



## First Revision No. 6546-NFPA 101-2024 [ Detail ]

Add new section:

**10.7.7 Ventilation.**  
The provisions in Section 10.7 shall not exempt modular rooms and sleep pods from any applicable ventilation requirements.

Detail FR-6546

## Submitter Information Verification

**Committee:** SAF-INT

**Submittal Date:** Thu Jul 11 11:23:12 EDT 2024

## Committee Statement

**Committee Statement:** Within the committee statement provided in PI 359 a study was referenced which addresses concerning levels of CO<sub>2</sub> within sleep pods and modular rooms. Proper ventilation needs to be maintained. The Correlating Committee should address the broad concept of where requirements for sleep pods and modular rooms belong, as ventilation and other systems are outside of the scope of the INT committee.

**Response Message:** FR-6546-NFPA 101-2024

[Public Input No. 125-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. A.10.2.2\]](#)



## First Revision No. 6547-NFPA 101-2024 [ Detail ]

Add new section:

[10.7.6\\* Fire Alarm Notification System.](#)

Where provided in areas covered by a fire alarm notification system, the audible and visual signals shall extend into the interior of the modular room or sleep pod.

[Detail FR-6547](#)

## Submitter Information Verification

**Committee:** SAF-INT

**Submittal Date:** Thu Jul 11 11:26:32 EDT 2024

## Committee Statement

**Committee Statement:** The committee recognizes that this topic may exceed the scope of the INT committee, however the sleep pod requirements are currently within Chapter 10. The committee requests that the Correlating Committee review the placement of these requirements and determine where these requirements belong-with chapter 4, Chapter 10, a new chapter, or a new committee. These requirements are currently in the mercantile and business occupancy chapters and have been proposed to be removed from those sections and relocated in Chapter 10. The terminology "fire alarm notification system" was updated to be consistent with other areas of the Code. Additionally, visible was changed to visual to correlate with NFPA 72. A separate FR includes the annex material to provide additional guidance.

**Response** FR-6547-NFPA 101-2024

**Message:**

[Public Input No. 242-NFPA 101-2024 \[New Section after 10.7.5\]](#)



## First Revision No. 6667-NFPA 101-2024 [ Detail ]

**Move text and Table A.10.2.2 to a new section in the body - 10.2.2.2. Renumber current 10.2.2.2 to 10.2.2.3. Delete the current table from the annex.**

### Supplemental Information

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Approved</u>
101_INT_Detail_FR-6667_A.10.2.2.docx		

### Submitter Information Verification

**Committee:** SAF-INT  
**Submittal Date:** Fri Jul 19 08:56:26 EDT 2024

### Committee Statement

**Committee Statement:** This table is a helpful resource for users of the Code, who may only go to Chapter 10 to look for interior finish requirements.  
**Response Message:** FR-6667-NFPA 101-2024

[Public Input No. 124-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. 10.2.2\]](#)



## First Revision No. 6668-NFPA 101-2024 [ Detail ]

### Add Annex A to new section 10.7.6 Fire Alarm Notification System.

A.10.7.6

Extending the audible and visible signals into the interior does not necessarily mean additional devices need to be installed. If the fire alarm notification systems installed to serve the area where the modular room is to be located provide the required audible and visual signals within the modular room, additional devices are not necessary. If the fire alarm notification systems installed to serve the area where the modular room is to be located do not provide the required audible and visual signals, then additional devices would be required to be installed within the modular room.

Detail FR-6668

### Submitter Information Verification

**Committee:** SAF-INT

**Submittal Date:** Fri Jul 19 08:58:21 EDT 2024

### Committee Statement

**Committee Statement:** This annex note is currently in the mercantile and business occupancy chapters and has been proposed to be moved to A.10. This aligns with the action taken on Public Input #242. The committee requests that the Correlating Committee review where the requirements for sleep pods and modular rooms belong.

**Response Message:** FR-6668-NFPA 101-2024

[Public Input No. 246-NFPA 101-2024 \[New Section after A.10.7.4\]](#)



## First Revision No. 6534-NFPA 101-2024 [ Section No. 10.2.1.4 ]

### 10.2.1.4

~~Washroom water closet partitions shall be considered interior finish.~~

## Submitter Information Verification

**Committee:** SAF-INT

**Submittal Date:** Thu Jul 11 09:09:56 EDT 2024

## Committee Statement

**Committee Statement:** This section has been relocated to a new section 10.8.

**Response Message:** FR-6534-NFPA 101-2024

[Public Input No. 122-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. 10.2.1\]](#)



## First Revision No. 6525-NFPA 101-2024 [ Section No. 10.2.3.1.2 ]

### 10.2.3.1.2\*

Materials tested in accordance with 10.2.3.1.1 and complying with 10.2.3.2 shall also be considered to comply with satisfy the requirements of a Class A for Class A, Class B, or Class C, in accordance with 10.2.3.3.

## Submitter Information Verification

**Committee:** SAF-INT

**Submittal Date:** Wed Jul 10 11:31:45 EDT 2024

## Committee Statement

**Committee Statement:** NFPA 286 compliant materials also satisfy the requirements for Class B, or Class C.

**Response Message:** FR-6525-NFPA 101-2024

Public Input No. 90-NFPA 101-2024 [Section No. 10.2.3.1.2]



## First Revision No. 6542-NFPA 101-2024 [ Section No. 10.3 ]

### 10.3 Contents and Furnishings.

#### 10.3.1 Upholstered Furniture.

##### 10.3.1.1\* Smoldering Ignition of Upholstered Furniture.

Newly introduced upholstered furniture, except as otherwise permitted by Chapters 11 through 43, shall be resistant to a cigarette ignition (i.e., smoldering) in accordance with one of the following:

- (1) The components of the upholstered furniture shall meet the requirements for Class I when tested in accordance with NFPA 260.
- (2) Mocked-up composites of the upholstered furniture shall have a char length not exceeding 1½ in. (38 mm) when tested in accordance with NFPA 261.

##### 10.3.1.2\* Rate of Heat Release Testing of Upholstered Furniture.

###### 10.3.1.2.1

Where required by the applicable provisions of this *Code* *code*, upholstered furniture and other seating furniture, unless the furniture is located in a building protected throughout by an approved automatic sprinkler system, shall have limited rates of heat release when tested in accordance with ASTM E1537, *Standard Test Method for Fire Testing of Upholstered Furniture*, as follows:

- (1) The peak rate of heat release for the single furniture item shall not exceed 80 kW.
- (2) The total heat released by the single furniture item during the first 10 minutes of the test shall not exceed 25 MJ.

###### 10.3.1.2.2

When tests are conducted in accordance with 10.3.1.2, the formation of flaming droplets during the test shall be reported.

#### 10.3.2 Mattresses.

##### 10.3.2.1\* Smoldering Ignition of Mattresses.

Newly introduced mattresses, except as otherwise permitted by Chapters 11 through 43, shall have a char length not exceeding 2 in. (51 mm) when tested in accordance with 16 CFR 1632, "Standard for the Flammability of Mattresses and Mattress Pads" (FF 4-72, Amended).

##### 10.3.2.2\* Rate of Heat Release and Mass Loss Testing of Mattresses.

Where required by the applicable provisions of this *Code* *code*, mattresses shall comply with 10.3.2.2.1 or 10.3.2.2.2, unless the mattress is located in a building protected throughout by an approved automatic sprinkler system.

###### 10.3.2.2.1

The mattress shall have limited rates of heat release when tested in accordance with ASTM E1590, *Standard Test Method for Fire Testing of Mattresses*, as follows:

- (1) The peak rate of heat release for the single mattress shall not exceed 100 kW.
- (2) The total heat released by the mattress during the first 10 minutes of the test shall not exceed 25 MJ.

**10.3.2.2\***

The mattress shall have a mass loss not exceeding 15 percent when tested in accordance with the fire test in Annex A3 of ASTM F1085, *Standard Specification for Mattress and Box Springs for Use in Berths in Marine Vessels*.

**10.3.2.3**

When tests are conducted in accordance with 10.3.2.2, the formation of flaming droplets during the test shall be reported.

**10.3.3 Lockers.**

Lockers shall be considered interior finish and ~~shall~~ comply with the requirements of 10.2.4.8.

**10.3.4 Containers for Waste or Linen.****10.3.4.1**

Where required by Chapters 11 through 43, newly introduced containers for waste or linen, with a capacity of 20 gal (75.7 L) or more, shall meet both of the following:

- (1) Such containers shall be provided with lids.
- (2) Such containers and their lids shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or of materials that meet a peak rate of heat release not exceeding 300 kW/m<sup>2</sup> when tested at an incident heat flux of 50 kW/m<sup>2</sup> in the horizontal orientation and at a thickness as used in the container but not less than 1/4 in. (6.3 mm), in accordance with ASTM E1354, *Standard Test Method for Heat and Visible Smoke Release Rates for Materials and Products Using an Oxygen Consumption Calorimeter*.

**10.3.4.2**

Where required by Chapters 11 through 43, newly introduced metal wastebaskets and other metal waste, or linen containers with a capacity of 20 gal (75.7 L) or more shall be listed in accordance with UL 1315, *Safety Containers for Waste Paper*, and shall be provided with a noncombustible lid.

**10.3.5\* Foamed Plastics.**

Where required by the applicable provisions of this *Code* , furnishings and contents made with foamed plastic materials that are unprotected from ignition shall have a heat release rate not exceeding 100 kW when tested in accordance with UL 1975, *Fire Tests for Foamed Plastics Used for Decorative Purposes*, or when tested in accordance with NFPA 289 using the 20 kW ignition source.

**10.3.6 Fire-Retardant Coatings.**

Fire-retardant coatings shall be maintained to retain the effectiveness of the treatment under service conditions encountered in actual use.

**10.3.7 Decorations and Vegetation.****10.3.7.1 General.**

Decorations and furnishings that do not meet the definition of *interior finish* , as defined in 3.3.98.2 , shall be regulated by the provisions of this section.

**10.3.7.2\* Draperies, Curtains, and Other Hanging or Suspended Furnishings and Decorations.**

Where required by the applicable provisions of this *Code* , draperies, curtains, and other hanging or suspended furnishings and decorations shall meet the flame propagation performance criteria contained in Test Method 1 or Test Method 2, as appropriate, of NFPA 701.

**10.3.7.3 Combustible Decorative Vegetation.**

**10.3.7.3.1 Flammability of Combustible Artificial Decorative Vegetation.**

Combustible artificial decorative vegetation shall meet one of the following:

- (1) The flame propagation performance criteria of Test Method 1 or Test Method 2, as appropriate, of NFPA 701
- (2) A maximum heat release rate of 100 kW when tested to NFPA 289, using the 20 kW ignition source

**10.3.7.3.2 Fire-Retardant Treatments for Natural Cut Christmas Trees.**

Where fire-retardant treatments are applied to natural cut Christmas trees, the fire-retardant treatment shall comply with both Test Method 1 and Test Method 2 of ASTM E3082, *Standard Test Methods for Determining the Effectiveness of Fire Retardant Treatments for Natural Christmas Trees*.

**10.3.7.3.3 Electrical Equipment.****10.3.7.3.3.1**

Electrical wiring and listed luminaires used on combustible artificial decorative vegetation shall be listed for that application.

**10.3.7.3.3.2**

The use of electrical wiring and of luminaires constructed entirely of metal shall not be permitted on combustible artificial decorative vegetation.

**10.3.7.3.3.3 Open Flames.**

Candles and open flames shall not be used on or near combustible artificial decorative vegetation.

**10.3.7.4\* Explosive or Highly Flammable Furnishings or Decorations.**

Furnishings or decorations of an explosive or highly flammable character shall not be used.

## Supplemental Information

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Approved</u>
FR_section_10.3.1_reorg.docx	10.3 reorg	
FR-6542_section_10.3.1_reorg_current.docx	For prod use only	
101_INT_FR-6542_10.3_map_for_ballot.docx	For ballot	

## Submitter Information Verification

**Committee:** SAF-INT

**Submittal Date:** Thu Jul 11 10:50:38 EDT 2024

## Committee Statement

**Committee Statement:** This is a reorganization of section 10.3 to group all of the decorations together. The more common, larger furnishings were moved to the beginning (mattresses, furniture) of the section. No technical changes were intended by the section. A task group has been developed to take a careful look at the organization of this section for the Second Draft meeting.

**Response** FR-6542-NFPA 101-2024

**Message:**

[Public Input No. 128-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. 10.3.4\]](#)

[Public Input No. 131-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. A.10.3.4\]](#)

[Public Input No. 127-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. 10.3.1\]](#)

[Public Input No. 129-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. 10.3.9\]](#)

[Public Input No. 126-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. 10.2.4.16\]](#)

[Public Input No. 130-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. A.10.3.1\]](#)

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## **10.3 Contents and Furnishings.**

### **10.3.2-1 Upholstered Furniture.**

#### **10.3.21.1\* Smoldering Ignition of Upholstered Furniture.**

Newly introduced upholstered furniture, except as otherwise permitted by Chapters 11 through 43, shall be resistant to a cigarette ignition (i.e., smoldering) in accordance with one of the following:

1. The components of the upholstered furniture shall meet the requirements for Class I when tested in accordance with NFPA 260.
2. Mocked-up composites of the upholstered furniture shall have a char length not exceeding 1 1/2 in. (38 mm) when tested in accordance with NFPA 261.

#### **10.3.21.2\* Rate of Heat Release Testing of Upholstered Furniture.**

##### **10.3.21.2.1**

Where required by the applicable provisions of this *Code*, upholstered furniture and other seating furniture, unless the furniture is located in a building protected throughout by an approved automatic sprinkler system, shall have limited rates of heat release when tested in accordance with ASTM E1537, *Standard Test Method for Fire Testing of Upholstered Furniture*, as follows:

1. The peak rate of heat release for the single furniture item shall not exceed 80 kW.
2. The total heat released by the single furniture item during the first 10 minutes of the test shall not exceed 25 MJ.

##### **10.3.21.2.2**

When tests are conducted in accordance with 10.3.2.2, the formation of flaming droplets during the test shall be reported.

### **10.3.3-2 Mattresses.**

#### **10.3.32.1\* Smoldering Ignition of Mattresses.**

Newly introduced mattresses, except as otherwise permitted by Chapters 11 through 43, shall have a char length not exceeding 2 in. (51 mm) when tested in accordance with 16 CFR 1632, “Standard for the Flammability of Mattresses and Mattress Pads” (FF 4-72, Amended).

#### **10.3.32.2\* Rate of Heat Release and Mass Loss Testing of Mattresses.**

Where required by the applicable provisions of this *Code*, mattresses shall comply with 10.3.3.2.1 or 10.3.3.2.2, unless the mattress is located in a building protected throughout by an approved automatic sprinkler system.

##### **10.3.32.2.1**

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The mattress shall have limited rates of heat release when tested in accordance with ASTM E1590, *Standard Test Method for Fire Testing of Mattresses*, as follows:

1. The peak rate of heat release for the single mattress shall not exceed 100 kW.
2. The total heat released by the mattress during the first 10 minutes of the test shall not exceed 25 MJ.

#### **10.3.32.2.2\***

The mattress shall have a mass loss not exceeding 15 percent when tested in accordance with the fire test in Annex A3 of ASTM F1085, *Standard Specification for Mattress and Box Springs for Use in Berths in Marine Vessels*.

#### **10.3.32.2.3**

When tests are conducted in accordance with 10.3.3.2, the formation of flaming droplets during the test shall be reported.

#### **10.3.7 Lockers. [Move to 10.3.3]**

Lockers shall be considered interior finish and ~~shall~~ comply with the requirements of 10.2.4.8.

#### **10.3.5-4 Fire-Retardant Coatings.**

Fire-retardant coatings shall be maintained to retain the effectiveness of the treatment under service conditions encountered in actual use.

#### **10.3.8 Containers for Waste or Linen. [Move to 10.3.5]**

##### **10.3.8.1 [10.3.5.1]**

Where required by Chapters 11 through 43, newly introduced containers for waste or linen, with a capacity of 20 gal (75.7 L) or more, shall meet both of the following:

1. Such containers shall be provided with lids.
2. Such containers and their lids shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or of materials that meet a peak rate of heat release not exceeding 300 kW/m<sup>2</sup> when tested at an incident heat flux of 50 kW/m<sup>2</sup> in the horizontal orientation and at a thickness as used in the container but not less than 1/4 in. (6.3 mm), in accordance with ASTM E1354, *Standard Test Method for Heat and Visible Smoke Release Rates for Materials and Products Using an Oxygen Consumption Calorimeter*.

##### **10.3.8.2 [10.3.5.2]**

Where required by Chapters 11 through 43, newly introduced metal wastebaskets and other metal waste, or linen containers with a capacity of 20 gal (75.7 L) or more shall be listed in accordance with UL 1315, *Safety Containers for Waste Paper*, and shall be provided with a noncombustible lid.

#### **10.3.6\* Foamed Plastics.**

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Where required by the applicable provisions of this *Code*, furnishings and contents made with foamed plastic materials that are unprotected from ignition shall have a heat release rate not exceeding 100 kW when tested in accordance with UL 1975, *Fire Tests for Foamed Plastics Used for Decorative Purposes*, or when tested in accordance with NFPA 289 using the 20 kW ignition source.

### **10.3.7 Decorations and Vegetation.**

#### **10.3.7.1 General.**

Decorations and furnishings that do not meet the definition of *interior finish*, as defined in 3.3.98.2, shall be regulated by the provisions of this section.

#### **10.3.1\* Draperies, Curtains, and Other Hanging or Suspended Furnishings and Decorations. [Move to 10.3.7.2]**

Where required by the applicable provisions of this *Code*, draperies, curtains, and other hanging or suspended furnishings and decorations shall meet the flame propagation performance criteria contained in Test Method 1 or Test Method 2, as appropriate, of NFPA 701.

#### **10.3.9 Combustible Decorative Vegetation. [Move to 10.3.7.3]**

##### **10.3.9.1 Flammability of Combustible Artificial Decorative Vegetation. [10.3.7.3.1]**

Combustible artificial decorative vegetation shall meet one of the following:

1. The flame propagation performance criteria of Test Method 1 or Test Method 2, as appropriate, of NFPA 701
2. A maximum heat release rate of 100 kW when tested to NFPA 289, using the 20 kW ignition source

##### **10.3.9.2 Fire-Retardant Treatments for Natural Cut Christmas Trees. [10.3.7.3.2]**

Where fire-retardant treatments are applied to natural cut Christmas trees, the fire-retardant treatment shall comply with both Test Method 1 and Test Method 2 of ASTM E3082, *Standard Test Methods for Determining the Effectiveness of Fire Retardant Treatments for Natural Christmas Trees*.

##### **10.3.9.3 Electrical Equipment. [10.3.7.3.3]**

###### **10.3.9.3.1 [10.3.7.3.3.1]**

Electrical wiring and listed luminaires used on combustible artificial decorative vegetation shall be listed for that application.

###### **10.3.9.3.2 [10.3.7.3.3.2]**

The use of electrical wiring and of luminaires constructed entirely of metal shall not be permitted on combustible artificial decorative vegetation.

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**10.3.9.4 Open Flames. [10.3.7.3.3]**

Candles and open flames shall not be used on or near combustible artificial decorative vegetation.

**10.3.4\* Explosive or Highly Flammable Furnishings or Decorations. [Move to 10.3.7.4]**

Furnishings or decorations of an explosive or highly flammable character shall not be used.



## First Revision No. 6545-NFPA 101-2024 [ Section No. 10.6.3 ]

### 10.6.3 Materials of Construction.

The inflatable amusement devices shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or of materials meeting the flame propagation criteria of Test Method 2 of NFPA 701, except as permitted by 10.6.3.1.

#### 10.6.3.1

Fabrics that have met the required flame propagation performance in accordance with Test Method 1 of NFPA 701 shall be acceptable for use if permitted by ASTM F2374, Standard Practice for Design, Manufacture, Operation, and Maintenance of Inflatable Amusement Devices.

#### 10.6.3.2

One of the following shall serve as evidence that the fabric materials have the required flame propagation performance in accordance with NFPA 701:

- (1) The authority having jurisdiction shall require a certificate or other evidence of acceptance by an organization acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction.
- (2) The authority having jurisdiction shall require a report of tests made by other inspection authorities or organizations acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction.

#### 10.6.3.3

If compliance with a different fire test is required by local, state, or federal law, additional evidence for compliance with such a fire test shall be provided.

## Supplemental Information

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Approved</u>
10.6.3_revision.docx		

## Submitter Information Verification

**Committee:** SAF-INT

**Submittal Date:** Thu Jul 11 11:15:54 EDT 2024

## Committee Statement

**Committee Statement:** ASTM F2374 has been revised in 2022 so that "internal gusset fabrics" are permitted if they have been tested to the less severe NFPA 701 test method 1 instead of test method 2 because it is very difficult (almost impossible) to provide these lightweight fabrics with the appropriate fire performance for test method 2. In view of the fact that these fabrics are internal to the devices, the permission for a less severe fire test should not cause fire safety concerns. ASTM F2374 also requires that any other fire test that an AHJ could ask for be conducted and the results provided. This revision references ASTM F2374 instead of trying to define "internal gusset fabric."

**Response** FR-6545-NFPA 101-2024

**Message:**

[Public Input No. 87-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. 10.6.3\]](#)



## First Revision No. 6529-NFPA 101-2024 [ Section No. 10.7.1.2 ]

### **10.7.1.2 Additional Requirements.**

~~Modular rooms and sleep pods shall comply with other requirements in the Code , including requirements in 10.3.1 and 10.3.2 related to upholstered furniture and mattresses.~~

#### **10.7.1.2.1**

Modular rooms and sleep pods shall comply with other requirements in the ~~Code~~ code , including requirements in 10.3.1 and 10.3.2 related to upholstered furniture and mattresses.

#### **10.7.1.2.2**

The provisions in 10.7.1.2.1 shall not exempt modular rooms and sleep pods from any applicable ventilation codes.

## Submitter Information Verification

**Committee:** SAF-INT

**Submittal Date:** Wed Jul 10 12:35:24 EDT 2024

## Committee Statement

**Committee Statement:** Deep concerns have been expressed about adequate ventilation in these small chambers. One study showed that within 20 minutes a CO<sub>2</sub> level of 5,000 ppm was reached with only one occupant inside of a very leaky chamber. From that study it has been suggested that the CO<sub>2</sub> levels in the compartment could reach the dangerous levels of 40,000 ppm in only a few hours. It can also be suggested that, at that rate of CO<sub>2</sub> increase, after 8 hours in such a compartment, the CO<sub>2</sub> level could increase to 120,000 ppm. Death can occur at 100,000 ppm ("Carbon Dioxide Poisoning", N. Langford, Toxicology Review. 2005;24(4):229-35, abstract at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/16499405/>) Unfortunately the applicable UL standard has no requirements for ventilation to meet the occupants needs. This proposal is just an acknowledgement of ventilation issues not being addressed in the UL standard. The committee acted similarly with regard to other codes, by requiring larger sleep pods and modular units to satisfy building code when the size of the unit is larger than expected (10.7.2.2). Thus, having a provision like this is in line with what the committee has done before.

**Response** FR-6529-NFPA 101-2024

**Message:**

[Public Input No. 359-NFPA 101-2024 \[Section No. 10.7.1.2\]](#)



## First Revision No. 6523-NFPA 101-2024 [ New Section after 10.7.5.2 ]

### **10.8 Toilet Room Privacy Partitions.**

Toilet room privacy partitions used to provide privacy in public restrooms shall be considered interior finish.

#### **10.8.1**

The materials used to construct toilet room privacy partitions shall comply with the requirements for interior wall finish materials in Section 10.2 .

#### **10.8.2**

When toilet room privacy partitions are constructed entirely of noncombustible materials, testing for compliance with Section 10.2 shall not be required.

## Submitter Information Verification

**Committee:** SAF-INT

**Submittal Date:** Wed Jul 10 11:03:10 EDT 2024

## Committee Statement

**Committee Statement:** This moves the existing requirements for toilet room privacy partitions from 10.2.1.4 to a new section in 10.8. This does not change the base requirement that washroom partitions are considered interior finish. A new requirement was developed to exempt noncombustible partitions from unnecessary testing. Partitions that contain some combustible components are not exempt from testing requirements.

**Response Message:** FR-6523-NFPA 101-2024

Public Input No. 123-NFPA 101-2024 [New Section after 10.7.5.2]