 60-ampere, 250-volt, 3-phase, 3-pole, 4-wire receptacles and inlets, respectively

Informational Note: See UL 1686-2012, *Pin and Sleeve Configurations*, Figures C2.12 and C2.11, for complete details of the 30-ampere pin and sleeve receptacle configuration for refrigerated containers (TRUs) and for various configurations of 60-ampere pin and sleeve receptacles.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This proposal adds an important requirement to ensure safe break away of the power supply cord should an unintended drive away event occurs. Unintended drive away protection has been an integral part of the safety system built into fuel dispensing stations. Each fuel line is provide with a break away to safely separate the hose during an unintended drive away event. The same safeguard shall be provided for the cords supplying the TRUs, as the consequence of an unintended drive away can range from a broken connector or inlet up to damaging permanently mounted supply equipment. eTRU will increase in popularity, as it is one of the more effective means to combat climate change by removing reliance on onboard diesel power generation. We must make sure such solution does not create unintended hazards.

Related Public Inputs for This Document

Related Input
Public Input No. 962-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.30]
Public Input No. 963-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.31(B)]
Public Input No. 964-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 626.31(C)]

Relationship

Same output option Same output option Same output option

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Frank TseOrganization:Hubbell IncorporatedStreet Address:City:State:Zip:Submittal Date:Wed Jun 07 11:16:20 EDT 2023

Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution: Statement:	FR-8423-NFPA 70-2024 This revision provides additional connection options for electric truck parking and adds requirements to ensure safe break away of the power supply cord in the event of drive- away. This section was rewritten for clarity.

630.2 Listing F	Requirements.	
All welding an	d cutting power equipment under the	e scope of this article shall be listed.
tatement of Prob	lem and Substantiation for Pul	blic Input
This Public Input is in order to provide within an article. T technical committe The listing requiren The Usability Task Chad Kennedy and	being submitted on behalf of the NEC correlation throughout the document wi he NEC Style Manual Section 2.2.1 Par es shall use the following section numb nents are to be located in the .2 section Group members are: Derrick Atkins, Da I David Williams.	Correlating Committee Usability Task Group hen general listing requirements are covered rallel Numbering Required, states that ers for the same purposes within articles. avid Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter,
elated Public Inp	uts for This Document	
Public Input No. 28 630.6] Public Input No. 28 630.6]	Related Input 804-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 804-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No.	<u>Relationship</u> Deleted and relocated to the .2 section.
ubmitter Informa	tion Verification	
Submitter Full Na	me: Dean Hunter	
Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	Minnesota Department of Labor	
Submittal Date:	Fri Aug 25 12:59:02 EDT 2023 NEC-P12	
Committee.		
ommittee Statem	ent	
ommittee Statem	1 ent 732-NFPA 70-2024	
Public Inp	out No. 628-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 630.1]	
-------------------------------------	---	
630.2 Reco Electric We	onditioned Equipment Iders shall not be reconditioned.	
Statement of P	roblem and Substantiation for Public Input	
These items ar Equipment(NI	e not permitted to be reconditioned per the NEMA Technical Position on Reconditioned EMA CS 100-2020, Appendix B.1)	
Related Public	Inputs for This Document	
Public Input N	Related InputRelationshipo. 634-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 692.1]	
Submitter Infor	mation Verification	
Submitter Full	Name: Russ Leblanc	
Organization:	Leblanc Consulting Services	
Street Address	S:	
State:		
Zip:		
Submittal Date	Sun Apr 16 09:33:55 EDT 2023	
Committee:	NEC-P12	
Committee Stat	tement	
Resolution: T th d to o	he NEC is an installation code, the scope does not prohibit reconditioning equipment, ne NEC determines if reconditioned equipment can be installed. The proposed revision id not include any safety information that reconditioned welders should not be permitted be installed. The proposed language was too broad in its scope covering many types f welders, including portable.	

	nnut No. 2804 NEDA 70. 2022 [Section No. 620 6]	
	nput No. 2004-NFFA /0-2025 [Section No. 050.0]	
630.6 	isting-	
All weldir	ng and cutting power equipment under the scope of this article shall be listed.	
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input	
This Public I in order to p within an art technical cou The listing re The Usability Chad Kenne	nput is being submitted on behalf of the NEC Correlating Committee Usability Task Group rovide correlation throughout the document when general listing requirements are covered icle. The NEC Style Manual Section 2.2.1 Parallel Numbering Required, states that mmittees shall use the following section numbers for the same purposes within articles. equirements are to be located in the .2 section. y Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, edy and David Williams.	
Related Publi	ic Inputs for This Document	
Public Input 630.1] Public Input 630.1]	Related InputRelationshipt No. 2805-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section afterDeleted and relocated to the .2 section.t No. 2805-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after	
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification	
Submitter F	ull Name: Dean Hunter	
Organizatio Street Addro City: State: Zin:	n: Minnesota Department of Labor ess:	
Submittal D Committee:	ate: Fri Aug 25 12:57:52 EDT 2023 NEC-P12	
Committee S	Committee Statement	
Resolution: Statement:	<u>FR-8732-NFPA 70-2024</u> The 630.6 section number was revised to 630.2 in accordance with the 2023 NEC Style Manual regarding parallel construction. XXX.2 is for listing requirements.	



Public I	nput No. 2238-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 630.8]	
630.8	Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.	
All 125-volt, 15- and 20-ampere receptacles for electrical hand tools or portable lighting equipment, supplied by single-phase branch circuits rated 150 volts or less to ground, installed in work areas where welders are operated shall have ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection for personnel.		
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input	
This require 210.8(B)(16	ment is not within the scope of Article 630. Submitted a public input to relocate to new rule).	
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification	
Submitter F	ull Name: Mike Holt	
Organizatio	n: Mike Holt Enterprises Inc	
Street Addr	ess:	
City:		
State:		
Zip:		
Submittal D	ate: Tue Aug 15 12:56:20 EDT 2023	
Committee:	NEC-P12	
Committee S	tatement	
Resolution	GFCI protection is critical to the proper use of welding equipment. These requirements are not currently in 210.8. No technical substantiation was provided to remove this critical requirement from the NEC. If this is added to 210.8 then that would be an acceptable option, however removing from the NEC entirely is not.	

	າput No. 243-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 630.8]	
NFPA		
630.8 - C	round-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.	
All 125-volt, 15- and 20-ampere receptacles for electrical hand tools or portable lighting equipment, supplied by single-phase branch circuits rated 150 volts or less to ground, installed in work areas where welders are operated shall have ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection for personnel.		
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input	
Delete this re this requirem here.	equirement. GFCI protection of receptacles does not fall within the scope of Article 630. IF lent were to exist anywhere 210.8 would be the appropriate location. It does not belong	
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification	
Submitter F	ull Name: Russ Leblanc	
Organizatio	n: Leblanc Consulting Services	
Street Addre	ess:	
City:		
State:		
Zip:		
Submittal D	ate: Sat Jan 28 14:59:52 EST 2023	
Committee:	NEC-P12	
Committee St	atement	
Resolution:	GFCI protection is critical to the proper use of welding equipment. These requirements are not currently in 210.8. No technical substantiation was provided to remove this critical requirement from the NEC. If this is added to 210.8 then that would be an acceptable option, however removing from the NEC entirely is not.	

Public Ir	nput No. 577-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 630.8]	
630.8 G	round-Fault Circuit-Interrupter Protection for Personnel.	
All 125-ve equipmer in work al for persor	olt, 15- and 20-ampere receptacles for electrical hand tools or portable lighting at, supplied by single-phase branch circuits rated 150 volts or less to ground, installed reas where welders are operated shall have ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection anel.	
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input	
The scope of included this	f Article 630 is the welder, not everything surrounding it. This never should have been article.	
Submitter Info	ormation Verification	
Submitter F	ull Name: Ryan Jackson	
Organizatio	n: Self-employed	
Street Addre	255:	
State:		
Zip:		
Submittal Da	ate: Mon Apr 10 14:03:47 EDT 2023	
Committee:	NEC-P12	
Committee St	Committee Statement	
Resolution:	GFCI protection is critical to the proper use of welding equipment. These requirements are not currently in 210.8. No technical substantiation was provided to remove this critical requirement from the NEC. If this is added to 210.8 then that would be an acceptable option, however removing from the NEC entirely is not.	

Public Input No. 2333-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 630.12(A)]

(A) For Welders.

Each welder shall have overcurrent protection rated or set at not more than 200 percent of I_{1max} . Alternatively, if the I_{1max} is not given, the overcurrent protection shall be rated or set at not more than 200 percent of the rated primary current of the welder.

An overcurrent device shall not be required for a welder that has supply conductors protected by an overcurrent device rated or set at not more than 200 percent of l_{1max} or at the rated primary current of the welder.

If the supply conductors for a welder are protected by an overcurrent device rated or set at not more than 200 percent of $l_{1\text{max}}$ or at the rated primary current of the welder, a separate overcurrent device shall not be required.

<u>Add language prohibiting other loads/devices from being connected to the load side of the required</u> overcurrent protection for each welder unless the other devices/loads are suitably protected by the up to 200% allowed for welders.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

To help ensure the practical safeguarding of persons and property, add language prohibiting other loads/devices from being connected to the load side of the required overcurrent protection for each welder unless the other devices/loads are suitably protected by the up to 200% allowed for welders.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	e: Gary Hein
Organization:	[Not Specified]
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Aug 16 12:56:58 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: The public input did not provide clear proposed text or statement of a problem as required by 4.3.4.1 (C) and (D) in the Regulations Governing the Development of NFPA Standards. The requirements for sizing of overcurrent devices for non-specialized equipment (e.g. non welder loads) are located in chapters 1-4 and cover article 630 according to 90.3.

630.15 Grounding of Welder Secondary Circuit. The secondary circuit conductors of an arc welder, consisting of the electrode conductor and the work conductor, shall not be considered as premises wiring for the purpose of applying Article-250 grounding and bonding . Informational Note: Connecting welder secondary circuits to grounded objects can create parallel paths and can cause objectionable current over equipment grounding conductors. Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of Article 100 or where required for context. In this case, it is suggested we simply replace with "grounding and bonding", the subject of Article 250, to be compliant without changing the meaning of the section. The existing informational note does a good job of explaining the consequences of blindly following Article 250. Submitter Full Name: Richard Holub Organization: The DuPont Company, Inc. Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittel Date: Tue Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023. Committee Statement NEC-P12 Committee Statement Resolution: FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024.	Public In	put No. 3044-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 630.15]	
The secondary circuit conductors of an arc welder, consisting of the electrode conductor and the work conductor, shall not be considered as premises wiring for the purpose of applying Article 250 grounding and bonding . Informational Note: Connecting welder secondary circuits to grounded objects can create parallel paths and can cause objectionable current over equipment grounding conductors. Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of Article 100 or where required for context. In this case, it is suggested we simply replace with "grounding and bonding", the subject of Article 250, to be compliant without changing the meaning of the section. The existing informational note does a good job of explaining the consequences of blindly following Article 250. Submitter Information Verification Submitter Full Name: Richard Holub Organization: The DuPont Company, Inc. Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Tue Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023 Committee Statement Resolution: FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024	630.15 G	rounding of Welder Secondary Circuit.	
Informational Note: Connecting welder secondary circuits to grounded objects can create parallel paths and can cause objectionable current over equipment grounding conductors. Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of Article 100 or where required for context. In this case, it is suggested we simply replace with "grounding and bonding", the subject of Article 250, to be compliant without changing the meaning of the section. The existing informational note does a good job of explaining the consequences of blindly following Article 250. Submitter Information Verification Submitter Full Name: Richard Holub Organization: The DuPont Company, Inc. Street Address: City: Submittal Date: Tue Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023 Committee Statement Resolution: FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024	The second the work co Article 250	dary circuit conductors of an arc welder, consisting of the electrode conductor and onductor, shall not be considered as premises wiring for the purpose of applying grounding and bonding .	
Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of Article 100 or where required for context. In this case, it is suggested we simply replace with "grounding and bonding", the subject of Article 250, to be compliant without changing the meaning of the section. The existing informational note does a good job of explaining the consequences of blindly following Article 250. Submitter Information Verification Submitter Full Name: Richard Holub Organization: The DuPont Company, Inc. Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Tue Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023 Committee Statement Resolution: FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024	Informational Note: Connecting welder secondary circuits to grounded objects can create parallel paths and can cause objectionable current over equipment grounding conductors.		
Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of Article 100 or where required for context. In this case, it is suggested we simply replace with "grounding and bonding", the subject of Article 250, to be compliant without changing the meaning of the section. The existing informational note does a good job of explaining the consequences of blindly following Article 250. Submitter Information Verification Submitter Full Name: Richard Holub Organization: The DuPont Company, Inc. Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Tue Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023 Committee NEC-P12 Committee Statement Resolution: FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024	Statement of P	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input	
Submitter Information Verification Submitter Full Name: Richard Holub Organization: The DuPont Company, Inc. Street Address: The DuPont Company, Inc. Street Address: City: State: The Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023 Zip: Submittal Date: Tue Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023 Committee NEC-P12	Section 4.1.4 Article 100 or "grounding an the section. Th following Artic	of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of where required for context. In this case, it is suggested we simply replace with d bonding", the subject of Article 250, to be compliant without changing the meaning of ne existing informational note does a good job of explaining the consequences of blindly le 250.	
Submitter Full Name: Richard Holub Organization: The DuPont Company, Inc. Street Address:	Submitter Info	rmation Verification	
Organization:The DuPont Company, Inc.Street Address:	Submitter Ful	II Name: Richard Holub	
Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Tue Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023 Committee: NEC-P12 Committee Statement: Resolution: FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024	Organization:	: The DuPont Company, Inc.	
City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Tue Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023 Committee: NEC-P12 Committee Statement Resolution: FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024	Street Addres	SS:	
State: Zip: Submittal Date: Tue Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023 Committee: NEC-P12 Committee Statement Resolution: FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024	City:		
Zip: Submittal Date: Tue Aug 29 08:49:38 EDT 2023 Committee: NEC-P12 Committee Statement Resolution: FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024	State:		
Committee Statement Resolution: FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024	ZIP: Submittal Dat	Tuo Aug 20 08:40:28 EDT 2023	
Committee Statement Resolution: <u>FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024</u>	Committee:	NEC-P12	
Resolution: <u>FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024</u>	Committee Sta	Committee Statement	
	Resolution:	FR-8743-NFPA 70-2024	
Statement: The reference to article 250 was removed per the requirements of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which prohibits references to an entire article. A reference to grounding and bonding was added.	Statement:	The reference to article 250 was removed per the requirements of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which prohibits references to an entire article. A reference to grounding and ponding was added.	

I have an overcurrent device rated or set at not more than 300 percent of the rent of the welder. If the supply conductors for a welder are protected by an e rated or set at not more than 200 percent of the rated primary current of the e overcurrent device shall not be required.
ibiting other loads/devices from being connected to the load side of the required ion for each welder unless the other devices/loads are suitably protected by the up to wed for welders.
[Not Specified]
Thu Aug 17 12:21:27 EDT 2023
Thu Aug 17 12:21:27 EDT 2023 NEC-P12

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This article amplificati temporary	covers equipment and wiring for audio signal generation recording processing
instrumen 520 , 525	audio system installations; and electronic organs or other electronic musical site and systems subject to Article 517, Part VI, and Articles 518, and 530 other special occupancies.
Infor inclu sale equi stad limit insta and	mational Note: Examples of permanently installed distributed audio system locations de, but are not limited to, restaurant, hotel, business office, commercial and retail s environments, churches, and schools. Both portable and permanently installed pment locations include, but are not limited to, residences, auditoriums, theaters, iums, and movie and television studios. Temporary installations include, but are not ed to, auditoriums, theaters, stadiums (which use both temporary and permanently illed systems), and outdoor events such as fairs, festivals, circuses, public events, concerts.
ubmittor Info	prmation Verification
Submitter Fu	II Name: Richard Holub
Submitter Fu	II Name: Richard Holub
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre	II Name: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc.
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City:	II Name: Richard Holub : The DuPont Company, Inc. ss:
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City: State:	II Name: Richard Holub : The DuPont Company, Inc. ss:
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal Da	II Name: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc. 55: Tue Aug 20 10:38:10 EDT 2023
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal Da Committee:	II Name: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc. ss: te: Tue Aug 29 10:38:19 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal Da Committee Sta	II Name: Richard Holub : The DuPont Company, Inc. ss: te: Tue Aug 29 10:38:19 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 stement
Submitter Fu Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal Da Committee Sta Resolution:	II Name: Richard Holub : The DuPont Company, Inc. ss: te: Tue Aug 29 10:38:19 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tement FR-8483-NFPA 70-2024



(I) Motion Picture and Television Studios.

Equipment used in motion picture and television studios shall comply with Article 530 -

(J) - Swimming Pools, Fountains, and Similar Locations.

Audio equipment used in or near swimming pools, fountains, and similar locations shall comply with Article 680.

(K)

the requirements in the associated special occupancy article of Chapter 5.

(G) Combination Systems.

Where the authority having jurisdiction permits audio systems for paging or music, or both, to be combined with fire alarm systems, the wiring shall comply with Article 760.

Informational Note: See *NFPA* 72, *National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code*, and NFPA 101, *Life Safety Code*, for installation requirements for such combination systems.

(E<u>H</u>) Antennas.

Equipment used in audio systems that contain an audio or video tuner and an antenna input shall comply with Article 810 the Chapter 8 requirements. Wiring other than antenna wiring that connects such equipment to other audio equipment shall comply with this article.

(HI) Generators.

Generators shall be installed in accordance with 445.10 through 445.12, 445.14 through 445.16, and 445.18. Grounding of portable and vehicle-mounted generators shall be in accordance with 250.34.

(NK) Organ Pipes.

Additions of pipe organ pipes to an electronic organ shall be in accordance with 650.4 through 650.9.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article other than Article 100 or where required for context. The current sections F through J are not modifying the requirements found in the special occupancy articles so it is suggested that we replace this language with a common statement making it clear that the equipment requirements in special occupancies is subject to the equipment requirements of the applicable special occupancy article. Alternatively, 90.3 applies so these specific items could be deleted if the panel chooses to do so. I proposed leaving them for usability and to make it clear where the equipment requirements are found. In addition, Section 2.2.1 requires the reconditioned language to be in the .3 section, so it is proposed to move this language to the .4 section to comply with the revision to the 2023 Style Manual.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	Richard Holub
Organization:	The DuPont Company, Inc.
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Tue Aug 29 11:07:25 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8486-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision includes changes to comply with 4.1.1 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual The requirements for Assembly Occupancies were change to reference Chapter 5 because they referenced whole articles. The section was renumbered to XXX.4 to allow for parallel construction where XXX.3 applies to reconditioned equipment. Reference dates were updated. There were no technical changes.

Updated the sections referenced in NFPA 90A and UL 2043 to the most current edition

Subpart revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires the article number to precede the part number.



(K) Combination Systems.

Where the authority having jurisdiction permits audio systems for paging or music, or both, to be combined with fire alarm systems, the wiring shall comply with Article 760.

Informational Note: See NFPA 72, National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code, and NFPA 101, Life Safety Code, for installation requirements for such combination systems.

(L) Antennas.

Equipment used in audio systems that contain an audio or video tuner and an antenna input shall comply with Article-810. Wiring other than antenna wiring that connects such equipment to other audio equipment shall comply with this article.

(M) Generators.

Generators shall be installed in accordance with 445.10 through 445.12, 445.14 through 445.16, and 445.18. Grounding of portable and vehicle-mounted generators shall be in accordance with 250.34.

(N) Organ Pipes.

Additions of pipe organ pipes to an electronic organ shall be in accordance with 650.4 through 650.9 -

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This entire section is covered by 90.3 and violates 4.1.1 of the Style Manual.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Ryan Jackson

Organization: Self-employed

Street Address:

City:

State:

Zip:

Submittal Date: Mon Apr 10 13:59:24 EDT 2023 Committee: NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: Article 90.3 states that Chapter 1-4 apply generally, but does not specify how Chapters 5, 6, and 7 relate to each other or may modify each other. Therefore, the inclusion of the Locations and Other Articles section is needed to assist in the correlation between these special articles of the NEC.

Public Input No. 14-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.3(B)]

(B) Ducts, Plenums, and Other Air-Handling Spaces.

Section 300.22(B) shall apply to circuits and equipment installed in ducts specifically fabricated for environmental air. Section 300.22(C) shall apply to circuits and equipment installed in other spaces used for environmental air (plenums).

Exception No. 1: Class 2 and Class 3 cables installed in accordance with 722.135(B) shall be permitted to be installed in ducts specifically fabricated for environmental air.

Exception No. 2: Class 2 and Class 3 cables installed in accordance with 722.135(B) shall be permitted to be installed in other spaces used for environmental air (plenums).

Informational Note: See NFPA 90A, *Standard for the Installation of Air-Conditioning and Ventilating Systems*, <u>4</u>8.3<u>5</u>.<u>115</u>.<u>2</u>.6<u>.5</u>, which permits loudspeakers, loudspeaker assemblies, and their accessories listed in accordance with UL 2043-2013, *Fire Test for Heat and Visible Smoke Release for Discrete Products and Their Accessories Installed in Air-Handling Spaces*, to be installed in other spaces used for environmental air (ceiling cavity plenums).

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

The requirements for loudspeakers in 4.3.11.2.6.5 in NFPA 90A-2021 will be moved to 8.5.5.6 in the next (2024) edition of NFPA 90A.

The edition date for the UL standard has been deleted because it is not needed. Section 90.5(C) in the 2023 NEC states "Unless the standard reference includes a date, the reference is to be considered as the latest edition of the standard."

Related Public Inputs for This Document

Related Input

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Public Input No. 15-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 110.12(C)]
Public Input No. 17-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 722.24(A)]
Public Input No. 18-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 722.135(B)]
Public Input No. 19-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 770.24(A)]
Public Input No. 20-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 770.113(B)(2)]
Public Input No. 21-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 770.113(C)(2)]
Public Input No. 22-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 800.24(A)]
Public Input No. 24-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 800.113(B)(2)]
Public Input No. 25-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 800.113(C)(2)]
Public Input No. 26-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 800.170]
Public Input No. 27-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 800.182(A)]
Public Input No. 15-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 110.12(C)]
Public Input No. 17-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 722.24(A)]
Public Input No. 18-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 722.135(B)]
Public Input No. 19-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 770.24(A)]
Public Input No. 20-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 770.113(B)(2)]
Public Input No. 21-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 770.113(C)(2)]

Relationship

Revise NFPA 90A reference Public Input No. 22-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 800.24(A)] Public Input No. 24-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 800.113(B)(2)] Public Input No. 25-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 800.113(C)(2)] Public Input No. 26-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 800.170] Public Input No. 27-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 800.182(A)]

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Stanley Kaufman	
Organization:	CableSafe, Inc./OFS
Affiliation:	Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Jan 04 10:30:16 EST 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: <u>FR-8486-NFPA 70-2024</u>

Statement: This revision includes changes to comply with 4.1.1 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual The requirements for Assembly Occupancies were change to reference Chapter 5 because they referenced whole articles. The section was renumbered to XXX.4 to allow for parallel construction where XXX.3 applies to reconditioned equipment. Reference dates were updated. There were no technical changes.

Updated the sections referenced in NFPA 90A and UL 2043 to the most current edition

Subpart revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires the article number to precede the part number.

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Public I	nput No. 2771-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.3(D)]
(D) Cab	le Trays.
Cable tra <u>Part II</u> . T accordan	ys and cable tray systems shall be installed in accordance with Part II of Article <u>392 ,</u> he installation of Class 2, Class 3, and Type PLTC cables in cable trays shall be in ice with 722.135(B).
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This Public I in order to pu Style Manua 4.1.4 Refere Article 100 o articles shall number shal The Usability Chad Kenne	nput is being submitted on behalf of the NEC Correlating Committee Usability Task Group rovide correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC I Section 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts. nces to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the r where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article I precede the part number. Y Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, dy and David Williams.
Submitter im	ormation vernication
Submitter F	ull Name: David Williams
Organizatio	n: Delta Charter Township
Street Addre	ess:
City:	
Zin [.]	
Submittal D	ate: Thu Aug 24 20:29:01 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	tatement
Resolution:	FR-8486-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision includes changes to comply with 4.1.1 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual The requirements for Assembly Occupancies were change to reference Chapter 5 because they referenced whole articles. The section was renumbered to XXX.4 to allow for parallel construction where XXX.3 applies to reconditioned equipment. Reference dates were updated. There were no technical changes.
	Updated the sections referenced in NFPA 90A and UL 2043 to the most current edition
	Subpart revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires the article number to precede the part number.

Public Input No	o. 4003-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.3(E)]
(E) Hazardous (C	Classified) Locations.
Equipment used in requirements of C	n hazardous (classified) locations shall comply with the applicable chapter 5 <u>I DON'T KNOW WHAT TO PUT HERE</u> .
Statement of Proble	m and Substantiation for Public Input
"the appropriate requ articles. A chapter is a appropriate replacem the correct answer.	irements of Chapter 5" violates the style guide restriction of calling out whole a collection of articles, therefore it must be disallowed. I don't know the nent text. I'm hoping the panel can reach out to the appropriate CMP (14?) and get
Submitter Information	on Verification
Submitter Full Name	e: Chad Jones
Organization:	Cisco Systems
Street Address:	
City:	
Zin:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Sep 06 13:25:57 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Stateme	nt

Resolution: The proposed revision did not provide revised text for the proposed change.

Public li	nput No. 3064-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.3(K)]		
NFPA			
(K) Com	bination Systems.		
Where th combined <u>applicable</u>	e authority having jurisdiction permits audio systems for paging or music, or both, to be d with fire alarm systems, the wiring shall comply with Article 760 <u>, Parts I through IV as</u> <u>e</u> .		
Infc NF	Informational Note: See <i>NFPA</i> 72, <i>National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code</i> , and NFPA 101, <i>Life Safety Code</i> , for installation requirements for such combination systems.		
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input		
Section 4.1.4 where requir 760 and thos Changing as would be the	4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article, except Article 100 or ed for context. In this instance, we're asking the user to look for the wiring requirements in se are found in Parts I through IV, with Part V containing the equipment requirement. proposed to make it clear that we're asking the user to comply with Parts I through IV preferred approach, I believe, in this instance.		
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification		
Submitter F	ull Name: Richard Holub		
Organizatio	n: The DuPont Company, Inc.		
Street Addre	ess:		
City:			
State: Zip:			
Submittal D	ate: Tue Aug 29 10:45:59 EDT 2023		
Committee:	NEC-P12		
Committee St	atement		
Resolution:	FR-8486-NFPA 70-2024		
Statement:	This revision includes changes to comply with 4.1.1 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual The requirements for Assembly Occupancies were change to reference Chapter 5 because they referenced whole articles. The section was renumbered to XXX.4 to allow for parallel construction where XXX.3 applies to reconditioned equipment. Reference dates were updated. There were no technical changes.		
	Updated the sections referenced in NFPA 90A and UL 2043 to the most current edition		
	Subpart revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires the article number to precede the part number.		

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640.5 Access 1	e Electrical Equipment Behind Panels Designed to Allow Access.
Access to equipment shall not be denied by an accumulation of wires and cables that prevents removal of panels, including suspended ceiling panels.	
atement of Probl	em and Substantiation for Public Input
This is already requ	ired by 300.23. See 90.3 and 4.1.1 of the Style Manual.
ıbmitter Informat	ion Verification
Submitter Full Nan	ne : Rvan Jackson
Organization:	Self-employed
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Mon Apr 10 14:00:49 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
	ant

Public Input	No. 3122-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.7(C)]
(C) Isolated G	round Receptacles.
Isolated ground implementation <u>and bonding rea</u> ground, the bra 647.6(B).	ing-type receptacles shall be permitted as described in 250.146(D), and for the of other technical power systems in compliance with Article 250 the grounding quirements of this Code. For separately derived systems with 60 volts to nch-circuit equipment grounding conductor shall be terminated as required in
Informatio identificat	onal Note: See 406.3(E) for grounding-type receptacles and required ion.
Article 100 or wher Style Manual requi	tion Verification
Submitter Full Na	me: Richard Holub
Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	The DuPont Company, Inc.
Submittal Date:	Tue Aug 29 13:07:23 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Statem	ient
Resolution: FR-8	499-NFPA 70-2024
Statement: This the A	revision deletes the reference to an entire article and changes the text to reference rticle and Part to comply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual.

Public Inp	out No. 3123-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.9(A)(2)]
(2) Separa	tely Derived Power Systems.
Separately modified by <u>accordance</u> Article 647	derived systems shall comply with the applicable articles of this <i>Code</i> , except as this article. Separately derived systems with 60 volts to ground shall - <u>installed in</u> with 647.3 shall_be permitted for use in audio system-installations as specified in .
Statement of P	roblem and Substantiation for Public Input
Section 4.1.4 o Article 100 or w Article 647 refe Technical Equi which are requ current text to o not intended to	of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing the entire article with the exception of where required for context. That said, I see no specific provisions currently stated in erencing Audio Systems so I presume the intent here is that a 60 V AC system with a pment Ground is intended to be permitted here. 647.3 specifies the requirements in 647 ired in order for a separately derived system to be used. This is intended to correct the comply with the style manual requirements, and for correlation with the existing text, but o change the requirements that exist in the published 2023 NEC(r).
Submitter Infor	mation Verification
Submitter Full	Name: Richard Holub
Organization: Street Address	The DuPont Company, Inc. s:
City:	
State:	
Submittal Date	e: Tue Aug 29 13:20:53 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Stat	tement
Resolution: F	R-8501-NFPA 70-2024
Statement: T 4 A	his revision changes the reference from an entire article to a section to comply with .1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual. The title was revised to match the defined term in .rticle 100.
L	

Public Input I	No. 2772-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.9(A)(3)]
(3) Other Wirin	g.
All wiring not co from the premise	nnected to the premises wiring system or to a wiring system separately derived es wiring system shall comply with Part II of- Article <u>725 , Part II</u> .
Statement of Probl	em and Substantiation for Public Input
in order to provide of Style Manual Section 4.1.4 References to Article 100 or where articles shall be per number shall prece The Usability Task of Chad Kennedy and	correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC on 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts. The an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the e referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within mitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article de the part number. Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, David Williams.
Submitter Informat	tion Verification
Submitter Full Nar	ne: David Williams
Organization: Street Address:	Delta Charter Township
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Thu Aug 24 20:31:09 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Statem	ent
Resolution: FR-85	502-NFPA 70-2024
Statement: This r 4.1.4	evision changes the reference from an entire article to a section to comply with of the 2023 NEC Style Manual.

Public I	nput No. 3124-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.9(A)(3)]
(3) Othe	r Wiring.
All wiring from the	not connected to the premises wiring system or to a wiring system separately derived premises wiring system shall comply with Part II of Article 725 with Article 725, Part II.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
This revisior Manual. In a number."	is intended to be purely editorial and to comply with Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style ccordance with the Style Manual, Section 4.1.4, "the article number shall precede the part
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Richard Holub
Organizatio	n: The DuPont Company, Inc.
Street Addro	ess:
City:	
Zin [.]	
Submittal D	ate: Tue Aug 29 13:29:02 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement
Resolution:	FR-8502-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision changes the reference from an entire article to a section to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual.

Public Input N	lo. 953-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.9(A)(3)]		
(3) Other Wiring	l.		
All wiring not con from the premise	nected to the premises wiring system or to a wiring system separately derived s wiring system shall comply with Part II of Article <u>725 , Part II</u> .		
Statement of Proble	em and Substantiation for Public Input		
The recommended t	ext complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:		
4.1.4 References to Article 100 or where articles shall be perr number shall preced	4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number.		
Submitter Informati	on Verification		
Submitter Full Nam	e: Stanley Kaufman		
Organization:	CableSafe, Inc./OFS		
Affiliation:	Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)		
Street Address:			
City:			
State:			
Zip:			
Submittal Date:	Mon Jun 05 10:56:58 EDT 2023		
Committee:	NEC-P12		
Committee Stateme	ent		
Resolution: FR-85	02-NFPA 70-2024		
Statement: This re 4.1.4 o	vision changes the reference from an entire article to a section to comply with f the 2023 NEC Style Manual.		

	1put No. 3126-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.9(B)]
(B) Auxi	liary Power Supply Wiring.
Equipmen with Articl shall be <u>in</u> to the use intended to the prir	nt that has a separate input for an auxiliary power supply shall be wired in compliance le 725 . Battery installation <u>724.3 . If applicable, battery installation greater than 1kWh</u> <u>installed</u> in accordance with Article <u>480</u> .<u>3 through 480.13.</u> This section shall not apply of uninterruptible power supply (UPS) equipment, or other sources of supply, that are to act as a direct replacement for the primary circuit power source and are connected mary circuit input.
Info equ	prmational Note: See <i>NFPA</i> 72-2019, <i>National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code</i> , where hipment is used for a fire alarm system.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
problems with 2023 revision is not clear th power supply intent of this misinterpreta	In the existing text as the Class 1 circuit requirements were moved to Article 724 in the n and the scope of Article 480 was clarified to only apply to systems in excess of 1kWh. It nat this would automatically apply, now, to a battery system provided for the auxiliary y for audio systems. A proposed revision is shown, though the panel should confirm the section vs. the current published text in the 2023 NEC(r) to confirm that this isn't a ation of the intended requirement.
Submitter into	ormation verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Richard Holub
Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip:	1: The DuPont Company, Inc.
Submittal Da	ate: Tue Aug 29 13:41:04 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8504-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision changes the reference from an entire article to the correct section to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual and, 90.3. In addition, the informational note was revised to update the NFPA 72 reference to the latest edition.

City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	Wed Aug 30 09:55:04 EDT 2023
Submitter Full Nam Organization: Street Address:	ie: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc.
bmitter Informat	ion Verification
Section 4.1.4 of the Article 100 or where instead to "the appli- identifies specific cla identify the specific a table of contents and	NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception or required for context. As such, it is proposed to change the language here to p cable article" to comply with the Style Manual. Further text in the section clearl auses applicable to either Class 1 or Class 2/Class 3 wiring, so it is simple to article intended if an individual isn't familiar with the Code layout, and there is a d an index as well to assist.
atement of Proble	em and Substantiation for Public Input
Information 2016, Profe Products a Apparatus Audio/Vide Requireme commercia	nal Note No. 2: See UL 813-1996, Commercial Audio Equipment; UL 1419- essional Video and Audio Equipment; ANSI/UL 1492-1996, Audio-Video nd Accessories; UL 6500-1999, Audio/Video and Musical Instrument for Household, Commercial, and Similar Use; and UL 62368-1-2014, o, Information and Communication Technology Equipment — Part 1: Safety ents, for examples of requirements for listing amplifiers used in residential, and professional use.
Informatior <i>Systems</i> , v systems in	nal Note No. 1: See UL 1711-2016, <i>Amplifiers for Fire Protective Signaling</i> which contains requirements for the listing of amplifiers used for fire alarm compliance with <i>NFPA</i> 72-2019, <i>National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code</i> .
Audio amplifier o considered equiv insulated at not l 722.135 and 725	utput circuits wired using Class 2 or Class 3 wiring methods shall be valent to Class 2 or Class 3 circuits, respectively. They shall use conductors ess than the requirements of 722.179 and shall be installed in accordance with 5.136 through 725.144.
Audio amplifier o equivalent to Cla applicable.	utput circuits wired using Class 1 wiring methods shall be considered ss 1 circuits and shall be installed in accordance with 724.46, where
Amplifiers with ou Class 1, Class 2, specific class of shock and fire ris Overcurrent prote	utput circuits carrying audio program signals shall be permitted to employ or Class 3 wiring where the amplifier is listed and marked for use with the wiring method. Such listing shall ensure the energy output is equivalent to the sk of the same class as stated in Articles 724 and 725 <u>applicable article</u> . ection shall be provided and shall be permitted to be inherent in the amplifier.

Resolution: FR-8506-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision changes the reference from an entire article to a section to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual and 90.3, and the informational note was revised to update the NFPA 72 reference to the latest edition

Public In	put No. 3189-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.21(B)]
(B) Betw	een Loudspeakers and Amplifiers or Between Loudspeakers.
Cables us 722 <u>. 135 a</u> optional h	ed to connect loudspeakers to each other or to an amplifier shall comply with Article and 722.179, as applicable . Other listed cable types and assemblies, including ybrid communications, signal, and hybrid optical fiber cables, shall be permitted.
Statement of I	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Section 4.1.4 Article 100 or to 722.135 wh requirements	of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of where required for context. In this case, it is recommended to point the user specifically nich requires the cables to be listed and 722.179 which gives more specific listing depending on the application.
oublintter inte	
Submitter Fu	III Name: Richard Holub
Organization	: The DuPont Company, Inc.
Street Addre	SS:
City:	
Sidle. Zin:	
Submittal Da	te: Wed Aug 30 10:04:58 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8510-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision changes the reference from an entire article to a specific Part to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual. Editorial change to remove redundant cable type because the cable types are covered by 'other listed cable types'.

(C) Between F	auipment.		
Cables used for 722 <u>. 135 and 72</u> optional hybrid Other cable type the use shall be	Cables used for the distribution of audio signals between equipment shall comply with Article 722. <u>135 and 722.179</u> , as applicable . Other listed cable types and assemblies, including optional hybrid communications, signal, and hybrid optical fiber cables, shall be permitted. Other cable types and assemblies specified by the equipment manufacturer as acceptable for the use shall be permitted in accordance with 110.3(B).		
Informatio	onal Note: See 770.3 for the classification of composite optical fiber cables.		
Statement of Prob	lem and Substantiation for Public Input		
Article 100 or when to 722.135 which re requirements depe Submitter Informa	e required for context. In this case, it is recommended to point the user specifically equires the cables to be listed and 722.179 which gives more specific listing nding on the application. tion Verification		
Submitter Full Nar Organization:	me: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc.		
Submitter Full Nai Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	me: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc.		
Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	me: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc. Wed Aug 30 10:17:09 EDT 2023 NEC-P12		
Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee Statem	me: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc. Wed Aug 30 10:17:09 EDT 2023 NEC-P12		
Submitter Full Nat Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee Statem Resolution: FR-88	me: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc. Wed Aug 30 10:17:09 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 Ment 511-NFPA 70-2024		

640	1.42 Use of Flexible Cords and Cables.
(A)	Between Equipment and Branch-Circuit Power.
Pow the pow	ver supply cords for audio equipment shall be listed and shall be permitted to be used wh interchange, maintenance, or repair of such equipment is facilitated through the use of a ver-supply cord.
(B)	Between Loudspeakers and Amplifiers, or Between Loudspeakers.
Inst amp Artic usa usa and cab	allation of flexible cords and cables used to connect loudspeakers to each other or to an olifier shall comply with Part I of Article <u>400</u> , <u>Part I</u> and <u>Article 725</u> , Parts I, II, and III- of cle 725 , respectively. Cords and cables listed for portable use, either hard or extra-hard ge as defined by Article 400, <u>Part I, and II</u> , shall also be permitted. Other listed cable typ assemblies, including optional hybrid communications, signal, and hybrid optical fiber les, shall be permitted.
(C)	Between Equipment and/or Between Equipment Racks.
Inst equ Par har type cab	allation of flexible cords and cables used for the distribution of audio signals between ipment shall comply with <u>Article 400</u> , Parts I and II of Article 400 and <u>II and Article 725</u>, ts I, II, and III- of Article 725 , respectively. Cords and cables listed for portable use, either d or extra-hard service as defined by Article 400, shall also be permitted. Other listed cables and assemblies, including optional hybrid communications, signal, and hybrid optical fil les, shall be permitted.
(D) Pov	Between Equipment, Equipment Racks, and Power Supplies Other Than Branch-Circuit wer.
Wiri inst	ng between the following power supplies, other than branch-circuit power supplies, shall alled, connected, or wired in accordance with this <i>Code</i> for the voltage and power require
(1)	Storage batteries
(2)	Transformers
(3)	Transformer rectifiers
(4)	Other ac or dc power supplies
(E)	Between Equipment Racks and Branch-Circuit Power.
The cab sha 520	supply to a portable equipment rack shall be by means of listed extra-hard usage cords les, as defined in Table 400.4. For outdoor portable or temporary use, the cords or cables II be further listed as being suitable for wet locations and sunlight resistant. Sections 52010, and 525.3 shall apply as appropriate when the following conditions exist:
(1)	Where equipment racks include audio and lighting and/or power equipment
(2)	When using or constructing cable extensions, adapters, and breakout assemblies

This Public Input is being submitted on behalf of the NEC Correlating Committee Usability Task Group in order to provide correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC Style Manual Section 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts.

4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article

number shall precede the part number.	
The Usability Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter,	
Chad Kennedy and David Williams.	

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: David Williams

Organization: Delta Charter Township

Street Address:

City:

State:

Zip:

Submittal Date:Thu Aug 24 20:32:12 EDT 2023Committee:NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8513-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision changes the references from an entire article to a specific Part or section to comply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual.

Public In	put No. 3193-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.42(B)]		
(B) Betw	een Loudspeakers and Amplifiers, or Between Loudspeakers.		
Installation amplifier s respective listed for p <u>4 00.4</u> , sh hybrid cor	n of flexible cords and cables used to connect loudspeakers to each other or to an hall comply with Part I of Article 400 and Parts I, II, and III of Article 725, by with Article 400, Part I, Article 725, Parts I and II respectively . Cords and cables portable use, either hard or extra-hard usage as defined by Article 400 in Table hall also be permitted. Other listed cable types and assemblies, including optional nmunications, signal, and hybrid optical fiber cables, shall be permitted.		
Statement of I	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input		
Section 4.1.4 where require part. I've also and not applie entire article i requirement a in nature. Fin since that's th	of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article except Article 100 or ad for context. In addition, we're required to list the article first, and then the applicable opproposed removing the Part III of Article 725 as that is an equipment listing requirement cable to cords or cables. Including all the parts of Article 725 is essentially referencing an n violation of Section 4.1.4. The proposed public input should satisfy the style manual and is not intended to change the requirements currently specified, but rather be editorial ally, the pointer to Article 400 for hard or extra-hard usage was revised to Table 400.4 he specific table with this information included.		
Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip:	: The DuPont Company, Inc. ss:		
Submittal Da	te: Wed Aug 30 10:19:42 EDT 2023		
Committee:	NEG-P12		
Committee Sta	atement		
Resolution:	FR-8513-NFPA 70-2024		
Statement:	This revision changes the references from an entire article to a specific Part or section to comply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual.		

	NO. 954-NFPA /U-2023 [Section No. 640.42(B)]				
(B) Between Lo	oudspeakers and Amplifiers, or Between Loudspeakers.				
Installation of fle: amplifier shall co Article 725 , resp usage- as define assemblies, inclu shall be permitte	xible cords and cables used to connect loudspeakers to each other or to an omply with Part I of Article <u>400</u> , <u>Part I</u> , and <u>Article 725</u> , Parts I, II, and III- of pectively. Cords and cables listed for portable use, either hard or extra-hard d by Article 400 , shall also be permitted. Other listed cable types and uding optional hybrid communications, signal, and hybrid optical fiber cables, d.				
Statement of Proble	em and Substantiation for Public Input				
The recommended	The recommended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:				
4.1.4 References to Article 100 or where articles shall be pern number shall preced	an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within mitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article de the part number.				
The reference to a c	definition in Article 400 was deleted because all definitions are in Article 100.				
Submitter Informat	ion Verification				
Submitter Full Nam	ne: Stanley Kaufman				
Organization:	CableSafe, Inc./OFS				
Affiliation:	Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)				
Street Address:					
City:					
State:					
Zip:					
Submittal Date:	Mon Jun 05 11:00:34 EDT 2023				
Committee:	NEC-P12				
Committee Stateme	Committee Statement				
Resolution: FR-85	13-NFPA 70-2024				
Statement: This re comply	evision changes the references from an entire article to a specific Part or section to y with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual.				
·					

Public Input	No. 3194-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 640.42(C)]					
(C) Between	Equipment and/or Between Equipment Racks.					
Installation of t equipment sha <u>or Article 725</u> listed for porta also be permit communication	Texible cords and cables used for the distribution of audio signals between all comply with <u>Article_400, Parts I and II</u> - of Article_400 - and ,_Parts I, II, and III- of Article_725 , - respectively <u>respectively</u> . Cords and cables ble use, either hard or extra-hard service as defined by Article <u>Table_400.4</u> , shall ted. Other listed cable types and assemblies, including optional hybrid hs, signal, and hybrid optical fiber cables, shall be permitted.					
Statement of Prol	Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input					
Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article except Article 100 or where required for context. In addition, we're required to list the article first, and then the applicable part. I've also proposed removing the Part III of Article 725 as that is an equipment listing requirement and not applicable to cords or cables. Including all the parts of Article 725 is essentially referencing an entire article in violation of Section 4.1.4. The proposed public input should satisfy the style manual requirement and is not intended to change the requirements currently specified, but rather be editorial in nature. Finally, the pointer to Article 400 for hard or extra-hard usage was revised to Table 400.4 since that's the specific table with this information included.						
Submitter Information Verification						
Submitter Full Na	ame: Richard Holub					
Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	The DuPont Company, Inc.					
Submittal Date:	Wed Aug 30 10:28:10 EDT 2023					
Committee:	NEC-P12					
Committee Stater	Committee Statement					
Resolution: FR-	8513-NFPA 70-2024					
Statement: This com	revision changes the references from an entire article to a specific Part or section to ply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual.					


(G) Community Antenna Television and Radio Distribution Systems Cables and Equipment.

<u>Article 800 and 820,</u> Parts I, II, III, IV, and V of Articles 800 and 820 shall <u>V shall</u> apply to community antenna television and radio distribution systems cables and equipment installed in an information technology equipment room. Only community antenna television and radio distribution cables listed in accordance with 800.179 and listed CATV equipment shall be permitted to be installed in an information technology equipment room. Article 645 shall apply to the powering of community antenna television and radio distribution systems equipment installed in an information technology equipment room.

(H) Optical Fiber Cables.

Only optical fiber cables listed in accordance with 770.179 shall be permitted to be installed in an information technology equipment room.

(I) Cables Not in Information Technology Equipment Room.

Cables extending beyond the information technology equipment room shall be subject to the applicable requirements of this *Code*.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This Public Input is being submitted on behalf of the NEC Correlating Committee Usability Task Group in order to provide correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC Style Manual Section 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts.

4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number.

The Usability Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, Chad Kennedy and David Williams.

(F) needs to identify which part of Articles 800 and 805 apply.

(G) needs to identify which part of Articles 800 and 820 apply.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: David Williams		
Organization:	Delta Charter Township	
Street Address:		
City:		
State:		
Zip:		
Submittal Date:	Thu Aug 24 20:35:23 EDT 2023	
Committee:	NEC-P12	

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8520-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision changes the references from an entire article to a specific Part to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial.



(G) - Cor	nmunity Antenna Television and Radio Distribution Systems Cables and Equipment.			
Parts I, II and radic equipmen accordan informatio antenna technolog	-III, IV, and V of Articles- 800 -and- 820 -shall apply to community antenna television -distribution systems cables and equipment installed in an information technology it room. Only community antenna television and radio distribution cables listed in ce with 800.179 -and listed CATV equipment shall be permitted to be installed in an in technology equipment room. Article- 645 -shall apply to the powering of community elevision and radio distribution systems equipment installed in an information gy equipment room.			
(H) – Opt	(H) Optical Fiber Cables.			
Only opti an inform	cal fiber cables listed in accordance with- 770.179 -shall be permitted to be installed in ation technology equipment room.			
(I) - Cables Not in Information Technology Equipment Room.				
Cables e applicabl	Cables extending beyond the information technology equipment room shall be subject to the applicable requirements of this Code .			
Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input				
This entire s	ection is already addressed via 90.3 and therefore violates 4.1.1 of the Style Manual.			
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification			
Submitter F	ull Name: Ryan Jackson			
Organizatio	n: Self-employed			
Street Addre	ess:			
City:				
State:				
Submittal D	ate: Mon Apr 10 13:57:22 EDT 2023			
Committee:	NEC-P12			
Committee St	atement			
Resolution:	This section and subparts do not violate 4.1.1 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual, since 90.3 of the NEC, states that Chapter 8 is not subject to the requirements of Chapters 1-7. References to parts of other Articles are provided to promote usability of this Article.			

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Street Ad City: State: Zip: Submittal Committee	dress: Date: Wed Sep 06 10:22:31 EDT 2023 Statement
Street Ad City: State: Zip: Submittal	dress:
Street Ad City: State: Zip:	dress:
Street Ad City: State:	dress:
Street Ad City:	dress:
Street Ad	dress:
Urganiza	
Submittel	tion: Cisco Systems
omitter l	
Therefore	, Class 4 should be added to this list.
it was an o	oversight.
class 4 w	ents as Glass 2 circuits. An effort to analyze all the locations of Class 2 in the code to see as also appropriate in the application should have happened for the 2023 code and not (
Class 4 sy	ystems were added in the 2023 code and have equivalent or better than fire and life s
itement	of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
(6) C/	ATV and radio distribution systems: 800.113(C) and Table 800.154(a)
(5) Co	ommunications circuits: 800.133(C) and Table 800.154(a)
(4) O	ptical fiber cables: $(/0.113(C))$ and Table $(/0.154(a))$
(3) Fi	re alarm systems: 760.53(B)(2) and Table 760.154
(2) Cl	lass 2, Class 3, and <u>Class 4, and</u> PLIC cables: 722.135(B)
(1) W	'iring methods: 300.22(C)(1)
enviro (1) W	nmental air (plenums) above an information technology equipment room: /iring methods: 300.22(C)(1)
The fo environ (1) W	llowing sections and tables shall apply to wiring and cabling in other spaces used for nmental air (plenums) above an information technology equipment room: /iring methods: 300.22(C)(1)

		_	
Public I	nput No. 931-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.3(E)]		
(E) Fire	Alarm Cables and Equipment.		
<u>Article 70</u> equipme in accord permitted	<u>Article 760</u> , Parts I, II, and III of Article- 760 - <u>7 60</u> shall apply to fire alarm systems cables and equipment installed in an information technology equipment room. Only fire alarm cables listed in accordance with Part IV of Article <u>760</u> , Part IV and listed fire alarm equipment shall be permitted to be installed in an information technology equipment room.		
Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input			
The references to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual section 4.1.4 which states, "The article number shall precede the part number."			
Submitter Information Verification			
Submitter F	Full Name: Stanley Kaufman		
Organizatio	n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS		
Affiliation:	Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)		
Street Addr	ress:		
City:			
State:			
Zip:			
Submittal D	Date: Mon Jun 05 06:49:48 EDT 2023		
Committee	NEC-P12		
Committee Statement			
Resolution	: FR-8520-NFPA 70-2024		
Statement:	This revision changes the references from an entire article to a specific Part to comply		
	with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with		
	PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial.		
		_	

(F) Cabl	e Routing Assemblies, Communications Wires, Cables, Raceways, and Equipment.
communi communi room. Or assembli communi in an info powering	cations raceways. Parts I, II, III, IV, and V of Articles 800 and 805 shall apply to cations wires, cables, and equipment installed in an information technology equipmentily communications wires and cables listed in accordance with 800.179, cable routing es, and communications raceways listed in accordance with 800.182, and cations equipment listed in accordance with 800.171 shall be permitted to be installed rmation technology equipment room. Article 645 shall This article shall apply to the of communications equipment in an information technology equipment room.
Info equ	ormational Note: See Article 100, Definitions, for a definition of <i>communications uipment</i> .
atement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
alone, so the	ey wouldn't necessarily be applied to an Article 645 installation unless so referenced.
alone, so the While it woul address the ubmitter Inf	ev wouldn't necessarily be applied to an Article 645 installation unless so referenced. Id be nice to correct this as well, I'm recommending we leave it as is "for context" and Article 645 change as proposed.
alone, so the While it woul address the ubmitter Inf	wouldn't necessarily be applied to an Article 645 installation unless so referenced. Id be nice to correct this as well, I'm recommending we leave it as is "for context" and Article 645 change as proposed. ormation Verification ull Name: Richard Holub
alone, so the While it woul address the ubmitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addre City:	 wouldn't necessarily be applied to an Article 645 installation unless so referenced. Id be nice to correct this as well, I'm recommending we leave it as is "for context" and Article 645 change as proposed. ormation Verification ull Name: Richard Holub n: The DuPont Company, Inc.
alone, so the While it woul address the ubmitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addre City: State: Zip:	wouldn't necessarily be applied to an Article 645 installation unless so referenced. Id be nice to correct this as well, I'm recommending we leave it as is "for context" and Article 645 change as proposed. ormation Verification ull Name: Richard Holub n: The DuPont Company, Inc. ess:
alone, so the While it woul address the Ubmitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal D	ate: Wed Aug 30 10:38:24 EDT 2023
alone, so the While it woul address the Ubmitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee:	ate: Wed Aug 30 10:38:24 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
alone, so the While it woul address the Ubmitter Inf Submitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addro City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee St	ate: Wed Aug 30 10:38:24 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
alone, so the While it woul address the Jomitter Inf Submitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addro City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee Si Resolution:	ate: Wed Aug 30 10:38:24 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tatement FR-8520-NFPA 70-2024

Zip: Submittal D Committee: Committee St Resolution:	atemen <u>FR-8520</u>	t -NFPA 70-2024
Zip: Submittal D Committee:		
State:	ate:	Mon Jun 05 06:57:16 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Submitter F Organization Affiliation: Street Addre City:	ull Name: n: ess:	Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
The recomm 4.1.4 Refere Article 100 o articles shall number shal Submitter Info	ended tex nces to ar r where re be permit precede ormatio	t complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states: The Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within tted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article the part number. N Verification
Statement of	rmational <i>lipment</i> . Problen	note: See Article 100, Definitions, for a definition of <i>communications</i>
installed i listed in a listed in a 800.171 s 645 shall equipmer	cations rai <u>05 , Parts</u> n an inform ccordance ccordance shall be per apply to the nt room.	300.113, and 800.154 shall apply to cable routing assemblies and ceways. Article 800, Parts I, II, III – and IV, and \forall of Articles 800 and 805 <u>I, II, III and IV</u> , shall apply to communications wires, cables, and equipment mation technology equipment room. Only communications wires and cables e with 800.179, cable routing assemblies, and communications raceways e with 800.182, and communications equipment listed in accordance with ermitted to be installed in an information technology equipment room. Article he powering of communications equipment in an information technology
Sections communi <u>Article 80</u>	800.110, 8	

Public Ir	nput No. 3208-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.3(G)]
(G) Com	munity Antenna Television and Radio Distribution Systems Cables and Equipment.
Parts I, II, radio distr equipmen accordanc informatic powering an informa	III, IV, and V of Articles 800 and 820 shall apply to community antenna television and ibution systems cables and equipment installed in an information technology troom. Only community antenna television and radio distribution cables listed in ce with 800.179 and listed CATV equipment shall be permitted to be installed in an intechnology equipment room. Article 645 shall This article shall apply to the of community antenna television and radio distribution systems equipment installed in an intechnology equipment room.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Section 4.1.4 Article 100 or "this article" s referencing o not simple to alone, so the While it would address the A	of the NEC Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of where required for context. In this case, the simple proposal to change "Article 645" to satisfies the Style Manual requirement. A more complicated fix is how to address the f Parts I through V of 800 and 820 - that's essentially referencing the entire article but it's correct. Section 90.3 of the style manual establishes that Chapter 8 requirements stand y wouldn't necessarily be applied to an Article 645 installation unless so referenced. d be nice to correct this as well, I'm recommending we leave it as is "for context" and just Article 645 change as proposed.
Submitter Info	ormation Verification
Submitter Fu	III Name: Richard Holub
Organization Street Addre City: State:	n: The DuPont Company, Inc.
ZIP:	Mod Aug 20 11:02:48 EDT 2022
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8520-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision changes the references from an entire article to a specific Part to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial.

Public I	nput No. 933-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.3(G)]		
(G) Con	nmunity Antenna Television and Radio Distribution Systems Cables and Equipment.		
<u>Article 80</u> shall app equipment televisior CATV eq room. Arti distribution	<u>Article 800,</u> Parts I, II, III – and IV, and V of Articles 800 - and 820 - <u>Article 820</u> , <u>Parts I and V</u> , shall apply to community antenna television and radio distribution systems <u>coaxial</u> cables and equipment installed in an information technology equipment room. Only community antenna television and radio distribution <u>coaxial</u> cables listed in accordance with 800.179 and listed CATV equipment shall be permitted to be installed in an information technology equipment room. Article 645 shall apply to the powering of community antenna television and radio distribution systems equipment installed in an information technology equipment room.		
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input		
The recomm	ended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:		
4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number.			
All CATV cables are coaxial cables, so "coaxial" was added for clarity.			
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification		
Submitter F	ull Name: Stanley Kaufman		
Organizatio	n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS		
Affiliation:	Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)		
Street Addr	ess:		
City:			
State:			
Zip:			
Submittal D	ate: Mon Jun 05 07:07:29 EDT 2023		
Committee:	NEC-P12		
Committee Statement			
Resolution:	FR-8520-NFPA 70-2024		
Statement:	This revision changes the references from an entire article to a specific Part to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial.		



will be deployed in the information technology room. For a superconducting quantum computer to function properly, certain equipment that is typically listed under the test and measurement equipment standard is required.

Clarifying that listed test and measurement equipment (e.g., per UL 61010-1) are allowed in information technology rooms will ensure that information technology rooms and the alternative wiring methods can be used as commercially available quantum computers are installed.

Submitter Information Verification

Organization:	IBM Corporation
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Fri Aug 18 12:12:00 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8533-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This section is expanded to keep pace with emerging technology. Quantum computers need test and measurement equipment to operate properly and listed to UL61010-1. The revision changes the order of articles and part references to comply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual.

64	.4 Special Requirements for Information Technology Equipment Room.
The <u>II fo</u> sha	alternative wiring methods to Chapter 3 and <u>Article 725</u> , Parts I and II of Article 725 for signaling wiring and <u>Article 770</u> , Parts I and V of Article 770 for <u>V for</u> optical fiber ca I be permitted where all of the following conditions are met:
(1)	Disconnecting means complying with 645.10 are provided.
(2)	A heating/ventilating/air-conditioning (HVAC) system is provided in one of the methods identified in the following:
	(3) <u>A separate HVAC system that is dedicated for information technology equipment</u> and is separated from other areas of occupancy
	(4) <u>An HVAC system that serves other occupancies and meets all of the following:</u>
	(5) Also serves the information technology equipment room
	(6) Provides fire/smoke dampers at the point of penetration of the room boundary
	(7) <u>Activates the damper operation upon initiation by smoke detector alarms, by</u> operation of the disconnecting means required by <u>645.10</u> , or by both
(9)	11.1.3, for further information.
(8) (9)	All information technology and communications equipment installed in the room is lister. The room is occupied by, and accessible to, only those personnel needed for the maintenance and functional operation of the installed information technology equipment.
(10	The room is separated from other occupancies by fire-resistant-rated walls, floors, and ceilings with protected openings.
	Informational Note No. 2: SeeNFPA 75-2020, <i>Standard for the Fire Protection of Information Technology Equipment</i> , Chapter 6, for further information on room construction requirements.
(11)	Only electrical equipment and wiring associated with the operation of the information technology room is installed in the room.
	Informational Note No. 3: HVAC systems, communications systems, and monitor systems such as telephone, fire alarm systems, security systems, water detection systems, and other related protective equipment are examples of equipment associated with the operation of the information technology room.

Style Manual Section 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts. 4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number. The Usability Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, Chad Kennedy and David Williams.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: David Williams

Organization: Delta Charter Township

Street Address:

City:

State:

Zip:

Submittal Date:Thu Aug 24 20:43:35 EDT 2023Committee:NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8533-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This section is expanded to keep pace with emerging technology. Quantum computers need test and measurement equipment to operate properly and listed to UL61010-1. The revision changes the order of articles and part references to comply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual.



645.10 in the home of any of the Code-making panel members.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Ryan Jackson		
Organization:	Self-employed	
Street Address:		
City:		
State:		
Zip:		
Submittal Date:	Thu Apr 20 13:46:06 EDT 2023	
Committee:	NEC-P12	

Committee Statement

Resolution: Use of Article 645 is based on the assumption that construction of the ITE room complies with NFPA 75.



Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number.

The references dealing with Class 2 and Class 3 cables were expanded to include new Article 722.

The edition date for NFPA 75 has been deleted because it is not needed. Section 90.5(C) in the 2023 NEC states "Unless the standard reference includes a date, the reference is to be considered as the latest edition of the standard."

The underlining in 645.4(2) was done by TerraView. It should be ignored.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name:	: Stanley Kaufman
Organization:	CableSafe, Inc./OFS
Affiliation:	Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Mon Jun 05 07:14:44 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8533-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This section is expanded to keep pace with emerging technology. Quantum computers need test and measurement equipment to operate properly and listed to UL61010-1. The revision changes the order of articles and part references to comply with 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual.

Г

<u>645.5(l) 416Y/</u>	240 Volt Supply Circuits.
A 416Y/240 thr the source of a	<u>ee-phase system shall be permitted to use the following color codes beginning at 416Y/240 volt supply:</u>
<u>A blue conduct</u> <u>equipment grou</u> <u>phase conduct</u> <u>ungrounded co</u> <u>be identified by</u> <u>tape, tagging o</u>	or as a grounded conductor and a gray as a ungrounded conductor where the anding conductor is green with one or more yellow stripes and the ungrounded ors are either brown for line 1, black for line 2, and gray for line 3 or brown for all inductors. Where brown is used for all phase conductors the conductors shall also or phase or line at all termination, connection and splice points by separate marking r other approved means.
Statement of Prob	elem and Substantiation for Public Input
Much equipment a principles for man- conductor terminat in data centers wh Allowing data cent circuits will assist v ensure safe opera	Ind cables for data centers use the the IEC Standard 60445 "Basic and safety machine interface, marking and identification - Identification of equipment terminals, tions and conductors", this color code has been standardized world wide especially ere we now see 416Y/230 Volt services and feeders. ters to use this standard color code for 416Y/230 Volt service, feeder and branch with avoiding ambiguity and confusion with 480Y/277 or 208Y/120 volt systems and tion.
Submitter Informa	ition Verification
Submitter Full Na	me: Stephen Schmiechen
Organization:	[Not Specified]
Street Address:	
City: State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date: Committee:	Tue Aug 29 13:54:42 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Committee Staten	nent

Public Ir	nput No. 3168-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.5(A)]
NFPA	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(A) Bran	ch-Circuit Conductors <u>Sizing</u> .
<u>(1) Condu</u> technolog load.	ctor Sizing. The branch-circuit conductors supplying one or more units of information y equipment shall have an ampacity not less than 125 percent of the total connected
<u>(2) Overce</u> more units <u>125 perce</u>	urrent Protection Sizing.The branch-circuit overcurrent protective device for one or s of information technology equipment shall have an ampere rating not less than nt of the total connected load.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Added text to protective de second level NEC style ma	clarify that if the branch circuit conductors are sized at 125% then the overcurrent vice will also be sized at 125%. This added text will add clarity to Code users. Adding new subdivision (1) and (2) to split the requirements for clarity and in accordance with the anual.
Submitter Info	ormation Verification
Submitter Fu	III Name: Mike Holt
Organization	: Mike Holt Enterprises Inc
Street Addre	SS:
City:	
State:	
Zıp. Submittal Da	
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	Conductor sizes are increased for many reasons based on the specific installation including the requirements of 310.15, voltage drop, number of conductors in a raceway, etc., but does not require the overcurrent protection value to be increased. This is a modification of 210.20(A) to protect the equipment yet protect the wiring as a continuous load.

Nuk	olic Input No	o. 3131-NFPA 70-2023 [Section N	o. 645.5(B)]
(B)	Power-Supply	v Cords.	
Info pow	rmation techno /er-supply cord	blogy equipment shall be permitted to be calls that comply with the following:	onnected to branch circuits by
(1)	Power-supply	/ cords shall not exceed 4.5 m (15 ft).	
(2)	Power-supply technology ec plugs and cor	cords shall be listed and a type permitted pupment or shall be constructed of listed fl d connectors of a type permitted for inform	for use on listed information exible cord and listed attachment nation technology equipment.
(3)	Plugs and rec for the system	eptacles used to connect the power-suppl n voltage and current applied.	y cords shall be listed and identified
	Informa Equipm Informa Require	tional Note No. 1: See UL 60950-1, Safety ent — Safety — Part 1: General Requirem tion and Communication Technology Equip ments, for one method of determining if co	of Information Technology pents; or UL 62368-1, Audio/Video, poment — Part 1: Safety ords are of a permitted type.
	Informa <i>Specific</i> 30R for	tional Note No. 2: See ANSI/NEMA WD-6, a <i>tions</i> , which identifies plug and receptack 240 Vac and L26-30P and L26-30R for <u>41</u>	<i>Wiring Devices</i> — <i>Dimensional</i> e configurations L25-30P and L25- <u>6Y/</u> 240 /415 Vac Vac .
207 / s 208 / s same v This als code.	eqrt(3) = 119.51 qrt(3) = 120.09 vith 415 and 41 so correlates w Public Input	I round up to 120V round down to 120V I6 volt. vith other proposals to add 416Y240 as a s s for This Document	standard voltage in other parts of the
		Related Input	Relationship
<u>Public</u>	Input No. 2916	6-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 220.5(<u>A)]</u>	416Y/240 as standard voltage
ubmitte	r Informatio	on Verification	
Submi	tter Full Name	: Stephen Schmiechen	
Organi Street City: State: Zin [:]	zation: Address:	[Not Specified]	
and by a			

Resolution: Editorial changes to another organization's publications is not within the scope of the NEC revisions process. Informational notes are provided for information only and are not an enforceable part of the NEC.

(1)	Installation Requirements for Branch-Circuit Supply Conductors Under a Raised Flo
<u>(a)</u>	The supply conductors shall be installed in accordance with 300.11.
ln a (b)	ddition to the wiring methods of I <u>f supply conductors are installed in plenum spaces, they shall comply with_300.22(C</u>
, the	3
<u>.</u> (c)	The following wiring methods shall also be permitted:
(1)	Rigid metal conduit
(2)	Rigid nonmetallic conduit
(3)	Intermediate metal conduit
(4)	Electrical metallic tubing
(5)	Electrical nonmetallic tubing
(6)	<u>Metal wireway</u>
(7)	Nonmetallic wireway
(8)	Surface metal raceway with metal cover
(9)	Surface nonmetallic raceway
(10)	<u>Flexible metal conduit</u>
(11)	Liquidtight flexible metal conduit
(12)) <u>Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit</u>
(13)) <u>Type MI cable</u>
(14)) <u>Type MC cable</u>
(15)	<u>Type AC cable</u>
(16)	Associated metallic and nonmetallic boxes or enclosures
(17)	<u>Type TC power and control tray cable</u>

requirements. If the area under the raised floor is used as a plenum than it must comply with 300.22(C) and if its not a plenum then you can use the wiring method in list items (1) through (17). These revisions will improve usability and add clarity for Code users.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Mike Holt Organization: Mike Holt Enterprises Inc Street Address: City: State:

Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Tue Aug 29 20:46:12 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: Section 300.22(D) addresses wiring methods used in "air handling spaces" of Information Technology Equipment and is not required to be restated per 4.1.2 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual. Section 300.11 is also a general rule and shall not be repeated per 4.1.2 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual.



Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8538-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore this approved wiring method needed to be added to this section. Also updated UL standard to current edition.

Public I	nput No. 2507-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.10(A)(2)]
(2) Disc	onnect Identification.
The remo shall be g permitted	ote disconnect means for the control of electronic equipment power and HVAC systems grouped and identified <u>marked</u> . A single means to control both systems shall be .
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
The word "id application.	entified" is defined in Article 100, and it ultimately means that a product is suitable for the t seems that the intent of this requirement is marking, not suitablity.
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Ryan Jackson
Organizatio	n: Self-employed
Street Addre	ess:
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal D	ate: Fri Aug 18 13:32:06 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8541-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	Article 100 defines the term "identified" and is not correctly used in the first sentence. This revision changes the term 'identified' to 'marked'.

(B) Critical Operations Data Systems.	
Remote disconnecting controls shall not be required for critical opera all of the following conditions are met:	ations data systems when
 An approved procedure has been established and maintained f movement within the room or zone. 	or removing power and ai
(2) Qualified personnel are continuously available to advise emerg instruct them of disconnecting methods.	ency responders and to
(3) A smoke-sensing fire detection system is in place.	
Informational Note: See <i>NFPA</i> 72, <i>National Fire Alarm and</i> further information.	d Signaling Code, for
(4) An approved fire suppression system suitable for the application	n is in place.
(5) Cables installed under a raised floor, other than branch-circuit v installed in compliance with 645.5(E)(2) or (E)(3), or in complian	viring, and power cords ar ice with Table 645.10(B).
Table 645.10(B) Cables Installed Under Raised Floors	
Cable Type	Applicable Sections
Branch circuits under raised floors	645.5(E)(1)
Supply cords of listed information technology equipment	645.5(E)(2)(1), 300.22(C
Class 2 and Class 3 remote control, <u>Class 4</u> , and PLTC cables in other spaces used for environmental air (plenums)	722.135(B)
Optical fiber cable in other spaces used for environmental air (plenums)	770.113(C) and Table 770.154(a)
Communications wires and cables, cable routing assemblies, and communications raceways in other spaces used for environmental air (plenums)	800.113(C) and Tables 800.154(a), (b), and (c)
	800 112(C) and Table

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

Class 4 systems were added in the 2023 code and have equivalent or better than fire and life safety requirements as Class 2 circuits. An effort to analyze all the locations of Class 2 in the code to see if Class 4 was also appropriate in the application should have happened for the 2023 code and not doing it was an oversight.

Article 722 covers Class 2, Class 3, Class 4, and PLTC cables and treats them all the same. Therefore, Class 4 should be added to this list.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: Chad JonesOrganization:Cisco SystemsStreet Address:City:

State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Sep 06 10:28:28 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8547-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore this approved wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC was also removed since it is not allowed in a plenum. The NFPA 72 reference date was updated.

Submittal Da Committee:	ite: 7	Thu Aug 24 20:4 NEC-P12	16:36 EDT 2	023			
Submitter Fr Organization Street Addre City: State: Zip:	ıll Name: [ı: [ss:	David Williams Delta Charter To	ownship				
Article 100 of articles shall number shall The Usability Chad Kenner	where refe be permitte precede th Task Grou dy and Da	erenced to proved. References ne part number. up members are vid Williams.	ide the nece to all parts o	ssary conte: an article s	kt. Referenc hall not be p	and specific ermitted. Th	> parts withir e article Dean Hunter
tatement of This Public Ir in order to pr Style Manual	Problem	and Substa	ntiation for behalf of the ut the docum he use of Pa	Public I PNEC Corre nent. The te: arts.	nput lating Comm kt is revised	nittee Usabili to to comply	ity Task Grou with the NE
Info Auc Rec mea	rmational N <i>lio/Video, Ii</i> j <i>uirements</i> , ans and ba	Note: See UL 1 <i>nformation and</i> , for information ckup battery po	78, <i>Unintern</i> Communica on product wer sources	<i>ruptible Pow</i> <i>tion Technol</i> listings for e	er Systems, ogy Equipm ectronic equ	and UL 6236 e <i>nt — Part 1</i> lipment disco	38-1, <i>: Safety</i> onnecting
The disco	nnecting m	neans shall also	disconnect	the battery f	rom its load.		
(2) Powe from	r sources l battery circ	limited to 750 v cuits integral to	olt-amperes electronic ec	or less deriv quipment	ed either fro	m UPS equi	pment or
(1) Insta	llations con	mplying with Art	icle 685, Pa	rts I and II o	Article 685		Structions.
	cuite chall (comply with 644	10 excent	for the follow	/ing installat	ions and con	structions:

645.11 Unir	terruptible Power Supply (UPS).
UPS systems output circuit	s installed within the information technology equipment room and their supply and s shall comply with 645.10, except for the following installations and constructions
(1) Installati	ons complying with <u>Article, 685,</u> Parts I and II- of Article 685
(2) Power s from bat	ources limited to 750 volt-amperes or less derived either from UPS equipment or tery circuits integral to electronic equipment
The disconne	ecting means shall also disconnect the battery from its load.
Informa <i>Audio/</i> <i>Requin</i> means	ational Note: See UL 1778, <i>Uninterruptible Power Systems</i> , and UL 62368-1, Video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment — Part 1: Safety ements, for information on product listings for electronic equipment disconnecting and backup battery power sources.
The references t 4.1.4 which state	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification
The references to 4.1.4 which state comitter Inform	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification
The references to 4.1.4 which state comitter Inform Submitter Full I	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc. /QES
The references to 4.1.4 which state comitter Inform Submitter Full I Organization: Affiliation:	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
The references t 4.1.4 which state omitter Inform Submitter Full I Organization: Affiliation: Street Address:	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
The references to 4.1.4 which state comitter Inform Submitter Full I Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City:	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
The references to 4.1.4 which state comitter Inform Submitter Full I Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City: State:	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
The references to 4.1.4 which state comitter Inform Submitter Full I Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
The references to 4.1.4 which state comitter Inform Submitter Full I Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) Mon Jun 05 08:40:20 EDT 2023
The references to 4.1.4 which state comitter Inform Submitter Full I Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual se es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) Mon Jun 05 08:40:20 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
The references i 4.1.4 which state omitter Inform Submitter Full I Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) Mon Jun 05 08:40:20 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
The references in 4.1.4 which state comitter Inform Submitter Full I Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee State	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) Mon Jun 05 08:40:20 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 sement
The references i 4.1.4 which state omitter Inform Submitter Full I Organization: Affiliation: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee Resolution: <u>FF</u>	to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual sec es, "The article number shall precede the part number." nation Verification Name: Stanley Kaufman CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) Mon Jun 05 08:40:20 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 Pment 8-8549-NFPA 70-2024

645.14 System	Grounding.
Separately deriv II- of Article 250 supply informati part of this equip 250.30.	ved power systems shall be installed in accordance with <u>Article 250</u> , Parts I and . Power systems derived within listed information technology equipment that on technology systems through receptacles or cable assemblies supplied as oment shall not be considered separately derived for the purpose of applying
tatement of Prob	em and Substantiation for Public Input
in order to provide of Style Manual Section 4.1.4 References to Article 100 or where articles shall be per number shall prece The Usability Task of Chad Kennedy and	correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC on 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts. The an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within mitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article de the part number. Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, David Williams.
ubmitter Informat	tion Verification
Submitter Full Nar	ne: David Williams
Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zin:	ne: David Williams Delta Charter Township
Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	ne: David Williams Delta Charter Township Thu Aug 24 20:48:08 EDT 2023
Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	ne: David Williams Delta Charter Township Thu Aug 24 20:48:08 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee Statem	ne: David Williams Delta Charter Township Thu Aug 24 20:48:08 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 ent
Submitter Full Nar Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee: Committee Statem Resolution: FR-85	ne: David Williams Delta Charter Township Thu Aug 24 20:48:08 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 ent 551-NFPA 70-2024

	nput No. 2778-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.15]
645.15	Equipment Grounding and Bonding.
All expos bonded to and VIII o are instal information technology	ed non-current-carrying metal parts of an information technology system shall be o the equipment grounding conductor in accordance with <u>Article 250</u> , Parts I, V, VI, VII, of Article 250 or <u>VIII or</u> shall be double insulated. Where signal reference structures lled, they shall be bonded to the equipment grounding conductor provided for the on technology equipment. Any auxiliary grounding electrode(s) installed for information gy equipment shall be installed in accordance with 250.54.
Info typ	ormational Note: See 250.146(D) and 406.3(E) for information on isolated grounding- e receptacles.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Article 100 o articles shall number shal The Usability Chad Kenne	r where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article I precede the part number. y Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, edy and David Williams.
Submitter F	ull Name: David Williams
Organizatio Street Addro City: State: Zip:	n: Delta Charter Township ess:
Submittal D	ate: Thu Aug 24 20:48:53 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement
Resolution:	FR-8553-NFPA 70-2024

645,15	Equipment Grounding and Bonding.
All expos bonded t and VIII e installed, information technology	ed non-current-carrying metal parts of an information technology system shall be o the equipment grounding conductor in accordance with <u>Article 250</u> . Parts I, V, VI, VII, of Article 250 - or shall be double insulated. Where signal reference structures are they shall be bonded to the equipment grounding conductor provided for the on technology equipment. Any auxiliary grounding electrode(s) installed for information gy equipment shall be installed in accordance with 250.54.
Info	prmational Note: See 250.146(D) and 406.3(E) for information on isolated grounding- e receptacles.
4.1.4 which some submitter Inf	states, "The article number shall precede the part number." ormation Verification
4.1.4 which s Submitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio	states, "The article number shall precede the part number." ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS
4.1.4 which s Submitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Affiliation: Street Addre City:	states, "The article number shall precede the part number." ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) ess:
4.1.4 which s Submitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Affiliation: Street Addro City: State: Zip:	states, "The article number shall precede the part number." ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) ess:
4.1.4 which s Submitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Affiliation: Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee:	states, "The article number shall precede the part number." ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) ess: ate: Mon Jun 05 08:43:19 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
4.1.4 which a Submitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Affiliation: Street Addre City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee St	states, "The article number shall precede the part number." ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) ess: ate: Mon Jun 05 08:43:19 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tatement
4.1.4 which a Submitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Affiliation: Street Addro City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee So Resolution:	states, "The article number shall precede the part number." ormation Verification ull Name: Stanley Kaufman n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS) ess: ate: Mon Jun 05 08:43:19 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tatement FR-8553-NFPA 70-2024

ommittee Stateme	ent
Committee:	NEC-P12
Submittal Date:	Fri Aug 18 11:26:38 EDT 2023
Zip:	
City: State:	
Street Address:	
Submitter Full Nam Organization:	ne: Joseph Prisco IBM Corporation
bmitter Informat	ion Verification
Refurbished IT equi refurbished at an au subassembly (if non continuity) testing. A according to the List product safety conce	pment is certified and labelled according to the original listing mark or certified a ithorized factory. For example, the primary power supply is either replaced as a i-functional) or retested to ensure it passes routine factory (hipot and ground ill other safety critical parts that are replaced and/or added are only those allowe ting report. Therefore, IT equipment refurbishing does not introduce new or uniq erns when done according to the manufacturer's instructions.
word "refurbished," t The original product materials are used. listing. A product sa designation must be	the IT equipment is reconditioned according to the manufacturer's instructions. safety agency labels remain valid when parts that are on the approved bill of These parts are included in the product safety agency report and are part of the fety label is changed only when it is either damaged or a different model identified.
Many IT equipment and economically so	manufacturers offer a resale program for de-installed assets as an environmenta ound alternative to disposal. The resale program is usually part of an end-to-end on that enables a circular economy. Even though some of the programs use the
atement of Proble	em and Substantiation for Public Input
entity. See Article	100, Definitions, for a definition of reconditioned.
Information Note:	Information technology and communications equipment are not subject to Article
Each unit of an in with a manufactu voltage, frequend	nformation technology system supplied by a branch circuit shall be provided arer's nameplate, which shall also include the input power requirements for cy, and maximum rated load in amperes.

Public I	nput No. 2779-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.18]					
645.18	Surge Protection for Critical Operations Data Systems.					
A listed s accordar	surge-protective device (SPD) shall be installed for critical operations data systems in ace with Part II of Article <u>242 , Part II</u> .					
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input					
This Public I in order to p Style Manua 4.1.4 Refere Article 100 c articles shall number shal The Usability Chad Kenne	nput is being submitted on behalf of the NEC Correlating Committee Usability Task Group rovide correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC al Section 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts. Ences to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within I be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article II precede the part number. y Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, edy and David Williams.					
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification					
Submitter F	ull Name: David Williams					
Organizatio	n: Delta Charter Township					
Street Addr City: State:	ess:					
Zip:						
Submittal D	ate: Thu Aug 24 20:49:53 EDT 2023					
Committee:	NEC-P12					
Committee S	Committee Statement					
Resolution:	FR-8554-NFPA 70-2024					
Statement:	Section is revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be referenced before parts.					
Public li	nput No. 938-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.18]					
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645.18	Surge Protection for Critical Operations Data Systems.					
A listed s accordan	A listed surge-protective device (SPD) shall be installed for critical operations data systems in accordance with Part II of Article <u>242</u> , <u>Part II</u> .					
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input					
The referenc 4.1.4 which s	es to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual section states, "The article number shall precede the part number."					
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification					
Submitter F	ull Name: Stanley Kaufman					
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Affiliation:	Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)					
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Submittal D	ate: Mon Jun 05 08:46:05 EDT 2023					
Committee:	NEC-P12					
Committee St	atement					
Resolution:	FR-8554-NFPA 70-2024					
Statement:	Section is revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be referenced before parts.					

FPA	ut No. 2780-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.25]
645.25 Eng	jineering Supervision.
As an altern and IV- of Ar permitted to	ative to the feeder and service load calculations required by <u>Article 220,</u> Parts III ticle 220 , feeder and service load calculations for new or existing loads shall be be used if provided by qualified persons under engineering supervision.
atement of Pr	oblem and Substantiation for Public Input
Style Manual Se 4.1.4 Reference Article 100 or w articles shall be number shall pr The Usability Ta Chad Kennedy	ection 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts. is to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the here referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article ecede the part number. ask Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunte and David Williams. mation Verification
Submitter Full	Name: David Williams
Organization: Street Address City: State:	Delta Charter Township :
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Submittal Date	: Thu Aug 24 20:50:36 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
ommittee Stat	ement
Resolution: Fl	R-8555-NEPA 70-2024
- same and black in the	

Public li	nput No. 939-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.25]					
NFPA						
645.25	Engineering Supervision.					
As an alte and IV- of permitted	In alternative to the feeder and service load calculations required by <u>Article 220,</u> Parts III IV- of Article 220 , feeder and service load calculations for new or existing loads shall be nitted to be used if provided by qualified persons under engineering supervision.					
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input					
The reference 4.1.4 which s	es to other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual section states, "The article number shall precede the part number."					
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification					
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Submittal D	ate: Mon Jun 05 08:48:49 EDT 2023					
Committee:	NEC-P12					
Committee St	atement					
Resolution:	FR-8555-NFPA 70-2024					
Statement:	Section is revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be references before Parts.					

Public Input No. 4037-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 645.27]

645.27 Selective Coordination.

(A) General.

Critical operations data system(s) overcurrent protective devices shall be selectively coordinated with all supply-side overcurrent protective devices.

Selective coordination shall be selected by a licensed professional engineer or other qualified persons engaged primarily in the design, installation, or maintenance of electrical systems. The selection shall be documented and made available to those authorized to design, install, inspect, maintain, and operate the system.

(B) Replacements.

Where critical operations data system(s) OCPDs are replaced, they shall be reevaluated to ensure selective coordination of the critical operations data system(s) is maintained with all supply-side and load-side OCPDs.

(C) Modifications.

If modifications, additions, or deletions to the critical operations data system(s) or the normal system supplying the emergency load(s) occur, selective coordination of the critical operations data system(s) OCPDs with all supply-side and load-side OCPDs shall be reevaluated.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

Selective coordination is vital to ensure the reliability of critical operations data systems (CODS). The NEC has established that it is important that selective coordination be maintained throughout the life of the system in Sections 700.32(B) and (C), 701.32(B) and (C), and 708.54(B) and (C). Selective coordination is achieved and verified based on the specific OCPDs and their ratings and settings and the available fault current at the time of installation. Since selective coordination applies to all supply-side and load-side OCPDs, the OCPDs in the normal system that supply the CODS are included in this evaluation. Therefore, if any OCPD in the CODS system or one of the OCPDs in the normal system supplying the CODS is replaced, it will directly affect whether the system remains selectively coordinated.

Selective coordination should also be reevaluated after the replacement, modification, deletion, or addition of any overcurrent protective devices in the system. Additionally, modifications to supply equipment, including transformers or conductor lengths, may result in changes to the available fault currents throughout the critical operations data system. Therefore, to ensure selective coordination through the life of the system, selective coordination should be re-evaluated after these changes are made.

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Submittal Date:	Wed Sep 06 14:40:30 EDT 2023

Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution: Statement:	FR-8557-NFPA 70-2024 This revision rewords this section to correlate with other sections of the NEC. Two new subparts are added to ensure that selective coordination is maintained when replacement parts are installed or if the system is modified.

645.27 Selectiv Critical operatio	645.27 Selective Coordination. Critical operations data system(s) overcurrent protective devices shall be selectively						
coordinated with fault's duration e	n all supply-side overcurrent protective devices <u>for the period of time that a</u> extends beyond 0 <u>1 second</u> .						
Selective coordi persons engage selection shall b inspect, maintai	nation shall be selected by a licensed professional engineer or other qualified ed primarily in the design, installation, or maintenance of electrical systems. The be documented and made available to those authorized to design, install, n, and operate the system.						
Statement of Prob	lem and Substantiation for Public Input						
In 2012, NFPA 99 t 4.4.2.1.2.1 Selectiv be selectively coord in Article 517.31(G) electrical system sh second." Health care is a crit systems. Submitter Informa	tion Verification						
Submitter Full Nar	ne: Steve Chutka						
Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	Siemens						
Submittal Date: Committee:	Thu Sep 07 16:36:20 EDT 2023 NEC-P12						
Committee Statem	ent						
Resolution: Select health coord	Resolution: Selective coordination is defined in Article 100, the locations in Article 645 are not healthcare locations, the requirement in Section 645.27 is appropriate for the selective coordination.						

Put	lic Input No. 2781-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.3]
64	3.3 Other Articles.
Cir req sha	cuits and equipment shall comply with 646.3(A) through (M) as applicable. Wherever the uirements of other articles of this <i>Code</i> and Article 646 differ, the requirements of Article 64 all apply.
(A)	Spread of Fire or Products of Combustion.
Sec bou	tions 300.21, 770.26, and 800.26 shall apply to penetrations of a fire-resistant room ndary, if provided.
(B)	Wiring and Cabling in Other Spaces Used for Environmental Air (Plenums).
The env	following sections and tables shall apply to wiring and cabling in other spaces used for ironmental air (plenums) within a modular data center space:
(1)	Wiring methods: 300.22(C)(1)
(2)	Class 2, Class 3, and PLTC cables: 722.135(B)
(3)	Fire alarm systems: 760.53(B)(2) and Table 760.154
(4)	Optical fiber cables: 770.113(C) and Table 770.154(a)
(5)	Communications circuits: 800.113(C) and Table 800.154(a)
(6)	CATV and radio distribution systems: 800.113(C) and Table 800.154(a)
	Informational Note: Environmentally controlled working spaces, aisles, and equipment areas in an MDC are not considered a plenum.
(C)	Grounding and Bonding.
The gro cab Arti	non-current-carrying conductive members of optical fiber cables in an MDC shall be unded in accordance with 770.114. Grounding and bonding of communications protectors, le shields, and non-current-carrying metallic members of cable shall comply with Part IV of cle <u>805, Part IV</u> .
(D)	Electrical Classification of Data Circuits.
Sec equ	tion 725.60(A)(4) shall apply to the electrical classification of listed information technology ipment signaling circuits.
(E)	Fire Alarm Equipment.
<u>Arti</u> anc with be i	<u>cle 760,</u> Parts I, II, and III of Article-760 shall <u>shall</u> apply to fire alarm systems, cables, equipment installed in an MDC, where provided. Only fire alarm cables listed in accordance n Part IV of Article <u>760</u> - and <u>, Part IV and</u> listed fire alarm equipment shall be permitted to nstalled in an MDC.
(F) Eq	Cable Routing Assemblies and Communications Wires, Cables, Raceways, and upment.
Sec con 805 Onl ass con in a	tions 800.110, 800.113, and 800.154 shall apply to cable routing assemblies and munications raceways. <u>Article 800 and 805,</u> Parts I, II, III, IV, and V of Articles 800 and shall <u>V shall</u> apply to communications wires, cables, and equipment installed in an MDC y communications wires and cables listed in accordance with 800.179, cable routing emblies and communications raceways listed in accordance with 800.182, and munications equipment listed in accordance with 800.171 shall be permitted to be installe n MDC
	Informational Note: See Article 100 for a definition of communications equipment

(G) Community Antenna Television and Radio Distribution Systems Cables and Equipment.

<u>Article 800 and 820,</u> Parts I, II, III, IV, and V of Articles 800 and 820 shall <u>V shall</u> apply to community antenna television and radio distribution systems equipment installed in an MDC. Only community antenna television and radio distribution cables listed in accordance with 800.179 and listed CATV equipment shall be permitted to be installed in an MDC.

(H) Surge-Protective Devices (SPDs).

Where provided, surge-protective devices shall be listed and labeled and installed in accordance with Part II of Article 242.

(I) Lighting.

Lighting shall be installed in accordance with Parts I through XIV of Article 410.

(J) Power Distribution Wiring and Wiring Protection.

Power distribution wiring and wiring protection within an MDC shall comply with Parts I, II, and III of Article 210 for branch circuits.

(K) Wiring Methods and Materials.

Wiring methods and materials shall comply with the following:

(1) Unless modified elsewhere in this article, wiring methods and materials for power distribution shall comply with Chapter 3. Wiring shall be suitable for its use and installation and shall be listed and labeled.

Exception: This requirement shall not apply to wiring that is part of listed and labeled equipment.

- (2) The following wiring methods shall not be permitted:
 - (3) Integrated gas spacer cable: Type IGS (Article 326)
 - (4) Concealed knob-and-tube wiring (Article 394)
 - (5) Messenger-supported wiring (Article 396)
 - (6) Open wiring on insulators (Article 398)
 - (7) Outdoor overhead conductors over 600 volts (Article 395)
- (8) Wiring in areas under a raised floor that are constructed and used for ventilation as described in 645.5(E) shall be permitted to use the wiring methods described in 645.5(E) if the conditions of 645.4 are met.
- (9) Installation of wiring for remote-control, signaling, and power-limited circuits shall comply with Part II of Article 725.
- (10) Installation of optical fiber cables shall comply with Part V of Article 770.
- (11) Alternate wiring methods as permitted by Article 645 shall be permitted for MDCs, provided that all of the conditions of 645.4 are met.
- (L) Service Equipment.

For an MDC that is designed such that it can be powered from a separate electrical service, the service equipment for control and protection of services and their installation shall comply with Parts I, V, VI, and VII of Article 230. The service equipment and their arrangement and installation shall permit the installation of the service-entrance conductors in accordance with Parts I and IV of Article 230. Service equipment shall be listed and labeled and marked as being suitable for use as service equipment.

(M) Disconnecting Means.

An approved means shall be provided to disconnect power to all electronic equipment in the MDC in accordance with 645.10. There shall also be a similar approved means to disconnect the power to all dedicated HVAC systems serving the MDC that shall cause all required fire/smoke dampers to close.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This Public Input is being submitted on behalf of the NEC Correlating Committee Usability Task Group in order to provide correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC Style Manual Section 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts.

4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number.

The Usability Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, Chad Kennedy and David Williams.

(F) needs to identify which part of Articles 800 and 805 apply.

(G) needs to identify which part of Articles 800 and 820 apply.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: David Williams						
Organization:	Delta Charter Township					
Street Address:						
City:						
State:						
Zip:						
Submittal Date:	Thu Aug 24 20:51:41 EDT 2023					
Committee:	NEC-P12					

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in 90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be references before Parts. Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore the Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment.

646	3.3 Other Articles.
Ciro req sha	cuits and equipment shall comply with 646.3(A) through (M) as applicable. Wherever the uirements of other articles of this <i>Code</i> and Article 646 differ, the requirements of Article 64 and Article 646 differ, the requirements of Article 64 and a sply.
(A)	Spread of Fire or Products of Combustion.
Sec bou	tions 300.21, 770.26, and 800.26 shall apply to penetrations of a fire-resistant room ndary, if provided.
(B)	Wiring and Cabling in Other Spaces Used for Environmental Air (Plenums).
The env	following sections and tables shall apply to wiring and cabling in other spaces used for ironmental air (plenums) within a modular data center space:
(1)	Wiring methods: 300.22(C)(1)
(2)	Class 2, Class 3, and PLTC cables: 722.135(B)
(3)	Fire alarm systems: 760.53(B)(2) and Table 760.154
(4)	Optical fiber cables: 770.113(C) and Table 770.154(a)
(5)	Communications circuits: 800.113(C) and Table 800.154(a)
(6)	CATV and radio distribution systems: 800.113(C) and Table 800.154(a)
	Informational Note: Environmentally controlled working spaces, aisles, and equipment areas in an MDC are not considered a plenum.
(C)	Grounding and Bonding.
The grou cab Artic	non-current-carrying conductive members of optical fiber cables in an MDC shall be unded in accordance with 770.114. Grounding and bonding of communications protectors, le shields, and non-current-carrying metallic members of cable shall comply with Part IV o cle 805.
(D)	Electrical Classification of Data Circuits.
Sec equ	tion 725.60(A)(4) shall apply to the electrical classification of listed information technology ipment signaling circuits.
(E)	Fire Alarm Equipment.
Parl inst Artic	ts I, II, and III of Article 760 shall apply to fire alarm systems, cables, and equipment alled in an MDC, where provided. Only fire alarm cables listed in accordance with Part IV o cle 760 and listed fire alarm equipment shall be permitted to be installed in an MDC.
(F) Equ	Cable Routing Assemblies and Communications Wires, Cables, Raceways, and upment.
Sec com com and	tions 800.110, 800.113, and 800.154 shall apply to cable routing assemblies and munications raceways. Parts I, II, III, IV, and V of Articles 800 and 805 shall apply to munications wires, cables, and equipment installed in an MDC. Only communications wire cables listed in accordance with 800.179, cable routing assemblies and communications

(G) Community Antenna Television and Radio Distribution Systems Cables and Equipment.

Parts I, II, III, IV, and V of Articles 800 and 820 shall apply to community antenna television and radio distribution systems equipment installed in an MDC. Only community antenna television and radio distribution cables listed in accordance with 800.179 and listed CATV equipment shall be permitted to be installed in an MDC.

(H) Surge-Protective Devices (SPDs).

Where provided, surge-protective devices shall be listed and labeled and installed in accordance with $\frac{Part II of}{Part II of}$ Article $\frac{242}{Part II}$.

(I) Lighting.

Lighting shall be installed in accordance with Article 410, Parts I through XIV- of Article 410.

(J) Power Distribution Wiring and Wiring Protection.

Power distribution wiring and wiring protection within an MDC shall comply with <u>Article 210</u>, Parts I, II, and III of Article 210 for <u>III for</u> branch circuits.

(K) Wiring Methods and Materials.

Wiring methods and materials shall comply with the following:

(1) Unless modified elsewhere in this article, wiring methods and materials for power distribution shall comply with Chapter 3. Wiring shall be suitable for its use and installation and shall be listed and labeled.

Exception: This requirement shall not apply to wiring that is part of listed and labeled equipment.

- (2) The following wiring methods shall not be permitted:
 - (3) Integrated gas spacer cable: Type IGS (Article 326)
 - (4) Concealed knob-and-tube wiring (Article 394)
 - (5) Messenger-supported wiring (Article 396)
 - (6) Open wiring on insulators (Article 398)
 - (7) Outdoor overhead conductors over 600 volts (Article 395)
- (8) Wiring in areas under a raised floor that are constructed and used for ventilation as described in 645.5(E) shall be permitted to use the wiring methods described in 645.5(E) if the conditions of 645.4 are met.
- (9) Installation of wiring for remote-control, signaling, and power-limited circuits shall comply with <u>Article 725</u>, Part II- of Article- 725.
- (10) Installation of optical fiber cables shall comply with <u>ARTICLE 770</u>, Part V- of Article 770.
- (11) Alternate wiring methods as permitted by Article 645 shall be permitted for MDCs, provided that all of the conditions of 645.4 are met.
- (L) Service Equipment.

For an MDC that is designed such that it can be powered from a separate electrical service, the service equipment for control and protection of services and their installation shall comply with <u>Article 230</u>. Parts I, V, VI, and VII- of Article- 230. The service equipment and their arrangement and installation shall permit the installation of the service-entrance conductors in accordance with <u>Article 230</u>. Parts I and IV- of Article- 230. Service equipment shall be listed and labeled and marked as being suitable for use as service equipment.

(M) Disconnecting Means.

An approved means shall be provided to disconnect power to all electronic equipment in the MDC in accordance with 645.10. There shall also be a similar approved means to disconnect the power to all dedicated HVAC systems serving the MDC that shall cause all required fire/smoke dampers to close.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This Public Input is being submitted on behalf of the NEC Correlating Committee Usability Task Group in order to provide correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC Style Manual Section 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts.

4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number.

The Usability Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, Chad Kennedy and David Williams.

Submitter Information Verification

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Submittal Date:	Thu Aug 24 20:58:02 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in 90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be references before Parts. Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore the Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment.

646	5.3 Other Articles.
<u>Cir</u> req	<u>cuits and equipment shall comply with 646.3(A) through (M) as applicable. Wherever the uirements of other articles of this Code and</u>
Arl this	icle 646 -differ <u>; article differ , the requirements of</u>
Art this	icle- 646 -shall <u>; article shall_apply.</u>
(A)	Spread of Fire or Products of Combustion.
Sec bou	tions 300.21, 770.26, and 800.26 shall apply to penetrations of a fire-resistant room ndary, if provided.
(B)	Wiring and Cabling in Other Spaces Used for Environmental Air (Plenums).
The env	following sections and tables shall apply to wiring and cabling in other spaces used for ironmental air (plenums) within a modular data center space:
(1)	Wiring methods: 300.22(C)(1)
(2)	Class 2, Class 3, and PLTC cables: 722.135(B)
(3)	Fire alarm systems: 760.53(B)(2) and Table 760.154
(4)	Optical fiber cables: 770.113(C) and Table 770.154(a)
(5)	Communications circuits: 800.113(C) and Table 800.154(a)
(6)	CATV and radio distribution systems: 800.113(C) and Table 800.154(a)
	Informational Note: Environmentally controlled working spaces, aisles, and equipment areas in an MDC are not considered a plenum.
(C)	Grounding and Bonding.
The gro cab Arti	non-current-carrying conductive members of optical fiber cables in an MDC shall be unded in accordance with 770.114. Grounding and bonding of communications protectors le shields, and non-current-carrying metallic members of cable shall comply with Part IV cle 805 <u>, Part IV</u> .
(D)	Electrical Classification of Data Circuits.
Sec equ	tion 725.60(A)(4) shall apply to the electrical classification of listed information technolog ipment signaling circuits.
(E)	Fire Alarm Equipment.
<u>Arti</u> and with be i	<u>cle_760,_Parts I, II, and III</u> - of Article_760_shall_ shall_apply to fire alarm systems, cable equipment installed in an MDC, where provided. Only fire alarm cables listed in accorda Part IV of_ Article 760- and_,Part IV_and_ listed fire alarm equipment shall be permitted nstalled in an MDC.

(F)	Cable Routing Assemblie	s and	l Commu	nications	Wires,	Cables,	Raceways,	and
Εqι	iipment.							

Sections 800.110, 800.113, and 800.154 shall apply to cable routing assemblies and communications raceways. <u>Articles 800 and 805</u>, <u>Parts I, II, III, IV</u>, and <u>V</u> - of Articles 800 and 805 shall , shall apply to communications wires, cables, and equipment installed in an MDC. Only communications wires and cables listed in accordance with 800.179, cable routing assemblies and communications raceways listed in accordance with 800.182, and communications equipment listed in accordance with 800.171 shall be permitted to be installed in an MDC.

Informational Note: See Article 100 for a definition of *communications equipment*.

(G) Community Antenna Television and Radio Distribution Systems Cables and Equipment.

<u>Articles 800 and 820, Parts I, II, III, IV, and V - of Articles 800 and 820 shall, shall</u> apply to community antenna television and radio distribution systems equipment installed in an MDC. Only community antenna television and radio distribution cables listed in accordance with 800.179 and listed CATV equipment shall be permitted to be installed in an MDC.

(H) Surge-Protective Devices (SPDs).

Where provided, surge-protective devices shall be listed and labeled and installed in accordance with Part II of Article 242, Part II.

(I) Lighting.

Lighting shall be installed in accordance with Article <u>410</u>, Parts I through XIV- of Article <u>410</u>.

(J) Power Distribution Wiring and Wiring Protection.

Power distribution wiring and wiring protection within an MDC shall comply with Parts I, II, and III of Article 210 for branch circuits the branch circuit requirements stated elsewhere in this Code.

(K) Wiring Methods and Materials.

Wiring methods and materials shall comply with the following:

(1) Unless modified elsewhere in this article, wiring methods and materials for power distribution shall comply with Chapter 3. Wiring shall be suitable for its use and installation and shall be listed and labeled.

Exception: This requirement shall not apply to wiring that is part of listed and labeled equipment.

- (2) The following wiring methods shall not be permitted:
 - (3) Integrated gas spacer cable: Type IGS (Article 326)
 - (4) Concealed knob-and-tube wiring (Article 394)
 - (5) Messenger-supported wiring (Article 396)
 - (6) Open wiring on insulators (Article 398)
 - (7) Outdoor overhead conductors over 600 volts (Article 395)
- (8) Wiring in areas under a raised floor that are constructed and used for ventilation as described in 645.5(E) shall be permitted to use the wiring methods described in 645.5(E) if the conditions of 645.4 are met.
- (9) Installation of wiring for remote-control, signaling, and power-limited circuits shall comply with Part II of Article 725, Part II.
- (10) Installation of optical fiber cables shall comply with Part V of Article 770, Part V.
- (11) Alternate wiring methods as permitted by Article 645 shall be permitted for MDCs, provided that all of the conditions of 645.4 are met.

(L) Service Equipment.

For an MDC that is designed such that it can be powered from a separate electrical service, the service equipment for control and protection of services and their installation shall comply with <u>Article 230</u>, Parts I, V, VI, and VII- of Article 230. The service equipment and their arrangement and installation shall permit the installation of the service-entrance conductors in accordance with <u>with Article 230</u>, Parts I and IV - of Article 230. Service equipment shall be listed and labeled and marked as being suitable for use as service equipment.

(M) Disconnecting Means.

An approved means shall be provided to disconnect power to all electronic equipment in the MDC in accordance with 645.10. There shall also be a similar approved means to disconnect the power to all dedicated HVAC systems serving the MDC that shall cause all required fire/smoke dampers to close.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

Section 4.1.4 of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of Article 100 or where required for context. Furthermore, it directs these references to appear with the article first, followed by the part where parts are specified. Revisions are proposed for this section to comply with these requirements, though some instances have been left as is "for context", including the references to the articles listed for the prohibited wiring methods, and the references to Chapter 8 articles since per 90.3, those articles stand alone so the pointers to those specific rules appears appropriate in this section.

Submitter Information Verification

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Organization:	The DuPont Company, Inc.
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Submittal Date:	Wed Aug 30 13:43:26 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024

Statement: This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in 90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be references before Parts. Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore the Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment.

Public I	nput No. 3921-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.3(B)]
(B) Wiri	ng and Cabling in Other Spaces Used for Environmental Air (Plenums).
The follow environm	wing sections and tables shall apply to wiring and cabling in other spaces used for ental air (plenums) within a modular data center space:
(1) Wirir	ng methods: 300.22(C)(1)
(2) Clas	s 2, Class 3, <u>Class 4,</u> and PLTC cables: 722.135(B)
(3) Fire	alarm systems: 760.53(B)(2) and Table 760.154
(4) Opti	cal fiber cables: 770.113(C) and Table 770.154(a)
(5) Com	munications circuits: 800.113(C) and Table 800.154(a)
(6) CAT	V and radio distribution systems: 800.113(C) and Table 800.154(a)
Info	ormational Note: Environmentally controlled working spaces, aisles, and equipment as in an MDC are not considered a plenum.
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
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Submittal D	ate: Wed Sep 06 10:30:33 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee S	tatement
Resolution:	<u>FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024</u>
Statement:	This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in 90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires article

comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditioned

Equipment.

Public	Input No. 941-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.3(C)]
NFFA	
(C) Gro	unding and Bonding.
The non grounde cable sh Article <u>8</u>	-current-carrying conductive members of optical fiber cables in an MDC shall be d in accordance with 770.114. Grounding and bonding of communications protectors, ields, and non-current-carrying metallic members of cable shall comply with Part IV of <u>05 , Part III</u> .
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
The referen NEC Style I	ce to Article 805 was corrected, and brought into compliance with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 Manual which states:
4.1.4 Refere Article 100 o articles sha number sha	ences to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within I be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article II precede the part number.
Submitter In	formation Verification
Submitter F	Full Name: Stanley Kaufman
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Committee	NEC-FIZ
Committee S	tatement
Resolution	: <u>FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024</u>
Statement:	This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in 90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be references before Parts. Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore the Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment.

(E) Fire <u>Article 76</u> equipmen	nput No. 942-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.3(E)]	
(E) Fire <u>Article 76</u> equipmen	Alarm Equipment.	
(E) Fire <u>Article 76</u> equipmen	Alarm Equipment.	
<u>Article 76</u> equipmer		
Part IV of in an MD	<u>60,</u> Parts I, II, and III of Article-760 - shall apply to fire alarm systems, cables, and ent installed in an MDC, where provided. Only fire alarm cables listed in accordance with of Article <u>760</u> , <u>Part IV</u> and listed fire alarm equipment shall be permitted to be installed DC.	
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input	
The recomm	nended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:	
4.1.4 Refere Article 100 o articles shall number shal	ences to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within I be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article II precede the part number.	
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Committee:	NEC-P12	
Committee St	tatement	
Resolution:	FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024	

Public I	nput No. 943-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.3(F)]	
(F) Cab Equipme	e Routing Assemblies and Communications Wires, Cables, Raceways, and	
Sections communi <u>Articles 8</u> installed cable rou communi in an MD	Sections 800.110, 800.113, and 800.154 shall apply to cable routing assemblies and communications raceways. <u>Article 800,</u> Parts I, II, III, <u>and</u> IV, and V of Articles 800 and 805 <u>Articles 805, Parts I, II, III and IV</u> , shall apply to communications wires, cables, and equipment installed in an MDC. Only communications wires and cables listed in accordance with 800.179, cable routing assemblies and communications raceways listed in accordance with 800.182, and communications equipment listed in accordance with 800.171 shall be permitted to be installed in an MDC.	
Info	ormational Note: See Article 100 for a definition of <i>communications equipment</i> .	
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input	
The recomm	ended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:	
the necessa parts of an a The article n Submitter Inf	ry context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to a rticle shall not be permitted. umber shall precede the part number.	
Submitter F	ull Name: Stanley Kaufman	
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Submittal D	ate: Mon Jun 05 10:09:26 EDT 2023	
Committee:	NEC-P12	
Committee S	tatement	
Resolution:	FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024	
Statement:	This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in 90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be references before Parts. Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore the Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditione	

Public li	nput No. 944-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.3(G)]
NFPA	
(G) Com	munity Antenna Television and Radio Distribution Systems Cables and Equipment.
<u>Article 80</u> shall app in an MD accordan MDC.	<u>O</u> , Parts I, II, III, <u>and</u> IV, and V of Articles 800 and 820 <u>Article 820</u> , <u>Parts I and V</u> , ly to community antenna television and radio distribution systems equipment installed C. Only community antenna television and radio distribution <u>coaxial</u> cables listed in ce with 800.179 and listed CATV equipment shall be permitted to be installed in an
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
The recomm	ended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:
4.1.4 Refere Article 100 o the necessal parts of an a The article n	nces to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the r where referenced to provide ry context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to a rticle shall not be permitted. umber shall precede the part number.
All CATV cat	oles are coaxial cables, so "coaxial" was added for clarity.
Submittor Inf	ormation Varification
Submitter F	ull Name: Stanley Kaufman
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Committee:	Ale: Moli Juli 05 10.15.23 EDT 2023
Committee St	
Sommillee Si	atement
Resolution:	FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in 90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be references before Parts. Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore the Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial. The section is revised to xxx.4 to

urge-Protective Devices (SPDs). a provided, surge-protective devices shall be listed and labeled and installed in lance with <u>Article 22</u> , Part II- of <u>Article 242</u> . of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input nmended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states: erences to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for th 0 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within nall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article hall precede the part number. nformation Verification
urge-Protective Devices (SPDs). a provided, surge-protective devices shall be listed and labeled and installed in lance with <u>Article 22</u> , Part II- of <u>Article-242</u> . of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input nmended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states: erences to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for th 0 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within 1 all be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article hall precede the part number. nformation Verification
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of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input nmended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states: erences to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for th 0 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within nall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article hall precede the part number.
nmended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states: erences to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for th 0 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within nall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article hall precede the part number.
erences to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for th 0 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within nall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article hall precede the part number.
nformation Verification
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Date: Mon Jun 05 10:16:30 EDT 2023
e: NEC-P12
Statement
on: FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024
It: This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in
90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires article
Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed
because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G)
r ti d d

Public li	וput No. 946-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.3(I)]
(I) Lighti	ng.
Lighting s	hall be installed in accordance with <u>Article 410,</u> Parts I through XIV- of Article 410 .
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
The recomm	ended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:
4.1.4 Refere Article 100 o articles shall number shall	nces to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the r where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article precede the part number.
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Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	<u>FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024</u>
Statement:	This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in 90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires article
	to be references before Parts. Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore the Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditione Equipment.

NFPA	
(J) Powe	er Distribution Wiring and Wiring Protection.
Power dis <u>requirem</u>	stribution wiring and wiring protection within an MDC shall comply with <u>branch circuit</u> <u>ents in Article 210,</u> Parts I, II, and III- of Article 210 for branch circuits .
statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
The recomm	ended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:
4.1.4 Refere Article 100 o articles shall number shal	nces to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the r where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article I precede the part number.
ubmitter Inf	ormation Verification
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Committee.	NEC-F12
ommittee St	tatement
Resolution:	FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in
	90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires article to be references before Parts. Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore the
	Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed
	because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditione Equipment.

Puk	lic Input No. 948-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.3(K)]
(K)	Wiring Methods and Materials.
Wir	ng methods and materials shall comply with the following:
(1)	Unless modified elsewhere in this article, wiring methods and materials for power distribution shall comply with Chapter 3. Wiring shall be suitable for its use and installation and shall be listed and labeled.
	Exception: This requirement shall not apply to wiring that is part of listed and labeled equipment.
(2)	The following wiring methods shall not be permitted:
	(3) Integrated gas spacer cable: Type IGS (Article 326)
	(4) <u>Concealed knob-and-tube wiring (Article 394</u>)
	(5) <u>Messenger-supported wiring (Article 396)</u>
	(6) <u>Open wiring on insulators (Article 398)</u>
	(7) <u>Outdoor overhead conductors over 600 volts (Article 395)</u>
(8)	Wiring in areas under a raised floor that are constructed and used for ventilation as described in 645.5(E) shall be permitted to use the wiring methods described in 645.5(E) if the conditions of 645.4 are met.
(9)	Installation of wiring for remote-control, signaling, and power-limited circuits shall comply with Part II of Article 725 <u>Article 722, Part I, and Article 725, Part I and II</u> .
(10)	Installation of optical fiber cables shall comply with Part V of -Article <u>770 , Part V</u> .
(11)	Alternate wiring methods as permitted by Article 645 shall be permitted for MDCs, provided that all of the conditions of 645.4 are met.
The red 4.1.4 R Article	t of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input commended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states: eferences to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within
articles numbe	shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article r shall precede the part number.
bmitte	r Information Verification
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Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution: Statement:	FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024 This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in 90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be references before Parts. Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore the Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment.

Public li	nput No. 949-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.3(L)]		
(L) Serv	(L) Service Equipment.		
For an Mi service e Parts I, V installatio <u>Article 23</u> marked a	MDC that is designed such that it can be powered from a separate electrical service, the equipment for control and protection of services and their installation shall comply with V, VI, and VII of Article 230. The service equipment and their arrangement and tion shall permit the installation of the service-entrance conductors in accordance with <u>230</u> , Parts I and IV- of Article 230. Service equipment shall be listed and labeled and I as being suitable for use as service equipment.		
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input		
The recomm	ended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:		
4.1.4 Refere Article 100 o articles shall number shall	4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number.		
Submitter Info	ormation Verification		
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Submittal Da	ate: Mon Jun 05 10:36:19 EDT 2023		
Committee:	NEC-P12		
Committee St	atement		
Resolution:	FR-8566-NFPA 70-2024		
Statement:	This revision deletes the second sentence in 646.3 since that statement was already in 90.3 and to comply with 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 of the NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be references before Parts. Article 726 was added to the NEC in 2023, therefore the Class 4 wiring method needed to be added to this section. PLTC cables were removed because PLTC cables are not listed for use in plenums. Coaxial was added to (G) because the only cables used for CATV are coaxial. The section is revised to xxx.4 to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel sections. XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment.		



۸ n	Na Humeplate Bata.
plai app	ermanent nameplate shall be attached to each equipment enclosure of an MDC and shall b nly visible after installation. The nameplate shall include the following information, as plicable:
(1)	Supply voltage, number of phases, frequency, and full-load current. The full-load current shown on the nameplate shall not be less than the sum of the full-load currents required for all motors and other equipment that may be in operation at the same time under normal conditions of use. Where unusual type loads, duty cycles, and so forth, require oversized conductors or permit reduced-size conductors, the required capacity shall be included in the marked full-load current. Where more than one incoming supply circuit is to be provided, the nameplate shall state the preceding information for each circuit. For listed equipment, the full-load current shown on the nameplate shall be permitted to be the maximum, measured, 15-minute, average full-load current.
	Informational Note No. 1: See 430.22(E) and 430.26 for duty cycle requirements.
(2)	For MDCs powered by a separate service, the short-circuit current rating of the service equipment provided as part of the MDC.
	Informational Note No. 2: This rating may be part of the service equipment marking.
(3)	For MDCs powered by a separate service, if the required service as determined by <u>Article</u> <u>220</u> , Parts III and IV of Article 220 is <u>IV is</u> less than the rating of the service panel used, the required service shall be included on the nameplate. As an alternative to the feeder an service load calculations required by <u>Article 220</u> , Parts III and IV- of Article 220 , feeder and service load calculations for new, future, or existing loads shall be permitted to be use if performed by qualified persons under engineering supervision.
	Informational Note No. 3: Branch circuits supplying ITE loads are assumed to be loaded not less than 80 percent of the branch-circuit rating with a 100 percent duty cycle.
(4)	Electrical diagram number(s) or the number of the index to the electrical drawings.
(5)	For MDC equipment enclosures that are not powered by a separate service, feeder, or branch circuit, a reference to the powering equipment.
(6)	Manufacturer's name or trademark.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name: David Williams

n: Delta Charter Township ess:
ate: Thu Aug 24 21:01:57 EDT 2023
NEC-P12
atement
FR-8574-NFPA 70-2024
Section is revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be referenced before parts.

	6.5 Nameplate Data.	
A p pla app	ermanent nameplate shall be attac inly visible after installation. The na plicable:	ched to each equipment enclosure of an MDC and shall be ameplate shall include the following information, as
(1)	Supply voltage, number of phase shown on the nameplate shall no all motors and other equipment th conditions of use. Where unusua conductors or permit reduced-siz the marked full-load current. Whe provided, the nameplate shall sta equipment, the full-load current s maximum, measured, 15-minute,	s, frequency, and full-load current. The full-load current t be less than the sum of the full-load currents required for nat may be in operation at the same time under normal I type loads, duty cycles, and so forth, require oversized e conductors, the required capacity shall be included in are more than one incoming supply circuit is to be te the preceding information for each circuit. For listed hown on the nameplate shall be permitted to be the average full-load current.
	Informational Note No. 1: S	ee 430.22(E) and 430.26 for duty cycle requirements.
(2)	For MDCs powered by a separat equipment provided as part of the	e service, the short-circuit current rating of the service MDC.
	Informational Note No. 2: T	his rating may be part of the service equipment marking.
(3)	For MDCs powered by a separat <u>220</u> , Parts III and IV of Article 22 required service shall be included service load calculations required and service load calculations for if performed by qualified persons	e service, if the required service as determined by <u>Article</u> 20 - is less than the rating of the service panel used, the d on the nameplate. As an alternative to the feeder and d by <u>Article 220</u> , Parts III and IV- of Article 220 , feeder new, future, or existing loads shall be permitted to be used under engineering supervision.
	Informational Note No. 3: E loaded not less than 80 per cycle.	ranch circuits supplying ITE loads are assumed to be cent of the branch-circuit rating with a 100 percent duty
(4)	Electrical diagram number(s) or t	he number of the index to the electrical drawings.
(5)	For MDC equipment enclosures to branch circuit, a reference to the	hat are not powered by a separate service, feeder, or powering equipment.
(6)	Manufacturer's name or tradema	rk.
teme	nt of Problem and Substan	tiation for Public Input
i ne re	commended text complies with Se	ction 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:
4.1.4 F Article articles numbe	References to an Entire Article. Ref 100 or where referenced to provid s shall be permitted. References to er shall precede the part number.	Terences shall not be made to an entire article, except for t e the necessary context. References to specific parts with all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article
	or Information Varification	

Street Addro City: State: Zip:	ess:
Submittal D	ate: Mon Jun 05 10:38:35 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee S	atement
Resolution:	<u>FR-8574-NFPA 70-2024</u>
Statement:	Section is revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be referenced before parts.

Public Input N	o. 2806-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.9]
646.9 Flexible P	ower Cords and Cables for Connecting Equipment Enclosures of an MDC
(A) Uses Permit	ted.
Flexible power co equipment enclos power cords or ca used outdoors, fle and shall be sunli	ords and cables shall be permitted to be used for connections between sures of an MDC system where not subject to physical damage. <u>Where flexible</u> <u>ables are used, they shall be listed as suitable for extra-hard usage. Where</u> <u>exible power cords and cables shall also be listed as suitable for wet locations</u> <u>ight resistant.</u>
Information equipment servers and	al Note: One example of flexible power cord usage for connections between enclosures of an MDC system is between an MDC enclosure containing only d one containing power distribution equipment.
(B) Uses Not Pe	rmitted.
Flexible power co	ords and cables shall not be used for connection to external sources of power.
Information feeders, an	al Note: Examples of external sources of power are electrical services, d premises branch circuits.
(D)	
(C) Listing.	
Where flexible po usage. Where us wet locations and Single Conduct	wer cords or cables are used, they shall be listed as suitable for extra-hard ed outdoors, flexible power cords and cables shall also be listed as suitable for I shall be sunlight resistant.
Single conductor	nower cable shall be permitted to be used only in sizes 2 AWG or larger
The (C) language wa necessary, as it woul	as deleted and relocated to the (A) text. A separate (C) for "Listing" is not donly apply if permitted in (A).
Submitter Full Nem	
Organization: Street Address:	Minnesota Department of Labor
City: State:	
City: State: Zip:	
City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	Fri Aug 25 13:12:15 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	Fri Aug 25 13:12:15 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 nt

Statement: This revision relocated (C) into (A). A separate section is not needed as it would only apply if permitted in subpart A.

Public In	put No. 2785-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.10]
646.10 E	ectrical Supply and Distribution.
Equipment luminaires Article 110	t used for electrical supply and distribution in an MDC, including fittings, devices, , apparatus, machinery, and the like, shall comply with <u>Article 110,</u> Parts I and II- of } .
Statement of F	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
In order to pro Style Manual 4.1.4 Referen Article 100 or articles shall k number shall The Usability Chad Kenned	Vide correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC Section 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts. ces to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article precede the part number. Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, y and David Williams.
Submitter Info	
Submitter Fu	II Name: David Williams
Stroot Addros	
City:)3.
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Da	te: Thu Aug 24 21:03:27 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Sta	atement
Resolution:	<u>FK-00/9-NFFA/U-2U24</u>

Public Input No. 2786-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.11]

646.11 Distribution Transformers.

(A) Utility-Owned Transformers.

Utility-owned distribution transformers shall not be permitted in an MDC.

(B) Non-Utility-Owned Premises Transformers.

Non-utility-owned premises distribution transformers installed in the vicinity of an MDC shall be of the dry type or the type filled with a noncombustible dielectric medium. Such transformers shall be installed in accordance with <u>Article 450</u>. Parts I and II- of Article 450. Non-utility-owned premises distribution transformers shall not be permitted in an MDC.

(C) Power Transformers.

Power transformers that supply power only to the MDC shall be permitted to be installed in the MDC equipment enclosure. Only dry-type transformers shall be permitted to be installed in the MDC equipment enclosure. Such transformers shall be installed in accordance with <u>Article 450</u>, Parts I, II, and III- of Article 450.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

This Public Input is being submitted on behalf of the NEC Correlating Committee Usability Task Group in order to provide correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC Style Manual Section 4.1.4, regarding the use of Parts.

4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number.

The Usability Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, Chad Kennedy and David Williams.

Submitter Information Verification

Submitter Full Name	: David Williams
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Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Thu Aug 24 21:04:23 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12

Committee Statement

Resolution: <u>FR-8581-NFPA 70-2024</u>

Statement: Section is revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be referenced before parts.

Public In	put No. 951-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.11(B)]					
(B) Non-l	(B) Non-Utility-Owned Premises Transformers.					
Non-utility of the dry shall be in premises o	Non-utility-owned premises distribution transformers installed in the vicinity of an MDC shall be of the dry type or the type filled with a noncombustible dielectric medium. Such transformers shall be installed in accordance with <u>Artice 450</u> . Parts I and II- of Article- 450 . Non-utility-owned premises distribution transformers shall not be permitted in an MDC.					
Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input						
The recomme	The recommended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:					
4.1.4 Referen Article 100 or articles shall t number shall	4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number.					
Submitter Info	Submitter Information Verification					
Submitter Fu	II Name: Stanley Kaufman					
Organization	: CableSafe, Inc./OFS					
Affiliation:	Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)					
Street Addres	SS:					
City:						
State:						
ZIP: Submittal Da	to: Mon Jun 05 10:42:20 EDT 2023					
Committee:	NEC-P12					
Committee Sta	Committee Statement					
Resolution:	FR-8581-NFPA 70-2024					
Statement:	Section is revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be referenced before parts.					
Public I	nput No. 3271-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.11(C)]					
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(C) Pow	er Transformers.					
Power tra MDC equ MDC equ <u>Parts I</u> ,	ansformers that supply power only to the MDC shall be permitted to be installed in the ipment enclosure. Only dry-type transformers shall be permitted to be installed in the ipment enclosure. Such transformers shall be installed in accordance with <u>Article_450</u> , II, and III of Article_450 and II.					
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input					
Section 4.1.4 Article 100 of the entire and requirement the reference compliance	A of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of r where required for context. Referencing all parts of an article is essentially referencing icle. When looking at Article 450, we see that Part III is really not relevant to this as it is the Transformer Vaults part of the article. As such, it is suggested that we delete to Part III. Additionally, I've moved the parts referenced to follow the Article number, in with this section of the Style Manual.					
	ormation verification					
Submitter F	ull Name: Richard Holub					
Organizatio	n: The DuPont Company, Inc.					
Street Addre	ess:					
City:						
State:						
Submittal D	ate: Thu Aug 31 08:05:55 EDT 2023					
Committee:	NEC-P12					
Committee St	atement					
Resolution:	FR-8582-NFPA 70-2024					
Statement:	Section is revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be referenced before parts.					

Public Input No. 952-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 646.11(C)]	
(C) Power Transformers.	
Power transformers that supply power only to the MDC shall be permitted to be installed in the MDC equipment enclosure. Only dry-type transformers shall be permitted to be installed in the MDC equipment enclosure. Such transformers shall be installed in accordance with <u>Article 450</u> , Parts I, II, and III- of Article- 450.	
Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input	
The recommended text complies with Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which states:	
4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number. Submitter Information Verification	;
Submitter Full Name: Stanley Kaufman	
Affiliation: Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)	
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Submittal Date: Mon Jun 05 10:44:55 EDT 2023	
Committee. NEC-F12	
Committee Statement	
Resolution: <u>FR-8582-NFPA 70-2024</u>	
Statement: Section is revised to comply with 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual which requires articles to be referenced before parts.	

Public In	put No. 2788-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 650.3]
650.3 Ot	ner Articles.
Installatio Wherever 650 diffe r	ns of circuits and equipment shall comply with 650.3(A) and (B) as applicable. the requirements of other articles in Chapters 1 through 7 of this <i>Code</i> and Article <u>it</u> is article differ , the requirements of Article 650 shall this article shall apply.
(A) Elect	ronic Organ Equipment.
Installation signal pro organ sha	ns of digital/analog–sampled sound production technology and associated audio cessing, amplification, reproduction equipment, and wiring installed as part of a pipe Il be in accordance with Article 640.
(B) Optic	al Fiber Cable.
Installation Article 77	ns of optical fiber cables shall be in accordance with <u>Article 770,</u> Parts I and V- of $ heta$.
Article 100 or articles shall number shall The Usability Chad Kenned The reference Submitter Info Submitter Fu Organization	 where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article precede the part number. Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, ly and David Williams. to Article 640 needs to include which part or part of the article apply.
Street Addre City: State: Zip:	ss:
Submittal Da Committee:	te: Thu Aug 24 21:06:37 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8716-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	These changes will bring this article into compliance with the NEC Style Manual 4.1.4 which prohibits referencing an entire article. The section was renumbered to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel construction. Section XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment.

NFPA
(A) Electronic Organ Equipment.
Installations of digital/analog–sampled sound production technology and associated audio signal processing, amplification, reproduction equipment, and wiring installed as part of a pipe organ shall be in accordance with Article 640, Parts I and II.
Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Section 4.1.4 of the 2023 NEC Style Manual states:
4.1.4 References to an Entire Article. References shall not be made to an entire article, except for the Article 100 or where referenced to provide the necessary context. References to specific parts within articles shall be permitted. References to all parts of an article shall not be permitted. The article number shall precede the part number.
The applicable parts of Article 640, Audio Signal Processing, Amplification, and Reproduction Equipment, are Part I, General and Part II, Permanent Audio System Installations.
Submitter Information Verification
Submitter Full Name: Stanley Kaufman
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Affiliation: CMP 12 NEC Style Manual Compliance
Street Address:
City:
Submittal Date: Mon Jun 05 04:06:10 EDT 2023
Committee: NEC-P12
Committee Statement
Resolution: FR-8716-NFPA 70-2024
Statement: These changes will bring this article into compliance with the NEC Style Manual 4.1.4 which prohibits referencing an entire article. The section was renumbered to comply wit the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel construction. Section XXX.3 is for Reconditione Equipment.

_	
Public Input	No. 927-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 650.3(B)]
(B) Optical Fib	er Cable.
Installations of a Article 770.	optical fiber cables shall be in accordance with <u>Article 770,</u> Parts I and V- of
Statement of Prob	lem and Substantiation for Public Input
The references to a 4.1.4 which states,	other Articles have been revised to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual section "The article number shall precede the part number."
Submitter Informa	tion Verification
Submitter Full Na	me: Stanley Kaufman
Organization:	CableSafe, Inc./OFS
Affiliation:	CMP 12 NEC Style Manual Compliance
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Mon Jun 05 03:56:52 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee Statem	ent
Resolution: FR-8	716-NFPA 70-2024
Statement: These which the 20 Equip	e changes will bring this article into compliance with the NEC Style Manual 4.1.4 a prohibits referencing an entire article. The section was renumbered to comply with D23 NEC Style Manual for parallel construction. Section XXX.3 is for Reconditioned oment.

Public In NFPA Sections]]	ιput No. 3272-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 650.3 [Excluding any Sub-
lu stallatia	
Wherever 650 - <u>this</u>	ns of circuits and equipment shall comply with 650.3(A) and (B) as applicable. • the requirements of other articles in Chapters 1 through 7 of this <i>Code</i> and Article <u>article</u> differ, the requirements of Article 650 shall <u>htis article shall</u> apply.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Section 4.1.4 Article 100 o that changing Manual. The	of the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of where required for context. In terms of the charging text of this article, it is suggested g the reference to Article 650 to "this article" will satisfy the requirement in the Style reference in (A) to Article 640 is proposed to stay as is "for context".
Submitter Info	ormation Verification
Submitter F	JII Name: Richard Holub
Organizatio	1: The DuPont Company, Inc.
Street Addre	ISS:
City:	
State:	
ZIP: Submittel D	Thu Aug 21 09:11:26 EDT 2022
Committee:	NEC P12
Committee.	NEC-FIZ
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8716-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	These changes will bring this article into compliance with the NEC Style Manual 4.1.4 which prohibits referencing an entire article. The section was renumbered to comply with the 2023 NEC Style Manual for parallel construction. Section XXX.3 is for Reconditioned Equipment.



Public Input N	o. 928-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 650.6(D)]
(D) Cable Cove	ring.
Each cable shall subassemblies o not installed in m each cable subas	be provided with an outer covering, either overall or on each of any f grouped conductors. Tape shall be permitted in place of a covering. Where etal raceway, the covering shall be resistant to flame spread, or the cable or ssembly shall be covered with a closely wound listed fireproof tape.
Information method of 6 FV-2/VW-1	al Note: See UL 2556 -2015 , <i>Wire, Cables and Cable Test Methods</i> , for one determining that cable is resistant to flame spread by testing the cable to the Test.
The edition date for 2023 NEC states "U the latest edition of t Submitter Informati Submitter Full Nam	the UL standard has been deleted because it is not needed. Section 90.5(C) in the nless the standard reference includes a date, the reference is to be considered as he standard." Fon Verification e: Stanley Kaufman
Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	CableSafe, Inc./OFS
Submittal Date: Committee:	Mon Jun 05 04:00:38 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Committee Stateme	ent
Resolution: The 20 referer	23 NFPA Style Manual requires inclusion of the edition date when a standard is need.

(€) - Over 100)0 Volts, Nominal.
Circuits and equipment operated at more than 1000 volts, nominal, shall comply with Article 490.	
atement of Pro	blem and Substantiation for Public Input
Article 490 does	not exist in the 2023 NEC.
bmitter Inform	ation Verification
Submitter Full N	ame: Stanley Kaufman
Organization:	CableSafe, Inc./OFS
Affiliation:	Plastics Industry Association (PLASTICS)
Street Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Date:	Wed Aug 02 02:07:27 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
ommittee State	nent
Resolution: FR-	8747-NFPA 70-2024
Statement: Rec	uirements in 660.4(C) were deleted because the requirements are redundant
Arti	the 495 Chapter 1 through 4 general requirements apply This is in reference t

(C) Over 1000) Volts, Nominal.
Circuits and ec 490 <u>495</u> .	uipment operated at more than 1000 volts, nominal, shall comply with Article
tatement of Prot	blem and Substantiation for Public Input
It is proposed to le this language to co Article 495. This i have been correct	eave the reference here to an entire article "for context" and not attempt to change omply with Section 4.1.4 of the Style Manual, other than to correct the reference to nformation was moved from 490 to 495 in the 2023 Edition and this reference shou ed for correlation.
ubmitter Informa	ation Verification
Submitter Full Na	ame: Richard Holub
Submitter Full Na Organization:	ame: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc.
Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address:	ame: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc.
Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: Stato:	ame: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc.
Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip:	ame: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc.
Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date:	me: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc. Thu Aug 31 08:15:25 EDT 2023
Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	Thu Aug 31 08:15:25 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee:	me: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc. Thu Aug 31 08:15:25 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee: ommittee Statem	The DuPont Company, Inc. Thu Aug 31 08:15:25 EDT 2023 NEC-P12
Submitter Full Na Organization: Street Address: City: State: Zip: Submittal Date: Committee: ommittee Statem Resolution: FR-8 Statement: Reco	ame: Richard Holub The DuPont Company, Inc. Thu Aug 31 08:15:25 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 nent 3747-NFPA 70-2024 uirements in 660 4(C) were deleted because the requirements are redundant to

Public li	nput No. 3415-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 660.4(C)]
	r 1000 Volta Naminal
Circuits a 490 <u>495</u> .	nd equipment operated at more than 1000 volts, nominal, shall comply with Article
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
Article 490 w	as renumbered to 495. This edit is to correct the Article number.
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification
Submitter F	ull Name: Mathher Abbassi
Organizatio	n: Abbassi Electric Corp.
City:	ess:
State:	
Zip:	
Submittal D	ate: Sat Sep 02 18:05:29 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8747-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	Requirements in 660.4(C) were deleted because the requirements are redundant to Article 495. Chapter 1 through 4 general requirements apply. This is in reference to the Global Public Input 2427.

Public Ir	nput No. 2614-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 660.10]
<u>660.</u> 10 –	<u>3 Reconditioned Equipment - Installations .</u>
All equipn to and rei	nent for new X-ray installations and all used or reconditioned X-ray equipment moved nstalled at a new location shall be of an approved type.
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input
in order to pr Style Manual 2.2.1 Parallel section numb to Articles 90 requirements Required Par XXX.1 Scope XXX.2 Listing XXX.3 Recor XXX.3(A) Pe XXX.3(B) No The Usability Chad Kenner	ovide correlation throughout the document. The text is revised to to comply with the NEC I Section 2.2.1 regarding reconditioned equipment. I Numbering Required. Technical committees shall use the following bers for the same purposes within articles. This requirement shall not apply 0, 100, and 110. If the article does not contain listing or reconditioning s, the subdivisions shall not be included in the article. rallel Numbering Format e. g Requirements. nditioned Equipment. rmitted to be Installed. t Permitted to be Installed. t Permitted to be Installed. t Task Group members are: Derrick Atkins, David Hittinger, Richard Holub, Dean Hunter, dy and David Williams.
Submitter F	ull Name: David Williams
Organization	n: Delta Charter Township
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State:	
Zip:	
Submittal Da	ate: Wed Aug 23 20:16:23 EDT 2023
Committee:	NEC-P12
Committee St	atement
Resolution:	FR-8752-NFPA 70-2024
Statement:	Section 660.10 was moved to section 660.3 in accordance with the 2023 NEC style manual 2.2.1. The title was changed to reconditioned equipment to clarify the intent of the section. Approved is an action taken by the AHJ, permitted is a term that describes what is allowed.

Public I	nput No. 1781-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 660.35]	
660.35 -	General.	
with Artic	les 450 and 460 -	
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input	
660.35 is red states:	dundant. It should be dleted to comply with section 4.1.1 of the NEC Style Manual which	
General required document.	uirements contained in Chapters 1 through 4 shall not be repeated in other articles of the	
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification	
Submitter F	ull Name: Stanley Kaufman	
Organizatio	n: CableSafe, Inc./OFS	
Street Addr		
City:		
State:		
Zıp: Submittal D	ate: Wed Aug 02 02:16:04 EDT 2023	
Committee:	NEC-P12	
Committee S	Committee Statement	
Resolution:	The requirements in this section are not redundant as they prescribe that transformers and capacitors need not comply with 450 and 460 therefore amending the general rule to comply with chapters 1-4.	

Public Inp	out No. 3275-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 668.15]			
668.15 Gro	ounding.			
For equipme accordance system shal electrode or	ent, apparatus, and structural components that are required to be grounded in with Article 668 this article, Article 250, Part III, for a local grounding electrode II apply, except a water pipe electrode shall not be required to be used. Any combination of electrodes described in 250.52 shall be permitted.			
Statement of Pr	Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input			
Section 4.1.4 o Article 100 or w address the Sty	f the NEC(r) Style Manual prohibits referencing an entire article with the exception of where required for context. In the case of this text, a simple revision to "this article" will whet will will a state of the requirement.			
Submitter Infor	mation Verification			
Submitter Full	Name: Richard Holub			
Organization:	The DuPont Company, Inc.			
Street Address	5:			
City:				
State:				
ZIP:	Thu Aug 21 08:45:20 EDT 2022			
Committee:	Submittal Date: Thu Aug 31 08:45:30 EDT 2023			
Committee Stat	tement			
Resolution: <u>F</u>	R-8756-NFPA 70-2024			
Statement: T M	his revision changes the reference to article 668 to 'this article' to comply NEC Style lanual 4.1.4 which prohibits the reference to an entire article.			

670.1 Scope		
This article covers the nameplate data for, overvoltage protection for, and the size and overcurrent protection of supply conductors to industrial machinery. <u>Industrial</u> <u>Machinery</u> includes robotic equipment, automated mobile platforms (AMPs), autonomous mobile robots (AMRs) and industrial mobile robots (IMRs).		
Informational Note No. 1: See NFPA 79, <i>Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery</i> , for further information.		
Informa	tional Note No. 2: See 110.26 for information on the workspace requirements for ent containing supply conductor terminals.	
equipme	Informational Note No. 3: See NFPA 79, <i>Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery</i> , for information on the workspace requirements for machine power and control equipment	
equipmo Information information ement of Pro n order to clarify o indicate those nachinery. Integr hus the requirem	tional Note No. 3: See NFPA 79, <i>Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery</i> , for tion on the workspace requirements for machine power and control equipment. blem and Substantiation for Public Input that Article 670 applies to robotic equipment, in various forms, the scope was re products that may not be automatically included when considering industrial ation of these robotic products may have implications in the final use environme ients in Article 670 should be considered, and this change clarifies that relations	
equipme Informa informat ement of Pro n order to clarify o indicate those nachinery. Integr hus the requirem mitter Inform	tional Note No. 3: See NFPA 79, <i>Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery</i> , for tion on the workspace requirements for machine power and control equipment. blem and Substantiation for Public Input that Article 670 applies to robotic equipment, in various forms, the scope was re products that may not be automatically included when considering industrial ation of these robotic products may have implications in the final use environme tents in Article 670 should be considered, and this change clarifies that relations ation Verification	
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670.1 S	cope.			
This artic	This article covers the nameplate data for, overvoltage <u>surge</u> protection for, and the size ar overcurrent protection of supply conductors to industrial machinery.			
Info furt	Informational Note No. 1: See NFPA 79, <i>Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery</i> , for further information.			
Info	ormational Note No. 2: See 110.26 for information on the workspace requirements for upment containing supply conductor terminals.			
Info	Informational Note No. 3: See NFPA 79, <i>Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery</i> , for information on the workspace requirements for machine power and control equipment.			
of all other s 215.18, 225. There is a co Ibmitter Inf	ections of the code covering surge protection. This includes but is not limited to sectio 42, 230.67, 409.70, 501.35, 502.35, 620.51(E), 645.18, 695.15, 700.8, and 708.20(D) prrelating input for 670.6.			
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of all other s 215.18, 225. There is a co Ibmitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addro City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee:	ate: Sat Sep 02 20:41:22 EDT 2023 NEC-P12			
of all other s 215.18, 225. There is a co Ibmitter Inf Submitter F Organizatio Street Addro City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee S	ate: Sat Sep 02 20:41:22 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tatement			
of all other s 215.18, 225. There is a co bmitter Inf Submitter Inf Organizatio Street Addro City: State: Zip: Submittal D Committee Si Mesolution	ate: Sat Sep 02 20:41:22 EDT 2023 NEC-P12 tatement			

Public Inpu	t No. 1392-NFPA 70-2023 [New Section after 670.3(A)]			
TITLE OF NE	W CONTENT			
<u>Type your cor</u>	itent here			
Industrial Equ materials and	ipment is to be listed and/or evaluated by an independent third party for safety in construction			
Statement of Pro	blem and Substantiation for Public Input			
Safety of the equ in approval of ins	ipment can be assured in an industrial facility without examination by the AHJ and aid tallations			
Submitter Inform	ation Verification			
Submitter Full N	ame: Adam Pluer			
Organization:	City of Wauwatosa			
Street Address:				
City:				
State:				
Zip:				
Submittal Date:	Submittal Date: Wed Jul 12 16:27:33 EDT 2023			
Committee:	NEC-P12			
Committee State	ment			
Resolution: The indu made Sta	ere is insufficient substantiation or existence of product standards to require listing of ustrial machinery. Additionally, the scope of Article 670 does not cover the industrial chinery itself. This listing requirement would be better served in NFPA 79, Electrical ndard for Industrial Machinery.			

	nput No. 2206-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 670.5(B)]				
NFPA					
(B) Ava	ilable Short-Circuit Current Fault Current Field Marking.				
Industrial marking(sufficient	I machinery shall be legibly marked in the field with the available fault current. The field s) shall include the date the available fault current calculation was performed and be of durability to withstand the environment involved.				
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input				
In the 2020 the title to us	NEC, the term short circuit current was changed to fault current. This public input corrects se the correct term "available fault current".				
Submitter Inf	ormation Verification				
Submitter F	ull Name: Daniel Neeser				
Organizatio	n: Eatons Bussmann Division				
Street Addr	ess:				
State:					
Zip:					
Submittal D	ate: Mon Aug 14 15:29:53 EDT 2023				
Committee:	Committee: NEC-P12				
Committee S	tatement				
Resolution:	FR-8773-NFPA 70-2024				
Statement:	This revision changes the title to 'fault current' to align with the rule more closely in section 670.5(B). The revision removed a redundant requirement and points the user to article 110.				

Public Inp	ut No. 2162-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 670.6]				
NFPA					
670.6 Over	voltage <u>Surge</u> Protection.				
Industrial ma	Industrial machinery with safety circuits shall have overvoltage surge protection.				
Statement of Pr	Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input				
All surge protect devices are surge the market: Pha voltage (ANSI 5 protection and r required.	tive devices are over voltage protection devices but not all over voltage protective ge protective devices. The following types of over voltage protective devices exist on ase Overvoltage (ANSI 59P), Neutral over voltage (ANSI 59N), negative-sequence over 9-2), Surge Protective Devices. The requirements of this section pertains only to surge not other types of over voltage protection. This change adds clarity as to what is				
Submitter Inform	mation Verification				
Submitter Full	Name: Thomas Domitrovich				
Organization:	Eaton Corporation				
Street Address	:				
City:					
State:					
Zip:					
Submittal Date	: Mon Aug 14 10:19:24 EDT 2023				
Committee:	NEC-P12				
Committee State	ement				
Resolution: F	R-8777-NFPA 70-2024				
Statement: Th titl	nis revisions changes 'overvoltage protection' to 'surge protection' to keep this rule and e consistent with all other sections of the code covering surge protection.				

Public II	nput No. 3430-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 670.6]		
670.6 🕀	vervoltage <u>Surge</u> Protection.		
Industrial	Industrial machinery with safety circuits shall have overvoltage surge protection.		
Statement of	Problem and Substantiation for Public Input		
This public ir of all other so 215.18, 225. There is a co	put replaces the term "overvoltage" with "surge" to keep this rule consistent with the title ections of the code covering surge protection. This includes but is not limited to sections 42, 230.67, 409.70, 501.35, 502.35, 620.51(E), 645.18, 695.15, 700.8, and 708.20(D). prelating input for 670.6.		
Submitter Info	ormation Verification		
Submitter F	ull Name: Megan Hayes		
Organization	n: NEMA		
City:			
State:			
Zip:			
Submittal Da	ate: Sat Sep 02 20:43:16 EDT 2023		
Committee:	NEC-P12		
Committee St	atement		
Resolution:	FR-8777-NFPA 70-2024		
Statement:	This revisions changes 'overvoltage protection' to 'surge protection' to keep this rule and title consistent with all other sections of the code covering surge protection.		



Committee Statement

Resolution: This proposed revision would prevent an EV owner from using a portable charger with their vehicle.

Public Input N	lo. 1753-NF	PA 70-2023 [Part II.]			
Part II. Equipm	Part II. Equipment Construction				
Statement of Proble	em and Sub	estantiation for Public Input			
We agree with NEM unnecessary and du reference to the pro- lf our PI re 625.1 (Pl would argue that it is NEC when they are manual 3.2.1. The N NEC Style Manual 3 testing and listing in	A in their Public plication of the duct standards -1752 and 175 s unenforceable already in proc NEC Correlatin 2.5.4, product accordance with the standard	c Input that the entire Part II related to Equipment Construction is e requirement in 625.6 for EVPTSE to be listed, and appropriate in Annex A Table A.1(a) per NEC Style Manual 4.2.1, and 4.2.2.x.x. (4) is accepted then it is unnecessary to have Part II. Further, we e to have cord, and Personnel Protection System, criteria in the duct standards for listed equipment, thus in violation of NEC Style g Committee adopted the 2023 NEC Style Manual in Apr 2023. Per t testing should be left to a "Qualified Electrical Testing Laboratory" ith the referenced product standard in Table A.1(a).			
Related Public Inpu	its for This	Document			
Related Public Input No. 17 70-2023 [Section N	<u>4 Input</u> 54-NFPA	Relationship This requires listed product, in accordance with Table A.1(a) and any discrepancy with those standards would be a conflict			
Public Input No. 17 70-2023 [Section No.	70-2023 [Section No. 625.6]and any discrepancy with those standards would be a conflict.Public Input No. 1752-NFPA 70-2023 [Section No. 625.1]The product standards listed as Informational Notes list some but not all the product standards that will be duplicated by this Part.				
Submitter Informat	ion Verificat	tion			
Submitter Full Nam	e: Kevin Cheo	ng			
Organization:	Chargepoin	t Canada Inc.			
Affiliation: Street Address: City: State:	ChargePoin	it Inc.			
Zip:					
Submittal Date:	Mon Jul 31	19:12:22 EDT 2023			
Committee:	NEC-P12				
Committee Stateme	ent				
Resolution: There standa	is important inf rd requirement	formation included in Part II that is necessary to guide product ts and provide guidance to the user.			